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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

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The Daily Commercial

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

ELECTION ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8.

SENATE—RUSSELL ERRETT.
ASSEMBLY—AUGUSTUS BECKERT, GEORGE WILSON, W. R. FORD, GEORGE R. RIDDLE, ALEXANDER MILLAR, DAVID L. SMITH.
PROTHONOTARY—JACOB H. WALTER.
TREASURER—MAJ. JOSEPH F. DENNISTON.
COMMISSIONER—ARCHIBALD PILLOW.
CORONER—WILLIAM CLAWSON.
JURY COMMISSIONER—CHARLES A. PUGH.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ROBERT H. DAVIS.

WHEN is the Richings troupe coming here? It is said they have been engaged by Hall & Son to produce and popularize one of Wallace's operas.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

The Richings troupe are popular in Pittsburgh, and we can think of nothing in the line of music or amusement that would cause greater satisfaction than a season at the Academy of Music. If managed as well as they acquit themselves on the stage, they could not fail of succeeding.

The Diabolical Spirit of Modern Democracy.

At a meeting of the Copperheads held at Hillsboro, Ohio, Mr. Vallandigham was advertised to speak, but just before that apostle commenced, the chairman, a Mr. Jilson, announced that he had just received a letter, and he would like to read it. Mr. Vallandigham said certainly, and Mr. Jillson read as follows:

"IN HELL, Room No. 71,450.

"*To the Black Republicans of Ohio:*

"I am here suffering torments for my crimes and usurpations while on earth. I am reminded of my great wickedness, and send these words to you that you may take warning. George Washington passed me on the other side of the great gulf, but only looked at me with unutterable scorn. Take warning by my fate.

[Signed] "ABRAHAM LINCOLN."

The double dyed impious devil read the foregoing production with a malicious chuckle, and the great (!) Vallandigham *made it the base of an appeal to his audience to avoid Hell by voting with the "Democratic" party.* The narration of this diabolical piece of treasonable impudence called forth a hurricane of hisses from the audience, and seemed to deepen the hatred which all respectable people must entertain for a party which can tolerate such beastly profanity.

The Terra-Cœlian Globe.

The Rev. J. R. Agnew has invented and has secured a patent for a globe or set of globes, which he designates by the name at the head of this article. As its name indicates, it exhibits on the exterior convex surface a map of the world, and on its interior concave surface the map of the heavens, embracing the several constellations as they appear in the sky. The globe is formed in two parts or hemispheres, divided vertically. When closed, it appears like any other terrestrial globe; when opened and separated, a view is obtained of the interior representing the starry concave. For the study of the constellations it has many advantages over the ordinary method of plane surfaces. And being much cheaper than the common globes in its construction, it might be extensively introduced into the public schools of the country, were the manufacture of them once established.

Mr. Agnew has also a very ingenious orrery, capable of representing the motions of the bodies in the solar system, moved by clockwork. This is, however, yet in an incomplete condition.

The inventor and patentee of the Terra-Cœlian globes, has been for many years a teacher, and has made astronomy a special subject of attention and study. Like many other inventors of useful articles, however, Mr. Agnew lacks the means for establishing the manufacture of his works, but would, with the aid of a very moderate capital, devote his personal attention to it, with good hopes and prospects of success. Should any person be disposed to unite with him in the manufacture of these globes for school use, he may be addressed at Latrobe, Pa.

Our Credit Abroad.

The following appears in the *Tribune*:

SIR: The discussion now going on as to the payment of 5-20 bonds is seriously affecting their status in Europe, and if not allayed may soon lead to a panic, and their exclusion from the list of *safe* investments. As dealers in them, we have constantly advised that whatever doubt there may be as to the redemption of the 1862 issue, in gold, there could be none as to that of 1865, it being fully and explicitly provided for in the Act. Now if this be so, lawyers and judges will so confirm, the result will be to restore confidence, and cause the '65 issue, which is the largest, to realize the best price, the reverse of which is now the case by some 2 per cent. Should you deem the insertion of this will secure the opinions of General Butler and others on this act, the result, if favorable, can but be beneficial, and will be very acceptable to your obedient servant,

G. W. BELDING, of Belding, Keith & Co., American Bankers and Merchants, No. 80 Lombard street, London.

St. Nicholas Hotel, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1867.

A London circular of the 21st says: Since our last report of this day week the market for American securities has been tolerably active. Some considerable shipments of United States five-twenty bonds have been received and offered in the market, and this, coupled with the maintenance of the high premium on gold in New York, has depressed quotations, although prices would have fallen considerably lower had it not been for the active demand both on home and Continental account, and on offers to purchase by influential operators who are known to be in constant telegraphic communication with New York. Owing to a telegraphic dispatch received from New York, dated the 16th, announcing that "the question of paying off the 5-20 United States bonds in currency is being politically agitated," American securities gave way, and 5-20's suffered to the extent at one time of five-eighths per cent. on both issues. There are many holders who are half doubtful on this important point at issue, and we think that it would be a wise stroke of policy on the part of Congress were they to make a supplementary act, stating that this debt, both as regards principal and interest, is a specie obligation, and will be redeemed as such. We are fully convinced that it would enhance the market value of the bonds on this side, augment the number and amount of investments, and more fully establish the credit of the United States Government.

The English in Abyssinia.

If a certain writer in the Paris *Liberte* may be believed, the English army which is about to plunge into Abyssinia will have nothing but natural obstacles to contend against, and need fear nothing from the army of Theodorus, which are characterized as "a few thousand filthy brawlers, armed for the most part with javelins and long straight swords, with the Ethiopean dagger fixed to the arm—among them a few muskets, with or without flints." The writer is of the opinion that the King possesses the only pistols in the whole country, which will go off, because the people long ago broke open the others to see what there was inside of them. It is proper to say, however, that on this as on all other subjects relating to Abyssinia, authorities differ. The truth about this strange and savage country will only be known when the expedition returns, either defeated or victorious.

LATE NEWS.

Charles S. Porter, for many years manager of the Pittsburgh Theater, died suddenly in Philadelphia on Saturday, in the seventy-eighth year of his age.

A Vienna paper of the 25th of September says the Mexican Government will not give up the body of Maximilian before the settlement of the pending questions, and particularly the recognition of the Mexican Republic by the European Governments.

The *Morning Post* is the name of a new paper commenced in Philadelphia yesterday. J. Russell Young and C. E. School are the publishers.

The steamer Pereire arrived in New York yesterday, from Brest, in nine days and two hours. This is said to be the fastest passage ever made.

Gen. Sherman says there is good ground for believing the Indian hostilities will close ere long.

Attorney General Stanbery, in his late opinion on the Philadelphia habeas corpus case, advises a response to the writ of the State Court, and the surrender of the body of the boy named for a hearing. Should the State Court decide that the boy be released from service, the District Attorney for Pennsylvania is instructed to remove or appeal the matter to a Federal Court.

Senor Romero, who sails for Mexico this week, expects to return in about four months, to resume his duties as Mexican Minister to this Government.

On Sunday morning a prize fight took place on the Jersey side of the North river, between two men named Jim Dewin and Hugh Cafferty. The fight arose out of some difficulty between the mistresses of the two men, and was witnessed by two women who had donned male attire for the occasion. Fifteen rounds were fought in forty-five minutes, when Cafferty was proclaimed the victor.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

INTEREST IN TO-DAY'S ELECTIONS.

The Revenue Commissionership.

Lieut. Gen. Sherman's Movements.

Jeff. Davis's Trial to Proceed November 1st.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 7, 1867.

The Election To-Day.

The elections to-morrow overshadow everything of interest in Washington and leave but little in the news line. The politicians and officials manifest much excitement, and betting has been very spirited to-day over Pennsylvania. Quite a number of Department clerks have gone to Ohio and Pennsylvania to vote, but nothing like the number have left compared with those who have gone when a Congressional election was impending.

The Revenue Commissionership.

In order to put an end to the tremendous pressure made by the many candidates here to fill the vacancy in the Deputy Commissionership of Internal Revenue, occasioned by the dismissal of Messmore, the Department to-day decided to detail one of its clerks, who is familiar with the Internal Revenue law, to sit on the Metropolitan Revenue Board. This decision has occasioned much regret among the host of candidates, speculators and politicians who have been endeavoring to control the appointment.

Sherman's Visit.

General Sherman had another interview with the President this morning and was closeted with General Grant this afternoon. The precise character of his visit here has not been developed, but it seems very evident that it has nothing to do with Cabinet changes.

Secretary Browning Returned.

Secretary Browning returned to-day and resumed his official duties. His health is but partially restored, but he does not contemplate resigning his office as has been stated.

Jeff. Davis's Trial.

Intelligence from Richmond to-day leaves no doubt Jeff. Davis's trial will commence on November 1st. Counsel on both sides are ready to proceed, and no postponement will be asked by the Government. Davis writes that he will be in Richmond in the last week in October.

WASHINGTON, October 7, 1867.

THE WAR OFFICE.

A *Tribune* correspondent says: There is foundation for the report that Sherman is to be put in the War Office. He was called to Washington by the President. The order was not sent through General Grant, as required by an act in a recent appropriation bill, and this, it is stated, means that he is to be asked to take Grant's place in the War Office. Friends of General Grant say that he has told the President he will not remain in the war office any longer. They think the President wishes Sherman to succeed him. White House politicians state that Sherman is not going into the War Department, and that all depends on the election news to be received on Wednesday.

DEFRAUDING NEGRO SUBSTITUTES.

It is said an officer of the government is about to proceed to South Carolina to institute legal proceedings in the United States District Court against two New York ex-State agents—Constance Cook and a man named Sherwood, of Steuben county, who were commissioned by Governor Fenton during the war, to recruit negroes to fill the quota of that county. It appears that these parties never paid over to the negroes all of the State bounties when they were enlisted, but are alleged to have pocketed about $300,000 of the amount which they drew on an affidavit at Albany that the bounty had been advanced by them to the enlisted men. The act of 1863 makes this a felony.

THE VACANT COMMISSIONERSHIP.

The Secretary of the Treasury and Commissioner of Internal Revenue have determined to detail one of the present Deputy Commissioners to take Messmore's place at New York, and fill the vacancy at Washington by a new appointment.

REPORT FROM TREASURER SPINNER.

General Spinner, Treasurer of the United States, in a report to the Secretary of the Treasury to-day, says: The stories which have been so industriously circulated in regard to the abstraction or over issue of stocks, notes, coupons and currency, or of any one of them, or of any other obligations of the government, are entirely without foundation in truth or in fact.

FEVER ABATING AT PENSACOLA.

An official letter from Pensacola, dated the 1st inst., says the fever is abating.

AT WORK AGAIN.

Secretary Browning was at the Interior Department to-day, attending to business.

PATENTS.

Two hundred and twenty-five patents will be issued from the Patent office for the week ending on the 15th inst.

EXAMINATION OF ACCOUTREMENTS.

Brevet Colonel John Mendenhall and Brevet Colonel Thomas Hendrickson are appointed members of the Board to examine patterns of knapsacks and accoutrements.

GEN. SHERMAN

Was at the War Department to-day, and had a long conference with Gen. Grant, Gen. R. S. Granger, Gen. O. O. Howard and several members of Congress.

THE NEW YORK VACANCY.

It is probable George Parnell, one of the Deputy Commissioners of Internal Revenue, will be sent to New York to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of Messmore. No disposition is manifested at the Treasury Department to immediately fill the vacant Deputy Commissionership.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL.

Col. Parker, of Gen. Grant's staff will leave to-morrow for Raleigh, where he goes at the request of Secretary McCulloch, to inspect and report upon the condition and valuation of the Dismal Swamp canal, it being probable the Government will dispose of whatever interest it holds therein.

OIL CITY, PA.

Last Rally of the Campaign—Venango Good for a Large Union Majority.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, PA., October 7, 1867.

There is a mass meeting of the Republican party here this evening. The city is brilliantly illuminated, and delegations are present from various sections of the county, with torches, banners, bands and transparencies, with mottoes: "Petroleum will illume the path to victory;" "We vote as we fought;" "We will consummate with our votes the victories of our arms," &c., &c.

Speeches were made by General Blakeley, Cols. Rogers and Osmer and others, and were warmly received. The greatest enthusiasm prevails among the dense audience, cheer after cheer being echoed back from the surrounding hills. The county is thoroughly aroused to the importance of the issue, and to-morrow's majority will prove Venango true as steel for freedom and a loyal Congress. L.

NASHVILLE.

Masonic Grand Lodge—Organization of the Legislature—Gov. Brownlow—The Senatorial Question—Suicide.

NASHVILLE, October 7.—The Masonic Grand Lodge of Tennessee met to-day. The annual address was delivered to-night by Rev. A. J. Baird.

The Legislature assembled at the capitol at noon. The Senate organized by electing Senter, of East Tennessee, Speaker. Clerks and doorkeepers were also elected. Carrol Napier, colored, received nine votes for assistant doorkeeper; thirteen were necessary to election. The House elected F. S. Richards, of Shelby, Speaker, and to-morrow will complete its organization, when the Governor's message will be read.

Governor Brownlow was at the Capital to-day. His health seemed bad.

Much interest continues to be felt in the Senatorial election. Stokes, Maynard, Fletcher and other candidates are busy. There are no indications yet as to the strongest man.

Ladirzeete, a lunatic, hung himself Sunday near this place. He made an attempt on his life Saturday.

One of the Metropolitan Police was arrested to-day, charged with some crime, and sent to Louisville.

Fire in Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 7.—Sewett & Co.'s ice house, corner of Twentieth and State streets, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about ten thousand dollars—partially insured.

EUROPE.

BY CABLE AND MAILS.

Agitation and Alarm in Rome

AID FOR WOUNDED GARIBALDIANS.

Interview Between the Czar and Fuad Pasha.

It is Indispensible Turkey Should Give Up Candia.

A Russo-Turkish Alliance Proposed.

Papal Territory Invaded from All Sides.

THE POPE'S SOLDIERS AGAIN DEFEATED.

Prussia Receives with Favor the Italian Appeal.

Mr. Thornton to be British Ambassador.

Death of M. Achille Fould.

Rome Agitated.

LONDON, October 6.—Dispatches from Rome state that great agitation and alarm prevails in that city.

Rome the Capital of Italy.

FLORENCE, October 6.—Deputations are arriving here, and memorials are pouring in from all the cities of the kingdom, demanding that Rome be made the capital of Italy.

Aid for Garibaldians.

The press throughout the country are urging subscriptions of money for the Garibaldian volunteers, who have been wounded in the fights which have occurred in Viterbo.

Concession from Napoleon.

PARIS, October 6.—It is reported that Napoleon has informed the Italian Government that it may occupy the Roman territory with its troops, but they must not enter the city of Rome.

Contradiction.

LONDON, October 6.—The report that Sir August B. Pagett is to be sent to Washington as British Ambassador, to replace the late Sir Frederick Bruce, is contradicted.

New Steamship Line.

SOUTHAMPTON, October 7.—The steamer Bavaria, of the Hamburg American line, sailed Saturday for New Orleans. The Teutonia will follow in about a month. These voyages are experimental. Should the scheme succeed, the company will continue the service between Hamburg and New Orleans, via Southampton.

The Czar and Fuad Pasha.

LONDON, October 7.—The *New Free Press* of Vienna, publishes as authentic the summary of a conversation between the Czar and Fuad Pasha, who recently waited on him. The Czar said it was indispensible that Turkey should give up Crete to Greece, and told Fuad to represent to the Sultan that it was better to have a friend and neighbor than to trust to supporters at the other end of the world, and who, while setting themselves forth as the defenders of the Turks in all circumstances, only in reality followed the policy of that same neighbor. "Tell his Majesty," added the Russian monarch, "that his neighbor may one day cease to be conservative, and then Turkey would find opposed to her all the forces he has at his command."

A Russo-Turkish Alliance.

Fuad Pasha, on his return to Constantinople, received from the Russian Ambassador the project of a Russo-Turkish alliance, having for its basis the political and administrative independence of Crete, the neutrality of the Porte in the eventuality of any complications which might arise, and the direct settlement of the above mentioned questions between Turkey and Russia to the exclusion of all other powers. This proposal is said to have been rejected by the Porte.

An American Wounded.

Major Sidney DeKay, a young American officer, has been dangerously wounded in a recent fight with the Turks in Crete.

Another Battle.

FLORENCE, October 7, A. M.—Reports hourly received here from the South show the revolutionary volunteers are invading Roman territory on all sides. Yesterday a detachment of troops was sent out from Rome to meet the invaders in Frosmore, a province lying southeast of the city. A fight took place between them and the Garibaldians near the Abruzzi frontier. The Papal troops were again defeated and compelled to fall back towards Rome.

Prussia Favors Italy.

PARIS, October 7.—A report is current that Prussia receives with favor the appeal of the Italian Government to European powers against the treaty of September, and will support the demands for Italy in regard to Rome.

The Spanish Fleet.

LISBON, October 7.—The last steamer from South America reports the Spanish fleet still at Montevideo.

Lord Derby to Resign.

LONDON, Evening, October 7.—It is said Lord Derby will soon resign the Premiership.

Earl Russell.

The London papers this morning publish a report that Earl Russell, who is now in Ireland, was prostrated by sickness, but the correctness of the report is positively denied this afternoon.

New Ambassador.

The *Times* to-day says Edward Thornton, present envoy at Rio Janeiro, will be appointed ambassador to the United States.

The Abyssinian Expedition.

A dispatch from Aden announces that the pioneer steamers of the expedition for the relief of British captives have sailed from that place for the Abyssinian coast.

Death of M. Fould.

PARIS, October 7.—M. Achille Fould, the eminent statesman and financier, died last night, aged sixty-seven.

Typhoon.

LONDON, October 7.—Late advices from China report that a violent and destructive typhoon visited the harbor of Hong Kong, causing great injury to the shipping. Several vessels were driven ashore, and totaly wrecked. Others were damaged and disabled. The destruction among Chinese crafts was very extensive, the shores being strewn for miles with the fragments.

London Money Market.

LONDON, October 6.—There was a decline of 1-16d in consols yesterday; quoted at 94 5-16 for money.

LONDON, October 7, Noon.—Consols, 94 3-16; Erie, 41¼; Illinois, 77¾; bonds, 71 7-16; Great Western, 21½.

LONDON, Evening, October 7.—Consols, 94 5-16; 5-20s, 71 7-16; Illinois Central, 77½; Erie, 41½; Atlantic and Great Western, 22½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, October 7, Noon.—Cotton steady and unchanged. Breadstuffs generally quiet. Corn advanced to 43s 9d.

LIVERPOOL, Evening, October 7.—Cotton closed quiet and unchanged; middling uplands 8¾d; Orleans 8⅞d; sales 12,000 bales.

Breadstuffs closed quiet. Corn advanced to 44s. Wheat 14s 3d for California white, and 13s 10d for red Western. Barley 5s 3d. Oats 3s 7d. Peas 44s.

Provisions—Beef declined to 131s. Pork 71s. Bacon 44s. Lard advanced to 55s. Cheese 52s.

Produce—Medium Rosin advanced to 12s ⅌ cwt; common Wilmington steady at 8s 6d. Spirits turpentine 3d lower, closing at 28s 6d. Petroleum advancing; standard white closed at 1s 6d ⅌ gallon; spirits firm at 1s 1d.

London Market.

LONDON, Evening, October 7.—Sugar firm and unchanged. Linseed cakes £10 10s ⅌ ton.

Antwerp Petroleum Market.

ANTWERP, October 6.—Petroleum is weaker; standard white declined to 56f 50c.

ANTWERP, Evening, October 7.—Petroleum firm at an advance of 1 franc 50 cents; standard white 58 francs ⅌ bbl.

Car Shops Destroyed—Man Burned to Death.

KEOKUK, IOWA, October 7.—The car shops of the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company at this place were destroyed by fire last night. The watchman was burned to death. Loss about thirty-five thousand dollars; insured in the London, Liverpool and Globe companies.

Republican Ticket Elected in Danbury Conn.

DANBURY, Conn., October 7.—At the annual election to-day the Republican ticket was elected by about 100 majority, a Republican gain of 50 over last spring.

Sheridan to Visit Portland.

PORTLAND, October 7.—Gen. Sheridan has promised to come here the last of the month.

Intelligence has been received per French steamer Louisiana, just arrived from St. Thomas, to the effect that a serious engagement took place on the 13th ult., before Fort Blasson, on the borders of St. Domingo, but on Haytien soil. The Cacos Haytien revolutionists, who are especially opposed to President Salnave, and who were in possession of the fort, hoisted a white flag on the fort, and while Salnave's troops proceeded to take possession of the fort, they were fired upon and cut to pieces by the revolutionists. Some members of the first families of Port au Prince are among the fallen.

SHERIDAN.

Gallant Phil. in Boston—Enthusiastic Welcome.

BOSTON, October 7.—Gen. Sheridan reached the Roxbury and Boston line at eleven o'clock this morning, having left Newport shortly after six o'clock. He received a popular welcome at Fall River and Staunton, where brief stops were made. At each of these places the city authorities and large crowds of citizens received the General in the most enthusiastic manner. At Savin Hill he was received by the Roxbury authorities and a salute of artillery, and escorted by the Roxbury horse guards to the Boston line. At this point the General was received by the Boston city authorities and an imposing array of militia, who formed the escort of the procession.

Mayor Norcross received General Sheridan in a neat speech. General Sheridan replied:

"MR. MAYOR: I regret that want of words prevents my expressing in fitting terms my gratitude and high esteem for the reception and welcome I have received here to-day. I am greatly obliged for your approval of my action heretofore during the time our country was in trouble in the cause of freedom and progress. I return my sincere thanks to yourself and the citizens of Boston for this kind welcome."

The ceremony of introduction and speech making being over, Gen. Sheridan was conducted to the Mayor's carriage, which with the others then moved down the line of troops, taking a position at the head of the column, the military in line extending over a mile in length. The troops presented arms as he rode past, and there was continuous cheering by the crowds who filled the streets.

The procession started shortly before twelve, and was an hour in passing a given point. It included about 6,000 soldiers and eleven bands. The enthusiasm everywhere was very great. Crowds filled every street through which the procession passed, and Sheridan's appearance was the signal for prolonged cheering, waving of handkerchiefs, and other demonstrations of welcome. Flags were displayed upon hundreds of dwellings, stores and public buildings, and at several points the General was showered with bouquets. The General reached the Revere House shortly after two.

The occasion was observed in Boston as a holiday. The schools and business in a great measure were suspended. The banks, insurance offices, custom house and postoffice were closed between two and three.

BOSTON, Evening.—On the arrival of Sheridan at the Revere House, there was a large crowd assembled in front of the Hotel, and he was loudly cheered. Between five and six o'clock Governor Bullock paid him a formal visit. After being introduced to the General, the Governor addressed him in terms of welcome and compliment to his service to the country.

General Sheridan replied: "I thank you for the complimentary manner in which you have received me, and I assure you that since I crossed the line of Massachusetts I have met at every place very courteous demonstrations and expressions of pleasure at my record in the war. I hope I may be able to merit the continued approbation of the people of Massachusetts. I return to you my sincere thanks for the compliment of your reception."

Governor Bullock's staff were then individually introduced. In the evening members of the City Government, a large number of army officers and nearly a thousand citizens were introduced to the General, who held his levee in the parlors of the hotel.

At least fifty thousand persons were in Bowdoin Square this evening. A torchlight procession comprising nine posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, about 1,000 men, marched through some of the principal streets to the Square, where Gilmore's band was stationed and performed several patriotic airs. The General received tremendous cheers as he made his appearance on the balcony of the hotel. He said: "Comrades, I am very glad to meet you here to-night. I am very glad to see you animated by the spirit which I have seen here exhibited. I see that you still retain the same spirit that you had when there was danger to the Union. I feel that there can be no danger now so long as you continue in the same spirit that I see manifested this evening. In traveling from the West to the East I find that you are not alone. I find our comrades in every section of the country are still animated by the recollections of their toils and sufferings to preserve our country. I feel that the country is entirely safe, and will be always. I believe that the Government will take such action as will indorse the sentiment of the veterans of the Northern army. I say good night to you."

General Sheridan will not leave for the West until Wednesday morning, when he takes the train for Albany. To-morrow morning he will visit a friend in West Roxbury, and upon his return will be taken by the city committee to Harvard College, Bunker Hill Monument, &c., subsequently taking the cars for Lowell, where he will become the guest of the city government for a few hours. He returns to Boston in the evening, and a banquet will be given in his honor, by the Union Club.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 7, 1867.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMERS.

The steamers Saxonia and Nebraska, from Europe, and the Santiago de Cuba, from Greytown, arrived to-day.

DEATH OF PETER LORILLARD.

Peter Lorillard, the well known tobacconist, died at Saratoga yesterday.

A GANG OF BURGLARS,

With headquarters in Crosby street, were arrested and held for trial.

EXCISE LAW UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Corporation Counsel O'Gorman has sent an opinion to the Board of Aldermen to the effect that the city authorities have the exclusive right to issue licenses to sell liquor, &c., never having voluntarily surrendered the power, and that the Excise law is unconstitutional in so far as it attempts to transfer such power to other hands.

SEIZURES BY REVENUE OFFICERS.

Several seizures of whisky and illicit distilleries are reported to-day, also 164 boxes tobacco and 50,000 cigars.

HOSTILITIES RESUMED IN CANDIA.

A telegram from Athens, dated 23d of September, says hostilities have recommenced in Candia. Combats, in which the Christians obtain the advantage, are taking place daily. The Turks have been attacked at St. Myras, and driven to their intrenchments.

SPAIN.

A rumor is current in Madrid that an arrangement will shortly be arrived at on the question pending between Spain and the United States of Columbia, relative to the capture of the steamship Cuyler. A royal decree has been promulgated ordering that the effective force of the standing army of Spain shall not exceed 85,000 men.

RUSSIA.

The *Bourse Gazette* of St. Petersburg has received warning from the Government respecting several financial articles lately published. A commission has been appointed by the Russian Ministry of Justice, to examine the question of the abolition of imprisonment for debt.

TROTTING MATCH.

The great trotting match between Mountain Boy and Lady Thorn for $5,000, mile heats, three in five, in harness, came off to-day. The track was heavy. The Mountain Boy won easily in three straight heats. Time 2:30, 2:29 and 2:29.

A FABRICATION.

The telegram from Fort Ellsworth, on Friday, stating that Gen. Butterfield was taken prisoner by the Indians, is a fabrication. Butterfield is here.

THE MOZART DEMOCRACY

This evening nominated for Sheriff Justice Michael Connally; for County Clerk, W. C. Conner.

EMBEZZLEMENT.

Christian Frerichs, a clerk in the employ of Theodore Vitterlane & Sons, tobacconists, No. 128 Water street, was this evening arrested, charged with embezzling $2,500.

THE BASE BALL MATCH

To-day between the Atlantics and Mutuals was won by the Atlantics, score 32 against 17.

REV. DR. ELIOT,

Of St. Louis, is supplying the pulpit of Rev. Dr. Bellows, of this city, for October.

ST. LOUIS.

Opening of the Fair—Fine Display.

ST. LOUIS, October 7.—The seventh annual fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association opened to-day under most favorable auspices. The weather is very warm and the attendance good. The entries number over five thousand, exclusive of live stock. The machinery, agricultural implements and textile fabrics departments are unusually full, and make a splendid display. There is also a large amount of stock from many of the Western States, and a considerable number of blooded sheep from Canada.

The only awards in the farm machinery department to-day were for cultivators and plows. Of the former the Buckeye cultivator of Thomas & Truast, of Springfield, Ohio, took the premium of a number of competitors, and of the latter the Industrial Plow Manufactory, of St. Louis, took four premiums, and John Deer, of Moline, Illinois, one. Thirty manufacturers of plows competed for these awards.

In the ring, J. T. Robinson, of Washington county, Ill., Davy and Patrick Stanton, of Illinois, Nelson Green, of Green county, Ill., carried off premiums for draft horses, and Logan Radway, of Woodford county: Kentucky, for matched carriage horses. For best buggy mares and geldings St. Louis gentlemen took the premiums, there being but few competitors from abroad. For fastest trotting geldings, H. C. Creveling, of St. Louis, took the first premium.

THE INDIANS.

Indian Depredations on the Plains—Numerous Attacks upon Wagon Trains—Perilous Experiences.

[From the St. Louis Republican.]

For the following we are indebted to Mr. John L. Swearengen, who accompanied Brevet Major General R. B. Marcy on his tour of inspection through New Mexico: On their return down the Arkansas river, on the morning of the 9th of September, about nine o'clock, they were attacked by about three hundred Indians. About fifty of the savages, finely mounted on horses, painted and dressed in their full war costume, sprang from their hiding place, a few hundred yards from the road, and dashed down at full speed, whooping and yelling like so many devils, trying to cut off Lieutenant Williams who was riding some four or five hundred yards in front of the train. They came very near him before he discovered them, when he started back. They fired not less than fifty shots at him, one of which struck him in the thigh, shattering the bone for several inches. He, however, remained on his horse until he reached the train, and was taken from his saddle and placed in an ambulance, under charge of Dr. Dubois, a most skillful surgeon. Immediately on the appearance of the Indians, and when they commenced firing on the Lieutenant, the soldiers in the four front wagons (nine in each), sprang out and commenced firing on their assailants, which checked them and saved the Lieutenant, no doubt, from falling into their hands. One of them, whom he thought was a white man, was quite close to him, and fired several shots at him; but so soon as the firing from the train commenced, the Indians changed their course and galloped off. As the savages hid themselves on the sides of their horses it was almost impossible to hit one of them; yet it is thought two or three of them were either killed or badly wounded.

Immediately following the firing from the train, a hundred or more Indians raised from their hiding places, on the party. General Marcy had ordered the train, consisting of twenty-one wagons and four ambulances, to be parked. Major Crotherton, as an escort, with his company of sixty-eight old and well drilled veteran troops, returning from New Mexico, were in wagons, equally divided in front and rear of the train. General Carleton, formerly in command of the District of New Mexico, and Colonel N. H. Davis, returning to the States on leave, both veterans in Indian warfare, were along with the train, besides eight or ten citizens, all well armed. Finding the balls falling pretty thickly, the General ordered the wagons to move three abreast directly towards some fifty to sixty Indians collected on the bank of the river, and further away from the fire of those on the bluff. After moving a few hundred yards, the Indians on the river crossed over, the stream being quite low. The wagons were again parked, six or seven hundred yards from the Indians, on the bluff; yet at that distance one of their balls struck a soldier, penetrating his lungs and causing his death in a few hours. The General then ordered the train to move down about a mile and a half to a train of thirty-eight wagons, belonging to some gentlemen in New Mexico, which were closely corraled near where the river comes close to the bluff. It was found the Indians had some twelve days before driven off two hundred and four of their mules, and they were unable to move their wagons. There were about thirty men (Mexican teamsters) inside this corral, with some horses and mules. The Indians had attacked them the day before and fired on them from the bluffs, wounding two of the men and several horses and mules. The men were very much demoralized, and wanted to leave the train and go with General Marcy, but the General promptly ordered that no one should go with his train. He, however, left a sergeant and six good men, well armed and provisioned, and two thousand rounds of ammunition, and directed them to hold out until he could go to Fort Dodge and send back to them assistance and teams to bring in their wagons. A day or two before a train of twenty wagons, belonging to Messrs. Charles and Richard Kitchen, of Los Begas, New Mexico, were with General Marcy's party, but, being unable to keep up, requested the General to leave them a few men as an escort, which he did—giving them a wagon, with a sergeant and six men, well armed and provisioned. It was learned they were attacked by a small party of Indians about 8 o'clock in the morning, an hour before General Marcy's party were, and had forty-four of their loose mules driven off. The wagon-master said had they not had the sergeant and six men to assist them, they would have lost many more, and probably their whole train. The sergeant and his men behaved very bravely. They shot one of the Indian's horses as he attempted to drive off the mules, but he immediately bounded from his dead horse and leaped on the bell mare, which led the mules, and took off the whole herd. They shot one Indian, who fell from his horse, dropping his gun and other arms was trailed by his horse at full speed some distance, with his head on the ground, when the other Indians took him up. It is said they often tie themselves on their horses when they go into battle.

General Marcy's party waited about two hours for the mail stages to come up, they being expected that morning. They did not arrive, however, until the General's train left, and were attacked by the same Indians, and kept corraled for several hours, there being firing from both parties all the time.

After coming down the river about fifteen miles to Cimmeron crossing, where there is a stage ranch, always guarded by ten to twenty soldiers, General Marcy found Major Rodney Smith, Paymaster, on his way up the Arkansas to pay off the troops. He had been attacked by the same party of Indians the evening before, and kept corraled for several hours within a mile of the ranch. He had twenty men as an escort, with Dr. Shillman and two or three citizens. They think they killed two Indians and wounded several. The Indians left one horse killed near their corral with a fine plated saddle and bridle on the same. The Major had sent back to the Fort for twenty-five more men. General Marcy's party met them about twelve o'clock at night, within ten miles of Major Smith. Fort Dodge was reached about daylight, where there were about two hundred and fifty soldiers, and about the same number of employees, as mechanics and laborers. Gen. Marcy and Gen. Carleton had an interview with Major Douglass, who was in command, and soon after sixty cavalrymen, well mounted, were on their way to the relief of the [illegible]

[illegible] sitting in Major Douglass's office at Fort Dodge, the morning of the 24th September, General Marcy and others distinctly heard three shots. A scout being sent out to learn the cause, soon reported that the Indians had, about a mile from the fort, and in full view of it, shot and scalped one of the men herding the beef cattle. The other, having a better horse, made his escape.

General Marcy's party left Fort Dodge in the afternoon and, traveling all night, arrived at Fort Larned about daylight next morning, [Mr. Kitch]en's train keeping up with them. Twice [during] the night a few Indians made their appearance but made no attack. Soon after they reached the fort, a messenger arrived from Mr. Murphy, Indian Agent at the point where the Indians are now assembling, to meet the Commissioners, asking the Quartermaster to send him twenty wagon loads more of rations, as they were depended on it. Not having the [illegible] the fort, Mr. Kitchen's train, having been robbed of the mules by the villianous [illegible] days before being empty, was taken to comply with the request.

Arrived at Fort Hacker, it was learned from Lieutenant Howard that he had come down from Fort Wallace on the Smoky Hill route a few days before, with a Government train, of thirty wagons, [and was attacked] by about fifty Indians. [illegible] men with him. He was quite [illegible] and was riding in a wagon or [illegible] attacked. The train being [illegible] attacked, some of the wagons [illegible] Indians, and one of them had [illegible] Drum Major and two children [illegible] driven the wagon a mile or [illegible] in when Lieutenant Hunter [illegible] the circumstance. He imm[ediately] [illegible] men mounted on saddle [illegible] and captured the wagon [illegible] which were being driven [illegible] tions. The lady had the pre[sence of mind to] keep quiet, and cover herself a[nd children with] some bedclothes which were in the [wagon, oth]erwise she would no doubt have been murdered. Lieutenant Howard and his men behaved very gallantly. The Lieutenant received [a ball] through the top of his cap, and in three [places] through his clothes. While the Indians [had] possession of the wagons they took most of his wardrobe and several hundred dollars of his own money, and about seven hundred dollars belonging to the Government. They lost eighteen mules, and General Sykes's fine war horse which was prized so highly. The horse got loose, and the Indians, trying to catch him, brought him near Lieutenant Howard, who shot him, preferring to kill him rather than that the Indians should get him. The officers in command, who send a Government train, with valuable loads through the Indian country at this time without ample escort, are highly censurable.

Population of Iowa.

The census returns have now been completed in Iowa, with the exception of four counties. The population is so far found to be 898,194, an increase of 145,000 in two years, or very nearly ten per cent. per annum. It is remarked by the Des Moines *Register* that this is the largest gain, both absolute and proportionate, that the State has yet known in the same period of time, except under the influence of the great migration mania of 1854 and 1855, in which period the increase was 200,000 on a population of 318,000, or about thirty per cent. per annum.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

OUR FINANCES.

Letter from Secretary McCulloch.

Bonds Not to be Paid in Currency.

WASHINGTON, October 7.—The Secretary of the Treasury this morning addressed an important letter to a gentleman in New York in relation to our finances, of which the following is a copy:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, October 7, 1867.

DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 4th inst. is received. Too much importance is attached to the utterance to which you refer. The people of the United States are all sound on the question of the preservation of the national faith, as they were upon the question of the preservation of the Union. I consider the faith of the Government pledged to pay the five-twenty bonds when they are paid in coin. There need, I think, be no apprehension that they will be called in at the expiration of five years from their respective dates and paid in United States notes. The United States notes were issued under the pressure of a great necessity, and are by authority of Congress being rapidly withdrawn from circulation. No more can be issued under existing laws, nor can I believe that any considerable number of the members of Congress would favor an additional issue for any purpose whatever, much less for the purpose of paying bonds in violation of the express understanding under which they were negotiated.

The policy of contracting the circulation of United States notes, adopted by Congress and being steadily pursued by the Secretary, should of itself, even if the honor of the nation were not involved in the question, satisfy the holders that the 5-20 bonds will not be called in and paid before maturity in a depreciated currency.

Very truly, yours,
[Signed] H. MCCULLOCH, Secretary.

GALVESTON.

Fearful Gale—The City Overflowed—Vessels Sunk and Wrecked—Immense Loss of Property—Lighthouse Nearly Destroyed.

NEW ORLEANS, October 7.—The papers have accounts of tremendous gales at Galveston on the 3d inst., estimating the damage to wharves, shipping, goods and buildings at $1,000,000. It is the highest overflow since October, 1837. The following firms were damaged: Wallis, Landis & Co., $5,000; Draege & Co., $50,000 to $75,000; Stubbs & Co., $5,000; Sessums & Co., $10,000 to $15,000; Wescott & Co., $4,000; Dargan & Toben, $30,000 to $40,000, Pipkin and Goodyard heavily damaged.

The water at midday so inundated the gas works that it was impossible to build fires. The city cemetery was covered with water a foot deep. The third story of the new brick hotel was blown down upon Odd Fellows' Hall, crushing it. The water spreads in places entirely across the island. There was no mail or passenger train on the railroad. It is reported the new bridge was washed away. The telegraph lines are a complete wreck.

The steamer Elizabeth Reed is high and dry near the railroad. Several schooners were sunk. The bark Pallas, brig Isola, and a large schooner were blown from the eastern wharf and driven up the bay, no one knows where. A large iron brig is reported capsized. A brig lately arrived with a cargo of coffee, was driven completely through Williams's wharf. The steamer Alice M. was wrecked and completely submerged. The schooner Passana had [illegible]. The schooner Julia was lying high and dry across the strand. The schooner Libby and sloop Mary Posey were upside down at the upper wharf.

All the wharves were badly damaged. The storm seems to have been general along the Gulf coast. The schooner Kadash was sunk at her moorings in Brazos harbor. The storm was heavy at the mouth of the Mississippi. The ship Merchant, from Havre, was blown ashore about the head of the passes. A Spanish bark is also reported ashore at the same place. The tow boat Heroine was sunk inside the bar at southeast pass. Capt. Austin, of the steamship Tartar, reports having brought off the keeper of southeast reef lighthouse. The structure was nearly destroyed by the gale.

RICHMOND.

The Trial of Jeff. Davis—Line of Proceedings.

RICHMOND, October 7.—The following facts relative to the coming trial of Jeff. Davis [are] from the best authority: The trial is set for the fourth Monday of November, and as the Government will not interfere, there [will be no] postponement by counsel on either side. The [de]fense of levying war against the United [States] will be testified to by Judge [illegible], Norfolk, Hon. John Good, member of [the Con]federate Congress, and [illegible] who were compelled to appear before the [illegible] Grand Jury and testify [to the] facts upon which the [indictment] was made. There will [be] few if any witnesses [for the] defense. The [illegible] fact of levying war [illegible] with the legal argument [illegible] guilty of treason, and counsel for the [defense] will argue that he being a [illegible] under its law, a prior [illegible] asserted that Judge Chase [illegible] but as the Supreme Court convenes in session on the first Monday of December, this is not possible. The trial is expected to last several weeks.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day, the case of McMahon vs. the James River and Kanawha Canal Company, to throw the company into bankruptcy, was dismissed, the matter having been settled out of the court.

The Republicans of Albemarle met to-day and revised their convention ticket, leaving off the colored candidates and nominating Judge Rivers and Southall, editor of the Charlotte *Chronicle*, two prominent and wealthy citizens.

Interments in Mobile.

MOBILE, October 7.—There were five interments from yellow fever Sunday, and four today, caused by the sudden change of temperature.

OHIO NEWS.

The Jews of Zanesville are about to build an elegant synagogue.

A few oil companies are still operating in Blue Rock township, Muskingum county. They are well paid for their investment.

A man at the Shaker village, in Lebanon county, has been offered three thousand dollars for his cabbage seed crop.

The commissioners of Columbiana county, after hearing the application of the village of Salem for an extension of the corporation limits, granted nearly the whole of the territory asked. Salem is therefore now a large town, being a mile and a half from north to south, and two miles and a half from east to west.

Dr. James F. Spain, the Treasurer of Champaign county, formerly Surgeon of the 134th O. N. G., died in Urbana at 1:20 A. M. Friday, after a very sudden and brief illness. He was attacked by paralysis about 11 o'clock Wednesday forenoon, and lingered until Friday morning. Spain was a young man, being but a little over 35 years of age, and leaves a wife and one child to mourn his loss.

The Sandusky *Register* says the drouth is so excessive at Republic that every well in the place save one is dry. At Monroeville, drinking water sells at the rate of five cents per bucket; a landlord of the hotel is paying that price.

The Sandusky committee that visited the Straitsville mineral region, have made a very favorable report of what they found there. They make a strong appeal to the citizens in behalf of the proposed railroad.

The Springfield *Republic* states that the heirs of the celebrated John estate, which is good for sixty-three millions of dollars, held a meeting on Wednesday to decide upon what measures shall be taken. About seventy-five of the family are in the city.

[The] Fair just closed at Dayton has been one [of the m]ost successful ever held in the State. [The numb]er of tickets sold amounted to seventy-[four th]ousand seven hundred and sixty-[illegible] receipts were $18,692 98. To these [illegible] a little more than $2,000 received [illegible] refreshment stands.

The [illegible] *Advocate* says: As an illustration [illegible] resulting from manufactu[res illegible] look to our neighboring town of Canton. Not [ma]ny years ago Canton was one [of the] least progressive towns in Ohio, [illegible] creasing in wealth and populat[ion illegible], as no one thought it worth while to locate there, and the young and energetic [illegible] for more progressing localities. [illegible] a Mr. Ball, having [illegible] improvement in mowing [illegible] that the citizens of Canton should [illegible] $10,000, to manufacture them at [illegible] they did it, and that one factory [illegible] found which the following have [illegible] immense agricultural implem[ent illegible], one of plows exclusively, one of hollow-ware, one of paper and [illegible] one of saddlery hardware, two [illegible] one of horse rakes, one of farm w[agons illegible], cultivators, one of wrought iron bri[dges illegible] soap, besides a large number of other less extensive.

THE PARIS FASHIONS.

A Return to Crinoline Threatened—Short Dresses Only for Young Girls.

[Paris (Sept. 20) Correspondence London Chronicle.]

The most important announcement I have read in any journal for some time past came under my notice to-day. In a solemn leading article of a serious fashionable newspaper, it is stated without reserve "that short dresses will be worn only by young girls!" The original French text is—"*Les robes courtes seront abandonnees aux fillettes.*" There is not a responsible grown-up man in the whole civilized world that this announcement does not concern, because we are told that this may be the first downward move towards long dresses and most voluminous skirts. The great rulers of the *modes* are conspiring to bring about that expensive, inconvenient, and destructive toilette which is doubtless highly profitable to the dressmaker, but which is a never-ending inconvenience to the wearer; which makes men fear to approach even those whom they love, which causes even religious people to use bad language, and insures the burning to death of some of the most lovely women of society. We are, there is every reason to fear, threatened with a return to crinoline! That is to say, we call it crinoline, but who really knows of what woven material, or wrought metal, or hair of an animal, or bone of a fish, inflates or spreads a lady's dress when it assumes such exaggerated proportions? We can only guess and wonder, but we inevitably feel the inconvenience of such a fashion. Good husbands know the cost of such *modes*. And are we then again to lose sight of the ladies' feet? Are the beautiful boots of our day to be hidden under the darkness of a long complicated robe? The fashion-book which inspired these remarks only a couple of months ago contained a whole learned page on ladies' boots, shoes and slippers. It was pleasing to know that a fair creature might wear brown canvass *bottines a talon*, and that the tassel was to be red or crimson too. From the same authority we got to know what real gems might be worn as buttons. The height of the boot and the height of the heel was decreed with all the sternness of despotism. How delightfully interesting it was to read about the fashions for slippers, and to learn how a lady ought to palce her feet studiedly when wearing the same. In those days (two months ago) a slipper might be decorated with a butterfly, flowers, and even fruit. What freedom! How grand and generous! I remember that high heels were insisted upon. Was that a novelty? In the gallery of the University Exhibition, which is dedicated to the "History of Labor," will be found a glass case containing a number of old shoes made one or two centuries ago. There is the high heel which painfully thrusts the toes into a gaily embroidered slipper, just as we have it to-day! Even the shoe we can do nothing but reproduce, and return to the civilization of China; for this fashion produces, I am told, the same diseases of the foot as the Celestials suffer from. But, as before stated, we are perhaps going to lose sight of the ladies' feet again for years, at least it is only logical reasoning to suppose that such will follow the reintroduction of long dresses. The last few months is a marked epoch in the history of boot and shoe making, as may be seen in the specimens which yet enliven some shops in the Rue de la Paix. When we had the long dresses, and the trains, and the covering up of the lower beauties of female charms, we were recompensed by a generous uncovering of the neck, shoulders, &c.—may I go so far as to say shoulders?—but, that will not be the case next winter, when the feet have disappeared, as I read of a *chemisette montant* dawning into life; but as the writer of the leading article exclaims—"Mais, d'ici a l'hiver, que de changements peuvent survenir!" There is a feeling of resignation in the writings of this great *mode's* authority. I remember the same historian, and prophet, and fashionable despot, beginning one of his essays some time ago with—"Dresses will be worn yet shorter, and we have no right to complain!" Considering how dresses and costumes had been tucked up already, it certainly was alarming; but we are taught to believe there is good in everything. Perhaps I had better not attempt to translate many smaller details about the autumn and winter fashions; one may get into difficulties by touching a subject one is not master of. The great fact of long dresses again sweeping the streets as well as the drawing-rooms is quite enough to sweep away all minor considerations. I may mention, however, that gold ornaments are to be worn; but placed here and there with great premeditation.

It would be wicked to translate the following paragraph into English:

"L'or, malgre le despotisme de la mode, veut melanger avec un gout [illegible] charmant; il se mor[illegible] tortout sur les pa[illegible] encore sous l'a[illegible] Dieu la fit na[illegible]"

There [illegible] graph [illegible] Bishop [illegible] written [illegible] out what colored hair I have [illegible] worn this year. The [illegible] met and agreed that dark [illegible] company golden tresses, and [illegible] black hair. Brown or chestnut [illegible] girls are not to be tolerated. It [is] settled if the chignon is to be [illegible]; it is believed not. If a more ex[illegible] complicated decoration can be in[illegible]. The complexion is to be dead pearl [illegible] the lips very light pink, and the mouth to [be] slightly open.

Breckinridge's Last Official Act.

John C. Breckinridge, Rebel Secretary of War, now in Paris, recently related at a public dinner there, this story of his last official act:—

It was on the coast of Florida—the general was pursued by the federal cavalry; they were beating the country in every direction. A friend in need came to his rescue—he was one of Beevard's gallant old regiment of the army of Virginia. He said: "General, I have an old cast here that mout carry us to Kurby; anyhow we'd try it on." Lo he worked away all that night raising the boat from where he had sunk it to conceal it from prowling Yankees. He worked faithfully and energetically in patching it up and bailing it, artificially finishing it up and putting in a few provisions. Gen. Breckinridge grasped the noble fellow by the hand and said to him: "I will have but a few more hours of authority, but such services as you have rendered your country, deserve reward. You shall by a major; I will make out your commission now." He was exceedingly thankful, but remained scratching his head in a thoughtful attitude. "Well, my friend," said the general. "Well, you see general, thar's a feller in our regiment what hain't done nothin', and he's a major and a quartermaster, and if it is all the same to you, I would just like to rank him for oust." It is needless to say that the "going out" secretary of war instantly wrote the battle-scarred but humble hero a commission as lieutenant colonel.

Visible Speech.

An English paper says: "A gentleman of Edinburgh, Mellville Bell, after twenty years' study, has prepared a means of writing *sounds* so as to be universally legible, *i. e.*, of expressing sounds to the eye with the same precision as the mouth conveys them to the ear. This method has been tested by a professor of modern languages, in Paris, and of Persian in Edinburgh. The *British Standard* says the Paris professor tested the applicability of this system of phonetic symbols to represent the peculiar sounds of the French, Italian, Spanish and Portuguese languages. The writing was deciphered with vernacular correctness by readers who were not present when the words were written. The Persian professor selected some of the most difficult words in Hindu, Urdu and Persian—consisting of gutturals, dentals and labials—words which require long practice by students of the Oriental languages, and by hearing them uttered by nations of the East. After Mr. Bell had symbolized these selected words on paper, he called in his two sons, who had been in a separate room, and asked them to read out the words. They were words, the Professor was sure, the youths could never have heard. But, to the astonishment of the Professor, the young men sounded them out most accurately, and just as one hears from natives of India.

Cheap Restaurants.

The New York *Evening Post*, in commenting on the extravagant prices and the wretched food of the New York restaurants, contrasts with these houses Mr. Corbet's experiment in Glasgow. This gentleman has been at work for half a dozen or more years solving the question whether plain, nutritious food could be furnished, well cooked and in neatness, for a much more moderate rate than is commonly charged by keepers of public restaurants. He has now twenty-six cooking depots in Glasgow, with each of which is connected a spacious dining hall, capable of accommodating several hundred persons, all neatly kept, well furnished and ventilated, and attended by tidy waiters. At these establishments breakfast is served from 8½ to 10½ o'clock, at which a bowl of porridge, a bowl of milk, a cup of coffee, and a roll and coffee can be had for about *six cents*; or any of the following articles for one penny (two cents) each: a bowl of broth, of soup, or of porridge; a plate of potatoes, a cup of coffee or tea, bread and butter, or bread and cheese, a boiled egg, a glass of soda water, lemonade, or ginger beer. Dinner is served from 1 to 4 o'clock, at which a bowl of broth or soup, a plate of beef, potatoes, and plumb pudding, for *four and a half pence*; and at these prices the business is found even remunerative, the monthly expenses being about $18,000 and the receipts $24,500!

"ALASKA" is the military name of the new purchase from Russia, and we presume it will be its civil or political name. But we believe the spelling is incorrect. There is a long peninsula, called, sometimes, *Alashka*, and at others *Aliaska*, from which our new possession stretches west by south till it touches the British possessions. Every one remembers Campbell's famous line, "The wolf's long howl from Oonalaska's shore," in "Pleasures of Hope." Oonalaska, or Oonalashka, is one of the Fox Islands, and is we think, the largest island of the group. Some waggish person says the abbreviation of the name, for letter writers, should be *Alas.*—but *Ah*, or *Ak.* would answer all purposes. Alaska is by no means a bad name for a State, and better by far than the names borne by half our States and Territories.

THE WHEELING FAIR.

Closing Exhibition—Pittsburgh Horses Winners—A Rascal Breaks Jail.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

MARTINSVILLE, O., October 5, 1867.

The Northwest Virginia Agricultural Society wound up yesterday, whether for the time being or for "all time to come," I am unable to say, but would suppose from the manner in which the people expressed themselves it will be the latter. The attendance yesterday was about the same as the days previous, and I understood from parties outside, that the receipts for the four days would be sufficient to defray all expenses and have a small surplus over. The printed programme was carried out, and those present were treated to some very exciting horse races. In the race at 10:30 A. M., Rust was withdrawn after the third heat, and Mike Goodwin after the fourth. Pet then trotted the fifth alone. The driver of Mike Goodwin protested against the decision of a majority of the judges, giving the race to Pet, and I understood last evening the judges had the matter under consideration. The second race came off at 2:30 P. M., and was won in three straight heats by Mary Ann. Time: 2:35½; 2:37½; 2:37¼. Davy, driven by Felix Laverty, came in second best and carried off the second prize.

James alias Pussy Curran, one of the most notorious vagabonds unhung, and who has been confined in jail in Steubenville for some time, charged with rape, succeeded in making his escape from that institution yesterday, and is still at large. K. N. P.

A Tape-Worm Six Hundred Feet in Length.

[From the Carlinville (Ill.) Democrat, October 3.]

We have sometimes read accounts of tapeworms several feet and sometimes yards in length, being taken from individuals, but if we had ever seen it averred that one had been taken complete and entire, two hundred yards in length, unless we had received very liberal pay for crediting it, we should have declined. Dr. Gunn records it as an extraordinary fact that he had seen one a hundred feet in length, and we believe it has not generally been conceded by medical authorities that the creature ever reaches a greater length, or that it is possible to remove such an one entire and undecomposed. Be that as it may, we yesterday saw one in the office of Drs. Head and Dahlman, of the species technically known as Tænia Lata, which is believed to measure fully two hundred yards in length. Dr. Dahlman informed us that he had measured 150 lengths of the table before him (about three feet long) with fully one-fourth of the varmint still in the bottle. It looks very much like a piece of white tape from one-sixth to one-fourth of an inch in width, narrowest at the extremities. It was taken from a son of Mr. Jacob Straub, some sixteen years of age, living two or three miles from town. Drs. Head and Dahlman were two hours in taking the worm from him. The boy was very much emaciated, having been wasting away for a year or more, but is now doing well. The operation was performed last Saturday. This remarkable worm will be subjected to scientific anlysis, and placed in some medical museum. It will be an object of great interest and curiosity to the medical fraternity.

A WRITER in the London *Chronicle* presents some startling statistics of the past and present population of Ireland. Twenty-one years ago there were reckoned eight and a quarter millions of people; sixty-one years ago, 5,574,105; this year, only 5,557,196. In 1861 there were 5,788,415, and every year since there has been a diminution, in spite of increase by births. But though 1867 is nearly equal to 1806, the proportion of the sexes in [illegible] from the same. Then, there [illegible] 50,469 women; now, of 184,[illegible] has carried off the men. In [illegible] mous decrease of population the [illegible] of mutes increased by [illegible], about [illegible] the blind by [illegible], about per cent, [illegible] and decrepit by 225, [illegible] than [illegible] the lunatic and idiots 4,118 [illegible] total of 9,980! "To alone [illegible] urging conscription polecon [illegible] be compared hope [illegible] parallel for facts like."

The [illegible] says a [illegible] ber of [illegible] organization man, [illegible] the rec[illegible] ment [illegible] became the [illegible] blockade running. be [illegible] said to [illegible] answers minutely [illegible] craft re[illegible] about seven [illegible] of the vessels re[illegible] been received in the city. [illegible] nothing has been heard since [she] parted company with her consort. Her destination was the north coast of Scotland.

CITY MATTERS.

To Merchants and Manufacturers.

A circular addressed "to the merchants and manufacturers of Allegheny county" contains an unqualified falsehood with reference to the remarks of Wm. R. Ford, Esq., at a Republican mass meeting, in Tarentum, a few evenings ago. Mr. Ford did not place "himself in unequivocal alliance with the Pennsylvania Railroad monopoly." On the contrary, he remarked that while the Pennsylvania Railroad Company should receive the fostering care of the Legislature in every just demand, he thought that the Legislature should stand between the monopoly and the people. Merchants and manufacturers will not be deceived by this circular—the last card on the eve of the election. Their good sense will teach them that it is not entitled to a moment's consideration.

The St. Clair Street Bridge Shooting Case.

Joseph Mullen and Thomas Hughes, the two men charged with shooting James A. Miller, on the Allegheny Suspension Bridge on the night of the 16th of September last, had a hearing yesterday afternoon before Mayor McCarthy. One of the witnesses for the prosecution testified that he was standing on St. Clair street on the night in question, in company with Mullen, Hughes and others, when Miller passed. Hughes remarked that he would like to whip Miller, but could not, as he was under bonds to keep the peace, and asked Mullen to do so. Mullen started after Miller, and overtaking him on the bridge, assaulted him, when he (Mullen) was knocked down. Miller then turned and ran into the toll house, when Mullen fired two shots at him, one of which struck him in the fleshy part of the left hand, the ball passing towards the wrist, where it yet remains. The hearing was continued until Thursday, owing to the absence of a material witness, and the defendants were committed to jail in default of $2,000 bail each.

Serious Accident—A Man Falls from a Third Story Window—His Skull Fractured and Arm Broken.

A gentleman passing along St. Clair street, near Penn, about eleven o'clock last evening discovered the body of a man with his skull fractured and left arm broken lying on the pavement in an almost insensible condition. The assistance of a police officer was secured and the man conveyed to the police station. He appeared to be partially deranged in consequence of the injuries he had received and when asked his name, said he could not remember it, but told the reporter that he had an account book in the inside pocket of his coat, which contained his name in full. On the fly leaf of the book was written the name of Henry Wallis. When this was read to him he said that was his name. He stated further that he was leaning out of the third story window of Mr. Williams' house on St. Clair street, near Penn, where he boarded, and lost his balance and fell to the pavement. He says he is a lithographer by trade, and about seven months since came to this city from Philadelphia and has been at work in the establishment of Augustus Hani, No. 28 St. Clair street.

Advertisements on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—SALESMAN—A reliable and industrious man. Apply at 60 Market street, second floor, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—STOCK—To buy Twenty-eight shares of Bank of Pittsburgh Stock. Address Box 580, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—FURNITURE—Enough of new or second-hand good and cheap Furniture for a small cottage. Send price, particulars, &c., to Box 123, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—STORE ROOM—Address, stating location and terms, Box 4, Commercial office.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Several single gentlemen and gentlemen and their wives, can be suited with well furnished Rooms and Boarding, at No. 287 Federal street, Allegheny city.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—For "Beyond the Mississippi;" A Complete History of the New States and Territories, from the Great River to the Great Ocean. By Albert D. Richardson. Its popularity is attested by the sale of over twenty thousand copies in one month. Life and Adventures on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast. With over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the New States and Territories. To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "Far West," this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, &c. &c. Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Penna. d

MONEY TO LOAN.

WANTED—$10,000 TO LOAN—On Bond and Mortgage; security on city or county property, for one or two years at low rates. For further particulars, address Lock Box 149, Pittsburgh P. O.

LOST.

LOST—SLEEVE BUTTON—On Sunday evening, a Gold Sleeve Button with the initial W. on it. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at No 4 St. Clair street, second story.

LOST—LADY'S PORTEMONNAIE—On Monday evening, either on Fifth or Smithfield streets, containing about $30 in money, two Passenger Railway Tickets and card of owner's name. Any one finding the same, and leaving it at No. 198 Second street, will be liberally rewarded.

LOST—POCKETBOOK—On St. Clair or Fifth streets, on Friday afternoon, a Pocketbook containing One Hundred Dollars in bank bills, and some postal currency. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving [it] at J. BENSWANGER & CO.'S, 55 Mar[ket]

FOUND.

FOUND—POCKETBOOK—A Pocketbook containing a small amount of money, and some private papers valuable to the owner. The owner can have the same by applying at the Counting Room of the Commercial, proving property and paying charges.

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—PATENT—A new and novel medium for money-making, just patented and Territory for sale. Apply at 116 Diamond street, opposite Court House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—Stock nearly new; modern style furniture; will invoice about $7,500, located in flourishing town of about 7,000 inhabitants, near central Ohio, on line of Railroad. Terms cash. For particulars, address Drug Store, care this office.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND ORGAN—A Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ, slightly used, for sale at a bargain by C. C. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

FOR SALE—LOTS—Five Lots, none less than 50x150 feet, within four or five minutes' walk of Torrens Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at private sale only. For particulars inquire of WM. J. BENDER, at Reymer & Bros, No. 146 and 128 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or of GEORGE FINLEY, near the premises. eod

FOR SALE—INTEREST—One fourth interest in a well established manufacturing business, paying large profits; can be bought for $5,000 cash. A mechanic that can take charge of a large factory preferred. All correspondence confidential. Address Box 1, Commercial office.

FOR SALE—COAL CARS AND FLATS—Five 8-wheel and Twenty 4-wheel Dump Coal Cars, Broad Tread, in good order. Also, Three Coal Flats, nearly new. Apply to T. N. PATTERSON, at Coal Office, No. 128 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—STEAM BOILERS—Five double-flued Steam Boilers, 26 feet long, 42 inches diameter; two 15 inch flues, with mud and steam drums, fire front, grate bars, &c., all complete and in use at our Works; will be sold low. REIS, BROWN & BERGER, New Castle, Pa.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE LOTS—On Rebecca street, Allegheny, 22x100 feet, only a few minutes' ride by street car from the heart of either city. Price low; terms easy. Apply to GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, Real Estate Broker, 146 Wood street (Board of Trade Rooms), Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—TYPE METAL—One Thousand to Fifteen Hundred pounds Type Metal. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY—A small Property, well located on Highland Avenue, East Liberty. Good Dwelling of 10 Rooms and nice ground, over half an acre. Apply to GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, Real Estate Broker, 146 Wood st., (Board of Trade Rooms,) Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MILL—The Uniontown Cement Mill at Public Sale. By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Fayette county, I will sell at public outcry, on Thursday, November 7, 1867, that valuable piece of Real Estate, late the property of Charles H. Beeson, deceased, situate partly in Union Borough and partly in North Union township, Fayette county, Pa., containing Five Acres, more or less, on which there is erected a Fine Cement Mill, with Engine House and Cooper Shop attached. The buildings and machinery are in good order, with capacity for making at least 50 barrels of Cement per day. There is also on same land a small Dwelling House. Also, a first-rate Quarry of Hydraulic Limestone, with railway to the Ovens and thence to the Mill. The Ovens are in good condition. Either steam or water power can be used in running the Mill. The well-known character of the Cement made at this Mill and the condition and convenience of everything [illegible] to begin at 2 o'clock on the premises. W. H. BAILEY, Guardian of minor children of C. H. Beeson, deceased. Uniontown, October 3, 1867. TUS-td

FOR SALE—LAND—On the Pan Handle Railroad, one mile east of Burgettstown Station, from thirty to eighty Acres, more or less. Also, in Burgettstown, a House and Lot, one-fourth of an acre or two acres. Address Dr. WM. DONNAN, Burgettstown, Pa.

FOR SALE—MINERAL LAND—Missouri Pine and Mineral Land. For sale, my one-third interest in a tract of 4,000 acres, with two Steam Saw Mills and Lead Mines now in course of development. Send for description and map. THOS ALLEN, 722 South Fourth street, St. Louis, Missouri.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LAND—A valuable tract of Pine and Hemlock Timber Land, with thirty horse power Engine and Saw Mill, and every thing necessary for the manufacture of Lumber, near Altoona, Pa. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of JOHN SHOEMAKER, Altoona, Pa.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND GROUNDS—At Homewood, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, a Brick House, nearly new, containing 11 rooms, with about three Acres of Ground, covered with fruit and ornamental trees, including one-fourth of an acre of flourishing vineyards, and every variety of small fruit. The place is opposite the station house, and is not excelled in convenience and agreeableness by any now for sale. For terms apply to M. DEPUY, No. 61 Wylie street. If not sold before the 10th of October, it will be sold at auction. eod

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND LOTS—Three Houses and Lots in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pa., situated within five minutes walk of the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. and the C. & P. R. R., near the bank of the Ohio river. One large two story Brick, containing six rooms and kitchen, with five large lots; house papered and grained throughout; good well of water at the door; wash house, coal house, bakeoven, and all necessary out-buildings. Also, large fine orchard. Also, Brick House and two lots on Market st., house containing five rooms and two kitchens; house in good repair—just been overhauled and repaired. Also, one Frame Dwelling containing three rooms and kitchen, two large lots, suitable for a small family. The above property is all in complete order, and among the best in the county. Will be sold low, as the owner is about to leave the place. For terms and particulars inquire of Capt. JAS. H. MARATTER, Bridgewater, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—DWELLING HOUSE—At 32 Fourth street. Also, Drawers and Shelves of the best quality, for sale at the same place. Persons wishing to rent as above, or buy Shelving and Drawers, will please leave their address at the Toll House, south end of the St. Clair bridge.

OPEN UNTIL 12 AT NIGHT.

OYSTERS AND SUPPERS served to Ladies and Gentlemen after the Amusements are out at HERBST ORDINARY, 64 FOURTH STREET, near Market.

LINDSAY'S WARRANTED WROUGHT IRON **ANVILS,** 14 CENTS PER POUND, AT THE NEW HARDWARE STORE. Lindsay, Sterit & Euwer, 337 LIBERTY STREET, near Union Depot. cod,1p

CALL AND SEE OUR **NEW GOODS.**

Black and Fancy Dress Silks;
Pim's Irish Poplins;
French Poplins and Repps;
All-Wool Poplins and Empress Cloths;
Alpaca Poplins, Alpacas and Mohair Lustres, French Merinos;
Wool Plaids and Plaid Poplins;
Wool Delaines and Fancy Dress Goods;
New French Chintzes;
Black Mantilla Velvets;
Wool, Cashmere and Broche Shawls.

JAMES CALDWELL, 120 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny. codlp

E. S. ABORN, M. D., EYE & EAR SURGEON, AND THROAT AND LUNG PHYSICIAN.

Medical & Surgical Rooms, No. 134 Smithfield St., Between Fifth and Sixth streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1867.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

OUR CANDIDATE.

Hon. Henry W. Williams.

[From the Pittsburgh Post, June 28.]

WORTHY CANDIDATES.

"The nomination of Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Suprema Court, is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted without personal aspersions, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be."

[From the Pittsburgh Post, August 29.]

If the notice of Judge Williams's nomination which appeared in the "*Post*" at the time, and now kept standing at the head of the Republican papers, is intended as a rebuke for any supposed inconsistency since, it fails in its purpose. We have nothing to take back or modify. Of Judge Williams's private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and heady politicians, we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic. The Democracy plants itself upon principle and deals with facts, and discusses the public and official acts of candidates.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

HON. THOMAS WILLIAMS, in the Tax Convention, June 10, 1857, declared against those who had prevented Pittsburgh from becoming a "city as great as London." He is now opposing consolidation, because it will make Pittsburgh a large city.

IT is reported that Mrs. LINCOLN has withdrawn from sale the "few simple articles" she left with Mr. BRADY, in New York, to be sold that she might live, sundry friends having made up the sum she wants, on the condition that she "will not make a fool of herself again."

THAT "blood is thicker than water" is the great political maxim of Virginia at the present time. The same thing might be said of molasses, and with equal fitness of application to the great political questions of the times—the Union, Republican government, and the rights of man.

A FINE specimen of the left-hand compliment is paid to the Democratic Convention of New York by the *Times*. "Their platform is made up of innocent platitudes and their ticket of respectable nonentities. They appeal in the former to the prejudices and in the latter to the ignorance of their party." This is decidedly *multum in parvo*—a hard hit, in few words. It might apply to at least some localities in Pennsylvania. The Democratic leaders of Allegheny county are entitled to their share of the compliment. They have prosecuted the canvass outside of the questions at issue, and thus given the best evidence of inability to meet the issue fairly, and their appeals have been made not to the judgment, but to the prejudices and ignorance of their adherents.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

We have every reason to believe that if anything like a full Union vote is polled to-day WILLIAMS will be elected by a handsome majority. During the last ten days the prospect has been brightening until, with a good vote out, a Republican victory may be safely predicted.

There is only one thing to do—vote early and work for the Union ticket from top to bottom. Let every man who feels that he has something at stake in the proposition to indorse ANDREW JOHNSON and his dangerous intentions, do his duty.

DOWN WITH THE TOLL TAX.

Do the people of Allegheny city know that they pay annually over *sixty thousand dollars to the bridges in tolls?* Such is the fact. This tax falls largely on the poor classes. Every morning and evening hundreds of mechanics, laboring men and boys whose wages are barely enough for their support, pay it. To the rich it is as nothing, but on those who have families—on the laborers and boys with aged parents to support, it is oppressive. Consolidation will remove this burthen. Therefore we say, vote for consolidation and down with the toll tax.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

SHALL ANDREW JOHNSON BE INDORSED?

In whatever light the election to-day is viewed, it cannot be disguised that the essential question to be decided is—shall ANDREW JOHNSON be indorsed? We have it direct from the White House that Mr. JOHNSON awaits with confidence the verdict of approval from Pennsylvania. He does not hesitate to declare that if such a verdict is recorded he will feel encouraged to resist Congress with force and nullify the reconstruction laws in any manner he can. Now every voter who feels like indorsing Mr. JOHNSON and this purpose should by all means vote for SHARSWOOD. But it any feel not like doing that, and think Mr. JOHNSON should be rebuked; if any would record their judgment against him, uphold the representatives of the people, declare that the war was right and the rebellion wrong, they should, they can, do nothing else than vote for WILLIAMS. The issue is as distinct as an issue ever was. It cannot be thrust aside or higgled down. *Shall* ANDREW JOHNSON *be indorsed?*

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

REBEL HOPES OF TO-DAY'S ELECTION.

At the conclusion of a peevish article, a column long, on the political situation, the Richmond *Enquirer* winds up, as usual, with the sentiment that "we of the South" have nothing to do in the business. "Our policy," it says, "is to be still and await the result." Why does it not itself do so after repeating this sentiment scores of times? But there is no journal in the South that keeps up such a clatter and scolding as the *Enquirer*. In the very column from which we quote it speaks in terms of contempt and opprobrium of the laws of the Government and their administration, rails about our most approved military men, and indulges, with evident relish, in vaticination of the disintegration of the Union or of monarchy or dictatorship under the auspices of the army and its commanders. And then it finishes off in a whine of the most approved tone with the following sentence pregnant with hope: "One more hour of patience, one more hour of endurance, and the time will assuredly come, a republic under a dictator, when the South will be once more great and glorious."

It is evident these morbid hopes rest on the Democratic party. If the Republican party to-day does its duty in Pennsylvania, they will sink, along with these rotten props, into a mass of ruins, as did the same kind of hopes when supported by armed and bloody rebellion. Let Republicans then stand by their colors to-day, and the victory, the final victory over the enemies of the Union, whose motto has been and is now "rule or ruin," will be sure.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

RECONSTRUCTION on the Congressional plan is gaining favor surely if not rapidly in the Southern States. Almost every day brings out some distinguished military or civil advocate of it. Only a day or two ago three jurists of influence in Georgia united in a letter heartily approving of it and recommending it to the Southern people. A candid and able argument for it has just appeared from the pen of General BARRINGER, of North Carolina, published in the Charlotte (N. C.) *News*. This gentleman was a prisoner of war at the close of the rebellion, and after extensive observation in the North and a profound study of the subject has come to the conclusion that there could be no better plan adopted for the pacification and political prosperity of the country than that which is now proposed. As such, he advocates it patriotically, and urges his brethren of the South to abandon the reign of passion and to embrace the offered benefits of reconstruction under the law as it is. After election and the Democrats are well beaten in Pennsylvania, the hopes of the rebel element in the South will wither like pumpkin vines after a frosty night, and reconstruction will grow like grass after a spring shower.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

BOGUS BALLOTS.

There is good reason to believe that bogus ballots, of almost every description, will be put in circulation by the opposition to-day. The intention is to deceive unwary electors into voting for the wrong candidates. We can only caution voters against these tricks and urge them to be on their guard.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR.

This sum the inhabitants of Allegheny City and the North have to pay annually in the shape of tolls to the bridges. It is a perpetual tax. In five years the tolls would pay for the bridges, and it would be cheaper by one-half to levy a direct tax to buy them out. The tax would run but a few years, but the toll tax is perpetual and in the aggregate annually increasing. By voting for consolidation Allegheny will vote off the toll tax.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

WHO ARE OPPOSING CONSOLIDATION

Many of those who are actively opposing consolidation, in the adjourned tax Convention, June 23d, 1857, voted down the following resolutions:

1. That the doctrine of repudiation, whether by individuals or by communities, is alike reproachful and dishonorable.

2. That as citizens of Allegheny county, we cherish her integrity, her honor and her good name as we do our individual reputation.

3. That as the sense of this Convention we are bound in honor and good faith to meet promptly all the responsibilities we have incurred through the legal acts of our County Commissions.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

CONSOLIDATION—TAXES—REPUDIATION.

Certain leaders of the opposition to consolidation talk vehemently about the taxes that are going to ensue if the measure carries. They who adopt this argument should have clean hands; indeed, it would seem that some of them should at all times study well what they utter about taxation. The people have good memories and are not liable to forget when they are yearly refreshed by disagreeable facts. One of these disagreeable facts is that certain of the anti-consolidationists were the leaders in the repudiation movement, whereby, to say nothing about the lasting dishonor, the county was saddled with an extra debt of two millions of dollars. They are directly responsible for no inconsiderable part of our present taxes, and the cry of taxation—groundless as it is in this instance—comes with a bad grace from them. Having, at their cost, listened once to such teachers, the people will hesitate before doing it again.

VOTE for Consolidation and Free Bridges.

THE ITALIAN COMPLICATION.

The serene heavens that canopied Europe a few months, or, we may say, weeks ago, are already somewhat overcast with more than cirrus clouds. What storms are brewing, it is not yet possible to conjecture. The arrest of GARIBALDI does not arrest the Party of Action in Italy and Rome. GARIBALDI a prisoner in Caprera is stronger than even as a leader in the field, and animates the movements which he is not permitted personally to lead. The friends of freedom have made a vigorous start and have secured some progress. They hold possession where they have taken possession, and have routed the troops of the Pope who attacked them. The effect of the victory is to inspire the Party of Action with new determination. So much for the facts, of the last week.

The political under currents which have originated and which control these stirring events are not so easily stated. Our conjectures, a few days ago, concerning a possible understanding between VICTOR EMANUEL and GARIBALDI, may almost be regarded as a probability now, in view of the further light that has been thrown upon the case. The refusal of VICTOR EMANUEL to furnish troops to act against the Garibaldian party is followed by a report that he has appealed to the Great Powers against the provisions of the September treaty, by which he was bound to maintain inviolate the temporal authority of the Pope. There can scarcely be a doubt that he occupies a difficult position, as between an engagement, on the one hand, by the September treaty with the Emperor NAPOLEON, holding him to the compact with an injunction amounting almost to a compulsion, and, on the other hand, the claims of friendship and gratitude toward GARIBALDI and his party, to whom he is indebted for a large portion of his dominions. And, besides this, his own interest and wishes lying in the success of the revolutionary party, which would give him Rome as the capitol of United Italy, it is scarcely probable that, in the ethics of royal politics, he should find very strong reasons for impeding the revolutionary movement.

But there are doubtless other parties in the case. France and Prussia are playing a great game for championship. BISMARCK prides himself in bearding the Emperor on political questions. VICTOR EMANUEL is on equally good terms with both, and, while they are antagonists, is afraid of neither. French frowns will, therefore, be less potent with him than German smiles, and the remembrance of former obligations to NAPOLEON will perhaps weigh less than the expectation of future favors from the Party of Action backed by BISMARCK. But the affairs of Rome, in the meantime, are in process of rapid development, and we await the events of this week for the future discovery of their complications.

National Banks Suspended.

The following National Banks have passed into the hands of Receivers:

Croton National Bank, New York.
National Bank of Whitestown, Oneida Co., New York.
Atlas Bank, of Providence, R. I.
Unadilla National Bank, Unadilla, N. Y.
Kingston National Bank, Kingston, N. Y.
Farmers' and Citizens' National Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y.
First National Bank, Utica, N. Y.
First National Bank, Medina, N. Y.
First National Bank, Columbia, N. Y.
Venango National Bank, Franklin, Pa.
Merchants' National Bank, Washington, D.C.
Tennessee National Bank, Memphis, Tenn.
First National Bank, New Orleans, La.
First National Bank, Carondelet, Mo.
First National Bank, Selma, Alabama.

Important Concession to Republicanism.

Hon. Robert Savage, the present Democratic State Senator of the 19th District, Ohio, composed of the counties of Guernsey and Monroe, has come out and publicly declared that he will no longer support the so-called Democratic party, and that he is an out-and-out Radical, having spent some time in the South and West, and heard for himself the necessity of standing by Congress in its plan of reconstruction and other matters pertaining to the welfare of the government.

COMING TO HER SENSES.—Mrs. Lincoln has written to Mr. Brady to suspend the sale of her wardrobe, as certain parties have made up the sum required by her, and will make her a present of the articles up for sale, provided she promises never to make a fool of herself again in this way. The *Tribune* of yesterday suggests that Congress pay Mrs. Lincoln the balance due her husband for the whole second term—seventy-five thousand dollars.

PETROLEUM AS FUEL.

Interesting Experiments with Locomotives.

A trial of the capabilities of petroleum as a fuel for producing steam was made on one of the "dummy" locomotives of the Hudson River Railroad, on Wednesday. The mode of using the petroleum was the method introduced and patented by Mr. Calvin Pepper, and its chief peculiarity consists in the dispensing with all the ordinary "burners" and "retorts," and burning the oil in connection with water, from a surface of sand. The grate and ash-pan of the furnace had been removed, and in their place was substituted a circular pan of cast-iron, about eighteen inches in diameter and eight inches in depth, having a perforated bottom, covered with a disk of wire gauze. The pan is filled with coarse sand, and the oil is conducted from its receptacle, through a pipe, into a mass of sand. Another pipe conducts water from the tank of the locomotive into the sand, and the oil rises to the top of the water, and burns on the surface of the sand. The water, beside furnishing a convenient means for controlling the strength of the fire, also becomes decomposed by the heat, and aids the combustion of the oil. The bottom of the fire-box is made air-tight, and a blower, driven by steam power, furnishes a draft, which may be regulated at pleasure. If preferred, the exhaust steam from the engine, or a steam-jet from the boiler, may be used to supply the draft. The boiler used in the experiments of Wednesday was of the upright tubular style, about four feet in diameter and ten feet in length, and two-thirds filled with cold water at the commencement of the experiments. Twelve quarts of crude petroleum and three quarts of gasoline for lighting were poured upon the sand in the fire-box. In fifteen minutes' time from the application of the match vapor began to show at the upper gauge cock. In about thirty-eight minutes, with an inefficient draft of air, the gauge indicated five pounds of steam, and in fifty minutes it had risen to thirty pounds. When the pressure reached one hundred and ten pounds, the locomotive was started, and run about twenty minutes, when it was found that the apparatus for supplying the air-draft was so deficient that the supply of steam could not be maintained. Further experiments were therefore postponed to another day. Though the fire was kept up nearly two hours, only about fifteen gallons of petroleum were expended.

FIRE ENGINE WORKED BY OIL.

[From the Boston Traveller of Saturday.]

It so happened that Chief Engineer Damrell yesterday ordered a public trial of Eagle No. 3 steamer, using oil, instead of coal, in her furnace, for generating steam, to take place this morning. The last private experiment was so satisfactory to the chief that he ordered the machine into active service.

The fire this morning afforded a splendid and unexpected opportunity to test the ability and qualities of the new fluid-fuel and its apparatus. When the alarm was given the steamer started in the direction of the fire, and arriving at the scene of conflagration her steam gauge indicated 100 pounds of steam. Only three minutes was consumed in raising this amount of steam. She remained on the ground six hours and a half and during that time the steamer averaged 80 pounds of steam and 120 pounds of water pressure, and 100 pounds of water pressure with two streams.

Another remarkable and important fact demonstrated was the steamer, using oil, gained 30 per cent. of water pressure over any other engine at the fire, by reason of not choking the exhaust. This is regarded as a great desideratum gained. Another great point showed was while the streets leading to the fire were choked up with smoke thrown off by other steamers, scarcely any smoke came from No. 3, using the new fuel.

Chief Damrell and his assistants, beside members of the aldermanic committee on the fire department, who were present at the fire and witnessed the working of No. 3, expressed themselves as highly gratified at the result, and declared the use of liquid hydro-carbon fuel in a steam fire engine as a decided success. The oil used on this occasion was petroleum.

A Rebel Opinion of Gen. Grant's Position.

[Special Correspondence of the Baltimore Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, October 1, 1867.

The newspapers at a distance have been puzzled at the "position" of General Grant. I can relieve that anxiety. He is now substantially the Radical candidate for the next Presidency. The leaders of the party which aims at usurping the Government, who have in squads been visiting, at intervals, the metropolis ever since the *emeute* of Stanton's removal, some time ago came to the conclusion, in view of their probable defeat in the coming elections, to keep Grant in the background for the present. He was anxious to promulge a written adhesion to the dogmas of the destructives at once. I have specific information that this Goliah is reserved to break the force of the defeat which awaits the party, and that he has promised Schenck, Logan, Washburn, Farnsworth, &c., who have been recently manipulating him, to come out with his "great name" upon the heel of their discomfiture. The spasmodic efforts of Judge Chase are quite superfluous. I record this fact for future reference.

AMERICA was well represented at the Pan-[illegible] not only by clergy but by laity of both sexes. There were New Englanders and Southerners, New Yorkers and Westerners. A day was set apart for missionary addresses from the Bishops of the United States. On the 19th ult. large congregations assembled for this purpose in the Church of St. Lawrence. It is one of the churches which were designed by Sir Christopher Wren, and built immediately after the great fire of London. Handsome and capacious in itself, the wealth of the parish has made it almost luxurious. It is uniformly carpeted and cushioned, the windows are of stained glass, filled with very elaborate designs, and the large and elegant communion service, which is displayed upon the altar, is of solid gold. At eight o'clock in the morning the Missionary Bishop of Arkansas spoke, and the offertory was given to the new mission of Montana, Idaho and Utah. At one o'clock an address was delivered by Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island, and the offertory was given to the diocese of Arkansas. In the evening Bishop Lee, of Iowa, delivered an address, and the offertory was given to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel and the Church Missionary Society.

WHEN the Great Republic left San Francisco for Japan and China (September 3), the city turned out largely to see her off. As she moved away from the wharf her guns startled the whole city with their sharp deep reports. At this moment the Chinese, who crowded the wharf by thousands, dressed in their holiday attire, flung after the steamer into the Bay of San Francisco, thousands on thousands of long slips of bright enameled yellow and red papers, inscribed with prayers to unknown gods for the vessel that "the great depths of the sea should spare her and all on board, and gentle waves and propitious winds waft her swiftly to her haven in the "Central Flowery Land."

VESSELS are already leaving New York and Boston regularly for cargoes of the new object of mercantile enterprise, "grass sponge," formerly considered useless. The Bahama Islands and the coast of Mexico and Florida supply the market. The sponge is now prepared by machinery for mattresses, etc., at Birmingham, Conn. The demand is far beyond the mechanical means of supply, though nature produces it in sufficient abundance.

SENATOR MORTON, who has been electioneering in Ohio, has returned to Indianapolis. His health is much improved, but he was obliged to make his speeches sitting in his chair, not being well enough to stand. But he makes good hits nevertheless. The other day he said, amid the heartiest applause: "Why, my friends, they say this is a 'white man's government.' I will tell you something worth two of that: it is a loyal man's government."

THE St. Louis *Republican* says: The health of the city is good, and the mortality per diem is not over the average. *There is practically no cholera in the city*, and such deaths as occur are mainly caused by the diseases incident to the season. The reports so persistently circulated in Chicago and elsewhere, that the cholera is prevailing here in epidemic form are so palpably sinister and untrue, and so characteristic as to scarcely need denial.

A COMPANY has been formed, with $4,000,000 capital, to run a line form New York to British Guiana (Demerara). It will touch at Barbadoes and make semi-monthly trips. Another line will connect New York, via Porto Rico, Belize and Honduras, with Laguayra and Puerto Cabello. There is already a Brazilian line in operation, which touches at the islands of the Bay.

THE cholera in Italy is declining, much to the relief of the people of that unfortunate country. The disease still rages with violence, however. In Sicily there were 1899 deaths in the week ending on August 29th; but during the following week, ending September 5th, there were only 1,077.

SWEET CIDER ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime.
Neutral Sulphite of Lime.
Neutral Sulphite of Lime.
Neutral Sulphite of Lime.

One package of the above at 25 cents, will preserve one barrel of Cider sweet and sparkling, all the year round. This is no experiment but a well known fact. Sold wholesale and retail, and sent to any part of the country, by

McCLARRAN & M'KENNAN, Druggists.
85 Market street, cor. Diamond, near Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

DR. CHAUSSIER'S EMPRESS.

LA COMPOSITION IMPERATRICE, POUR LES CHEVEUX.

It has long been known that the hair, by mental exertion, by excitement, by disease, and imperfect circulation, loses its vitality turns gray and falls off. That eminent French Chemist, Dr. CHAUSSIER, has provided a complete antidote, and at the same time a beautiful dressing for the hair, durable and finely perfumed. Remember, this is the finest article for the toilet that has ever been presented to the public. It is not a Dye. It will not soil the finest linen. It will not gum the hair. It is free from the disagreeable smell of sulphur. It relieves the scalp of dandruff or unpleasant irritation. Prevents the hair from falling off, even after fever. Causes the new hair to grow. It will restore gray hair to its natural color, or the money will be refunded in every instance. As this preparation is comparatively new in this country, the proprietors present the testimonials of well known persons as to its excellence. Directions in French and English.

Sole agent for Pittsburgh.
JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,
84 Market street.

FROM HUNTINGDON, PA.

Presbytery of Huntingdon—Center County Annual Fair.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BELLEFONTE, October 4, 1867.

The Presbytery of Huntingdon is now holding one of its stated meetings in this place. The sessions were opened on Tuesday morning, with Rev. Mr. Lawson in the chair. The proceedings being of importance, are listened to by well filled houses. This Presbytery is one of the largest under the care of the General Assembly. It numbers forty-seven ministers and forty-nine churches. Of these there are present at this meeting thirty-one ministers and thirty-two delegates from the Eldership. It is generally well known that the last General Assembly submitted to the Presbyteries, for their consideration, a plan for the re-union of the two branches of the church known as the

OLD AND NEW SCHOOL.

An announcement of the discussion of this subject on Wednesday morning insured a well-filled house. A committee submitted resolutions favoring the union of the two branches, which on a vote, after a spirited discussion, indicated a half-and-half division of the Presbytery. Several side resolutions were presented with about the same result on ballot. A new committee was appointed, to harmonize all the reports, and it was finally decided to send delegates to the General Assembly advocating a slightly modified plan of re-union. It was very evident, as was remarked by a delegate, that "the souls of Calvin and Knox were still marching on in these times."

A number of resolutions was then adopted; one to the effect that ministers from other evangelical denominations should be forbidden the use of their (Presbyterian) pulpits, as a matter of reciprocity for a like courtesy not having been shown them. Also, that pastors and sessions had control of their individual churches, and that no Board of Trustees has authority to admit any one to minister in their pulpit contrary to the wishes of the pastor.

A complimentary resolution was passed expressing great pleasure in meeting the venerable James Linn in the church where he has been pastor for more than half a century. Mr. Linn is one of the oldest residents of Bellefonte.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

Of Centre county, held its annual fair on their fair ground at Milesburg, commencing on Tuesday, and continuing four days. The quantity and quality of articles on exhibition, and the number of spectators, combined to make it in all particulars, a complete success. The display of stock, farming implements, and useful and fancy articles of all kinds, with their respective owners declaiming their merits, presented a busy and praiseworthy scene. H. H. D.

THE TOBACCO CROP.—The St. Louis *Democrat* has compiled the following statement of the tobacco crop: Missouri is reported at from 12,000 to 15,000 hogsheads. This is far beyond an average crop, but it is said the quality of the tobacco is unusually good. In Virginia the crop has fallen off one-third—it is reported at 70,000,000 pounds—but "is the best ever made as respects quality." In some counties of North Carolina, lands which had been previously devoted to tobacco were this year planted with cotton. The yield of that state is 35,000,000 pounds. The yield for Maryland is placed at 35,000,000 pounds; Tennessee at 39,500,000; Kentucky at 61,000,000; Texas at 90,000; Alabama at 270,000; Arkansas at 1,700,000; Florida and Georgia each 600,000; Louisiana at 40,000; South Carolina at 35,000, and the Northern Stated at 52,100,500.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANK AND BRIDGE STOCKS.—Will be added to the former list of valuable stocks to be sold THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, October 8th, at 7½ o'clock, on Second Floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:
3 shares M. & M. National Bank;
12 shares Allegheny Suspension Bridge Co.
A. McILWAINE, Auct.

FOR SALE—HORSES AND MULES—One pair large Mare Mules, 2,400 pounds, of good disposition and in fine working order, suitable for an iron wagon. One pair Brown Horses and two pairs Bay Horses for carriages or general work. Also, one excellent saddle and light harness Horse. Stock can be seen at Charles' Livery Stable, corner Sandusky street and Church Avenue, Allegheny city.
LOCKHART & CO.

CEMENT,
CEMENT,
BEST UNIONTOWN HYDRAULIC CEMENT,
Always on hand and for sale by
CHAS. B. LEECH,
No. 118 Second street.

ECONOMY IN FUEL.—50 PER CENT. SAVED: Spear's Anti-Dust Gas Burner STOVES for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Chambers, Stores, Offices, etc., secures perfect cleanliness when poking the fire; entire safety of the fire and freedom from dust; requires very little attention; facilitates ventilation of room, and is a first-class gas consumer. Six sizes. Send for a circular, or call and examine. ROBERTS & SHERRATT, Agents, No. 61 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

ONIONS. ONIONS.
800 bush. prime Yellow Onions,
Just received and for sale at 360 LIBERTY ST.
VAN GORDER & SHEPARD.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
Fine Flavored Oolong, Japan, Chulan, English Breakfast, Gunpowder, Imperial and Young Hyson TEAS.
For sale at low prices at the Family Grocery of
LEWIS & McCLURE,
346 Liberty street.

MONEY TO LOAN.
50,000 DOLLARS TO LOAN
On Governments or other good Collaterals, Mortgages wanted. Apply to
JACOB GLOSSER, Broker,
No. 115 Fourth street.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.—I will expose to public sale on [illegible] October 18th, A. D. 1867, at 10 A. M., [illegible] LIBERTY STREET, in the city of Pittsburgh, the following articles, to wit: The Lease [illegible] 1868, of 379 Liberty street, to expire April 1, [illegible] Show Cases, a Wooden Figure serving as a sign for Tobacco store; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, [illegible] Pipes, Stoves, and Office Desks and Furniture, Counter, Shelving, Partition with large glass [illegible], &c. Property late of HEGARTY & FULLMAR, Bankrupts.
H. BAILEY, Assignee, &c.

ONWARD, RIGHT ONWARD,
Into the valley of de[illegible]
Rode the six hundred.
But larger, by hundreds multiplied [illegible] millions, than the doomed band who rode to swift destruction in Tennyson's poem, is the great cavalcade of unhappy beings who are riding into misery worse than death, hugging that fearful disease FEVER AND AGUE, when by the use of

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS
They might, each one, be forever relieved [illegible] and their physical organization become th[illegible] improved by means of a purified blood an[illegible] condition of the stomach. The legitimate [illegible] using
Mishler's Celebrated Herb Bitt[ers]
Is to ward off Fever and Ague when it is [illegible] make its appearance, and to effect a radical [illegible] cases where it has already gained a foothold [illegible] makes no difference how long the victim of [illegible] ease has suffered from it, nor how violent the [illegible] itself may be, we are prepared to furnish ind[illegible] evidence that
Mishler's Celebrated Herb Bitt[ers]
Will cure it. It is inevitable from the very n[illegible] the medicine; hence there is no longer any [illegible] suffering. Send to your nearest Druggist f[illegible] invaluable Bitters, they all sell them.
Branch House, 26 Market S[treet]
PITTSBURGH.
FAHNESTOCK & HOLT[illegible]
TThs MANAG[illegible]

OVER 2,000,000 A MONTH.
THE DUPLEX COLLAR.
Licensed by Union Paper Collar Co., of N. Y.
This Collar is made of the best pure white linen stock, full-faced for the cravat, an exact imitation of linen, water proofed by an entirely new process, turned on a full curve line, and manufactured on new patented machinery, which imparts a beauty of form and finish possessed by no other Collar. In Byron and Garrote styles the WATER LINE COLLAR, a very heavy enameled, in same styles. The NE PLUS ULTRA COLLAR, plain—unequalled in whiteness, texture and strength.
THE DUPLEX CUFF.
600,000 PAIRS ORDERED WEEKLY.
This Cuff is made under the patent of the Ne Plus Ultra Collar Company, with a NEW BUTTON HOLE, patented June 19, 1866, used in no other Cuff, which enables the wearer to put in or take out the stud instantly, without tearing or injuring the Cuff or button hole. Heavy pure white stock, imitation of linen, water-proofed. We also manufacture the "Water Line Cuff," heavy enameled, corresponding with the Collar of that name NE PLUS ULTRA COLLAR COMPANY, Biddeford, Me.
Wholesale Agents—BEAN, BROWNSON & CO., 58 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Illinois.
KAUFMAN, OPPENHEIMER & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, 80 Wood street,
TThs Pittsburgh, Pa.

JACKSON'S UNIVERSAL
WASHING
COMPOUND,
An Entirely New Preparation.
We are now engaged in manufacturing this valuable article for cleansing purposes, which we have confidence will give entire satisfaction.
HOUSEKEEPERS,
PLEASE TRY IT.
With it you can save at least from three to five hours labor on the washboard, besides money, time and fuel. For FINE PAINTS it is invaluable, because it cleans them easily and makes them brighter. It is also useful for scrubbing floors, washing dishes, &c. It is warranted to contain
NO LIME,
Or other injurious article. For sale by Grocers and Druggists generally, and wholesale and retail at our Office and Salesroom,
NO. 59 FOURTH STREET.
TThs GEORGE R. SLATER & CO.

PITTSBURGH GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY, 43 Market street, near Third, Pittsburgh, Pa.
HUGH FITZPATRICK, PROPRIETOR.
Gold Pens, Gold and Silver Pen Holders, wholesale and retail. Pens carefully repaired. Persons living out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and they will be promptly returned.

20 DRUMS TURNER, VANHORN & CO.'S RAVEN FLOUNDERS.
20 drums Wm. B. Mann's Flounders.
Just received on consignment at
ROBERT F. WEDDELL'S
Regularly Established Virginia Tobacco Agency,
Corner of Smithfield and Water sts

BANK STATEMENTS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BIRMINGHAM, in Birmingham, Pa., on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$183,977 55
Real Estate		7,146 96
Expenses and Taxes		1,469 66
Remittances and other Cash Items		4,586 66
Due from National Banks		15,718 36
U. S. Bonds Deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure Circulating Notes		100,000 00
U. S. and other Bonds on hand		39,750 00
Cash on hand in Circulating Notes of other National Banks		2,335 00
Other Lawful Money		31,956 34
		$386,969 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$100,000 00
Surplus Fund and Earnings		23,533 79
Circulation		88,665 00
Due Depositors		174,359 74
Unpaid Dividend		402 00
		$386,969 53

I certify that the above is a correct copy of the Quarterly Report of this Bank, made and sent to the Comptroller of the National Currency.
JOHN P. BEECH, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, October 7th, 1867.

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts		$ 85,752 19
Overdrafts		787 13
Real Estate		30,000 00
Expenses and Taxes		5,393 24
Cash Items and Revenue Stamps		3,578 28
Due from Banks and Bankers		39,776 74
U. S. Bonds Deposited with Treasurer to secure Circulation		306,000 00
U. S. Bonds Deposited with Treasurer to secure Deposits	$ 60,000	
U. S. 7:30 Notes Deposited with Treasurer to secure Deposits	140,000—	200,000 00
U. S. Securities on hand		58,300 00
National Currency		15,003 00
Coin		4,347 19
Fractional Currency and Coppers		1,391 30
Legal Tender Notes		83,500 00
Compound Interest Notes		28,350 00
		$862,089 07

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$300,000 00
Circulation Outstanding		269,915 00
Individual Deposits	$120,115 67	
United States Deposit	132,515 81	
Due to Banks and Bankers	5,785 40	
Total Deposits		258,416 88
Unpaid Dividends		625 00
Surplus Fund	$ 14,922 57	
Profit and Loss	18,209 62—	33,132 19
		$862,089 07

I certify that the above is a correct abstract from the Quarterly Report sent to the Comptroller of the Currency.
D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT FIRST NATIONAL BANK, ALLEGHENY, October 7, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$466,944 77
U. S. Bonds and Securities		519,850 00
Overdrafts		1,745 91
Due from Banks and Bankers		60,762 07
Specie and Legal Tender Notes		171,549 79
National Currency		7,760 00
Notes of Solvent Banks		17 00
Fractional Currency		1,049 77
Cash Items and Checks on other Banks		9,563 81
Banking House		22,379 11
Expenses and Taxes		7,645 16
		$1,269,237 39

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$ 350,000 00
Due Individual Depositors	$467,347 11	
United States Deposits	63,982 14—	531,329 28
Due to Banks		3,026 80
Circulation		313,000 00
Dividend Unpaid		698 00
Contingent Fund and Profits		71,183 31
		$1,269,237 39

The above is a true abstract from the Quarterly Report made to the Comptroller of the Currency.
J. P. KRAMER, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, October 7, 1867.

ASSETS.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$ 542,827 42
Bonds and Mortgages		51,819 98
United States Bonds Deposited to secure circulation		500,000 00
Specie and other Lawful Money		149,190 96
Circulating Notes of Nat'l Banks		3,101 00
Circulating Notes of State Banks		591 00
Cash Items, Clearing House Checks, &c.		69,294 82
Due by Banks and Bankers		82,422 67
Real Estate		55,855 14
Expenses and Taxes		7,586 51
		$1,453,899 50

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$ 500,000 00
National Circulation		435,682 00
State Circulation		20,696 00
Individual Deposits		330,485 47
Dividends Unpaid		4,339 00
Surplus Fund and Earnings		156,495 55
Due by Banks and Bankers		6,201 48
		$1,453,899 50

I certify that the above is a true abstract of the statement made to the Comptroller of the Currency.
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.

ABSTRACT OF THE QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, on the morning of the 7th of October, 1867.

Loans and Discounts		$ 642,796 52
United States Bonds		502,000 00
Banking House and Fixtures		48,093 07
Expenses and Taxes		10,782 41
Due by Banks		203,891 29
Cash Items and Revenue Stamps		23,644 22
Cash, Legal Tender and Currency		131,964 24
		$1,562,144 75
Capital Stock		$ 500,000 00
Circulation		356,740 00
Dividend Unpaid		444 00
Due Depositors	$550,498 33	
Due to Banks	47,505 58—	598,003 91
Profits and Earnings		106,956 84
		$1,562,144 75

JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

QUARTERLY SNATEMENT OF THE GERMAN NATIONAL BANK, Monday, October 7th, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$472,818 44	
United States Bonds	265,000 00—	$ 737,818 44
Specie and Legal Tender Notes	163,583 10	
Circulation other National Banks	10,156 00	
Fractional Currency	1,716 30	
Checks on City Banks and Cash Items	25,131 16	
Due from Banks and Bankers	79,222 52—	$ 279,809 18
Banking House		35,830 18
Furniture and Fixtures		2,126 16
Expenses		5,579 94
Taxes		3,502 84
Premium and Interest		14,938 41
Overdrafts		4,989 84
Protest Account		25 75
		$1,084,649 72

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$ 250,000 00
Circulation		221,000 00
Individual Deposits	$458,382 14	
Due to Banks	71,969 86—	530,352 00
Surplus Fund	50,000 00	
Earnings	32,806 29—	82,806 29
Suspense Account		491 43
		$1,084,649 74

GEO. A. ENDLY, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE MECHANICS AND MANUFACTURERS NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, October 7th, 1867.

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$ 800,000 00
M. and M. Bank State Circulation		34,481 00
National Bank Circulation		638,508 00
Due Depositors		477,521 75
Due other Banks		45,530 66
Dividends Unpaid		4,804 50
Profits and Earnings		200,146 73
		$2,200,692 66

ASSETS.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$ 769,396 34
Banking House		28,217 80
Special and Legal Tender Notes	$332,616 52	
National Currency	66,000 00	398,616 52
Due by other Banks		196,949 70
Taxes and Expenses		7,512 28
U. S. Government Securities		800,000 00
		[illegible]

[illegible]

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF [illegible]

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$1,337,770 66
United States Bonds		550,000 00
Due from Banks and Bankers		179,182 14
Specie and Legal Tender Notes		414,457 50
National Currency		10,093 91
Cash Items and Remittances		86,873 62
Real Estate		37,000 00
Expense		313 05
		$2,615,690 88

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$500,000 00
Due Individual Depositors		1,258,896 30
Due Banks and Bankers		169,155 60
Due Treasurer of United States		104,904 11
Circulation		360,000 00
Contigent Fund and Profits		222,734 87
		$2,615,690 88

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true abstract from the quarterly report to the Comptroller of the Currency. J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, October 7, 1867.

ASSETS

Loans and Discounts		$ 777,391 91
United States Securities		400,000 00
Due from Banks and Bankers		278,623 89
Banking House and Lot		20,000 00
Expenses and United States taxes		11,704 01
Legal Tenders and Coin		212,746 92
Cash Items		41,738 48
		$1,742,205 21

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$ 400,000 00
State Circulation		22,112 00
National Circulation		358,336 00
Dividends Unpaid and Suspense Account		3,473 31
Individual Deposits		684,350 12
Due to Banks and Bankers		9,160 44
Surplus Fund and Profits		264,773 33
		$1,742,205 21

JNO. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE PEOPLES' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, October 7, 1867.

ASSETS.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$ 886,971 47
United States Securities at cost		938,678 15
Real Estate, Furniture, &c.		76,731 57
Legal Tender Notes, Checks, &c.		223,366 93
Due by Banks and Bankers		156,769 71
Expenses and Taxes		8,609 91
		$2,291,127 78

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$1,000,000 00
Circulation		8,900 00
Due Depositors		465,247 43
Due to Banks and Bankers		20,000 00
Surplus Fund and Profits		63,505 35
Dividends Unpaid		2,375 00
		$2,291,127 78

I certify that the above is a correct abstract from report to the Comptroller of the Currency.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

STATEMENT OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$300,257 43
United States Bonds		155,000 00
Cash Account		63,214 96
Real Estate		25,000 00
Expense		3,785 79
Due from Banks		1,846 31
		$549,104 49
Capital Stock		$150,000 00
Circulation		135,000 00
Surplus Fund		18,864 74
Discount Account		9,913 01
Deposits		228,871 18
Due Banks		5,795 56
Dividends Unpaid		660 00
		$549,104 49

J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.

BANK STATEMENTS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, October 1st, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$347,488 11
United States Bonds		300,000 00
Due from Banks and Bankers		55,683 21
Specie and Legal Tenders		75,003 28
Compound Interest Notes		27,870 00
National Currency and State Banks		11,602 00
Cash Items and Remittances		32,347 99
Suspense Account		18,137 87
Real Estate		10,000 00
Expenses and Taxes		8,480 77
		$886,612 23

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$300,000 00
Individual Depositors		200,739 77
Due from Banks and Bankers		77,042 09
Circulation		265,000 00
Unpaid Dividends		248 00
Contingent Fund and Profits		43,582 37
		$886,612 23

I certify that the foregoing is a true abstract from the Quarterly Report to the Comptroller of the Currency.
ROBT. J. STONEY, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, 7th October, 1867.

Notes and Bills Discounted		$1,167,416 27
U. S. Bonds to Secure Circulation		514,000 00
Other U. S. Securities		1,250 00
Specie		1,517 87
Legal Tender Notes		151,785 00
National Bank Notes		13,091 00
State Bank Notes		903 00
Fractional Currency, Cents, &c.		16,394 26
Remittances and other Cash Items		3,734 60
Due from National Banks		208,927 49
Due from other Banks and Bankers		3,803 57
Taxes and Expenses		13,925 10
Real Estate and Banking House and Bond and Mortgage		41,394 94
		$2,138,170 10
Capital Stock		$ 800,000 00
National Circulation		438,000 00
State Circulation		23,500 00
Depositors		696,898 45
Due to Banks and Bankers		14,917 12
Earnings		164,854 53
		$2,138,170 10

I certify that the above is a true abstract from the report made to the Comptroller of the Currency.
J. E. BRADY, JR., Cashier.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1867.

☞ NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Company within two years from this date, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of the said bonds. By order of the Board of Managers.
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE FORT PITT OIL CO., No. 24 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, October 4, 1867.

☞ DIVIDEND NO. 2—THE Board of Directors of the Fort Pitt Oil Co. have this day declared a Dividend of TWO AND ONE HALF (2½) PER CENT., payable on or after the 15th inst., at this office. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst.
T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL CO., No. 19 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, October 3d, 1867.

☞ DIVIDEND NO. 4—THE Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a monthly dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on and after the 15th inst., at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th instant, inclusive.
WILLIAM MUSSLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE.

I have this day sold and transferred my interest in the firm of GRAFF, BYERS & CO., to WILLIAM M'CULLOUGH and ISAAC JONES. The business will be carried on as heretofore, under the name of Graff, Byers & Co.
JACOB REESE.
Pittsburgh, October 5, 1867.

IN RETIRING FROM THE ABOVE Firm, I cheerfully recommend the new firm to the favor of our friends and the public generally.
JACOB REESE.
Pittsburgh, October 5, 1867.

NOTICE.

Mr. J. W. ANDERSON has this day withdrawn from the firm of G. H. ANDERSON & CO. The style of the firm remains unchanged.
Mr. J. W. Anderson, although retiring from the firm, will continue in their employ, and be found at his post as usual.
G. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 128 Second street.
October 2, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of SHRIVER, SPENCER & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOSEPH W. SPENCER has sold his interest to SAMUEL P. SHRIVER, who will settle all claims coming to or from the late firm of SHRIVER, SPENCER & CO., at Nos. 27 and 29 Smithfield st. The business will be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of S. P. SHRIVER & CO.
S. P. SHRIVER,
JOSEPH W. SPENCER,
JASON M. HOFFSTOT.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FIRM of Shriver, Spencer & Co., I cheerfully recommend the new firm to the favor of our friends and the public generally.
JOSEPH W. SPENCER.
Pittsburgh, October 1, 1867.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day associated themselves together under the firm name of S. P. Shriver & Co., for the conducting of the Wholesale Grocery, Produce and Commission Business, at Nos. 27 and 29 Smithfield street; we would cordially invite a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed by the customers of the old firm, and to all others not customers we give a cordial invitation to give us a call and examine our stock.
S. P. SHRIVER,
JOSEPH NEWCOMER,
JASON M. HOFFSTOT.
Pittsburgh, October 1, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Newcomer, Goe & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by BATEMAN GOE, at the old stand, No. 195 Liberty street. All persons indebted are requested to call and settle their account. Those having claims against the firm will please present them for settlement.
JOS. NEWCOMER,
BATEMAN GOE,
JOEL S. GOE.

TO OUR OLD CUSTOMERS.—HAVING retired from the Wholesale Grocery Business, we beg leave to most cordially recommend our old friends and patrons to the card of S. P. SHRIVER & CO., and solicit for them a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us.
BATEMAN GOE,
JOEL S. GOE.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

MR. C. W. ROBINSON

Is associated with me in the manufacture of GLASSWARE, to date from 1st instant.
The business will be conducted under the style of
BEST & ROBINSON,
At the corner of THIRD and TRY STREETS, where all orders will receive prompt attention, and be executed with dispatch.
JOHN BEST.
Pittsburgh, September 25, 1867.

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED having consolidated their respective firms, will hereafter conduct the business of JEWELLERS AND OPTICIANS, at No. 56 Fifth street, under the name and style of Dunseath & Haslett.
DUNSEATH & CO.,
HASLETT & CO.

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,
Jewellers and Opticians,
NO. 56 FIFTH STREET.

A continuance of the public patronage so generally awarded to the firms of Dunseath & Co., and Haslett & Co., is respectfully solicited.

DISSOLUTION—THE PARTNERSHIP existing under the style of J. McALPIN & CO., was dissolved on the 1st inst., by mutual consent, W. G. HARRISON retiring. The business will be settled by J. McALPIN, at No. 52 Wayne street.
J. McALPIN.
WM. G. HARRISON.
July 9th, 1867.

POLITICAL.

INDEPENDENT TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
MATTHIAS McGONNIGLE,
Of Allegheny City. Friends of the Temperance cause, and all ministers of churches are earnestly asked to do all in their power to secure the election of this nominee.

TO THE TRADE.

The attention of the Trade is called to the superior make, finish and cheapness of Messerole & Libby's
IMITATION LINEN
PAPER COLLARS
AND
CUFFS,
For Gentlemen, and especially of their new Collar styled
BISMARCK.
This is the strongest, best made and finest finish Paper Collar now in existence, being Cloth-lined at the button hole, of a most beautiful edge, and made from the best quality of linen paper.
PUTNAM & HOUSE
72
FIFTH STREET,
Are Sole Agents for Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio, by whom all orders will be filed at the Factory prices, and on the best terms.
eod

EUGENE LANGEN'S
PATENT SHELVING GRATES
And Smokeless Furnaces.
The above are offered to different Manufacturers and Steamboatmen. These Furnaces permit a smokeless combustion of any fuel; produce an intense heat; are very saving; easy to manage, and present always a cool fire front. Over 8,000 are already in operation. Different construction of Grates made on the above principle, can be furnished at a short notice to suit any furnace or steam boiler.
Address Postoffice Box No. 172 Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. S. MEISSNER.
Sole Agent for Eugene Langen in the U. S.

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER the world prefer and recommend the
GROVER & BAKER
No. 1 and No. 9 MACHINES, as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at
NO. 108 FIFTH STREET

DRY GOODS.

CARR,
M'CANDLESS
& CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
FOREIGN
AND
DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
NO. 94
WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
HAVE NOW OPEN
FOR INSPECTION
An unusually Large and Attractive Stock, all of which has been
BOUGHT FOR CASH,
AND WILL BE SOLD AT
EASTERN PRICES.

PRINTS,
ALL THE BEST MAKES.
Delaines,
Armures,
Coburgs,
Alpacas,
Cashmeres,
FRENCH MERINOS,
ALL COLORS.
Tickings,
Checks,
Denims,
Sattinets,
Kentucky
Jeans,
Tweeds,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
Cloths,
Doeskins,
Overcoatings,
SHAWLS,
LONG AND SQUARE.
BLANKETS,
ALL GRADES.
White and Colored
BALMORAL SKIRTS
ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF
Hosiery,
Gloves and
Notions.

BUYERS
ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE MAKING THEIR PURCHASES.

DRY GOODS.

CHEAP GOODS.

DRESS GOODS.
FRENCH POPLINS.
IRISH POPLINS.
FRENCH CHINTZES.
YARD WIDE LINENS, 25c.
YARD WIDE MUSLINS, 12 1-2c.
HUCKABACK TOWELS, very cheap.
TABLE LINENS.
10-4 SHEETINGS, QUILTS, &c.
JOHN PORTER,
91 MARKET STREET.
eod

VELVET SACQUES,
CLOTH SACQUES,
BROCHE SHAWLS,
CASHMERE SHAWLS,
WOOL SHAWLS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.

DRY GOODS,
AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
J. W. BARKER & CO.
59 MARKET ST.
We invite the particular attention of WHOLESALE BUYERS, to our Stock, complete in all the Various Departments of FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS, and to the fact that we sell everything at the VERY LOWEST EASTERN PRICES, and cut all kinds of goods into quantities to suit purchasers.

NEW STOCK.
IRISH POPLINS,
POPLIN PLAIDS,
FRENCH POPLINS,
EMBROIDERED SKIRTS,
ALPACA SKIRTS,
PLAID SHAWLS,
PLAID SILKS,
FRENCH CORSETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTING,
CLOAKING PLAIDS,
CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
A Complete Assortment of These Goods Just Received.
BATES & BELL,
21 FIFTH ST.

1867. FALL 1867.
DRY GOODS.
M'CANDLESS,
JAMISON
& CO.,
103 WOOD STREET,
Invite the attention of close buyers to their large and attractive stock of
DELAINES, PRINTS,
MUSLINS,
FOREIGN DRESS GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS,
WHITE GOODS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
HOSIERY AND NOTIONS.
Also, Sole Agents for Magill's Superior
FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS
AND
Country Blankets.
These Goods are excelled by none. We furnish them to the trade at manufacturers' lowest prices.
M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO.,
103 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

PROVISIONS.
300,000 lbs Bacon Shoulders;
50,000 lbs Bacon Sides;
1,000 tierces Leaf Lard;
100 kegs Leaf Lard, for family use;
300 tierces extra S. C. Hams;
Best Cincinnati and Louisville brands in store and for sale by
F. SELLERS & CO.,
327, 329 and 331, cor. Penn and Wayne sts.

PREMIUM PATENTS.
The following Patents, for which we have Territorial Rights for sale, were awarded First Premiums and Diplomas, by the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society, at its Fifteenth Annual Exhibition, held at Pittsburgh, in September, 1867:
Pocket Hand Corn Sheller;
Superior Bee Hive;
Model Bread and Meat Cutter;
Model Cultivator, or Shovel Plow;
Model Self-Setting Animal Trap;
Model Safe and Dumb Waiter;
Model Folding Bedstead;
Complete Bag Holder.
Also, for display of new Inventions. Machines and Rights sold at moderate rates.
JACOB WEAVER, JR., & CO.,
Patent Agency, No. 1 St. Clair st.

HARRISON & BRO.,
FURNISH STONE FLAGS,
For Floors requiring the greatest durability; Garden Walks, Hearths, Pavements, &c. These Flags are from 1 1-2 to 4 inches thick, and having the control of the
LARGEST AND BEST QUARRY
In the West, we can supply them in any quantity and at a very reasonable rate. Also, dealers in FREEPORT and COMMON STONE.
Office and Yard, corner BUTLER and BOUNDARY STREETS, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.

SHINGLES.
18 INCH SHINGLES,
The best in the market. DRY FLOORING, Dry Clear and 18 ft. BOARDS, at
C. C. BOYLE & CO.'S
Lumber Yard, above Suspension Bridge, Allegheny city.
TTF

NOTICE.—WHEREAS LETTERS Testamentary to the Estate of VICTOR SCRIBA, late of Reserve township, County of Allegheny, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same, without delay, to
CAROLINE SCRIBA, Executrix,
Reserve township, or to
HENRY C. REINEMAN,
T on Troy Hill, or at 144 Fourth st., up stairs.

HORSES FOR SALE.
15 good working Mares and Horses,
Just arrived and for sale at
HOWARD'S
Livery and Sale Stable, First street, near Monongahela House.

DRY GOODS.

AUTUMN TRADE, 1867.
M'ELROY,
DICKSON
& COMPANY,
54 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
NOW OFFER THEIR
FALL STOCK
DOMESTIC AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
SHAWLS
AND
NOTIONS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
The assortment will be kept complete during the season, and
Cash and Short Time Buyers
Are invited to examine the Stock.
S. B. McELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
JOHN T. SHANE.

FALL GOODS
A FULL LINE JUST OPENED AT THE
NEW WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
OF
DUNCAN & HUGUS.
Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
TICKINGS,
CANTON FLANNELS,
BAR'D COUNTRY FLANNELS,
LADIES' CLOAKING CLOTHS,
ALL COLORS.
Dress Goods,
MERINOS,
COBURGS,
DELAINES,
PRINTS,
SATINETS, TWEEDS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
BLANKETS,
COUNTERPANES,
Cotton Batting and Carpet Chain.
W. C. DUNCAN,
DANL. HUGUS,
53 and 55 Wood St.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON, J. G. STEPHENSON
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON
& CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
OFFER AT EASTERN PRICES,
DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS AND GINGHAMS,
BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,
BROWN SHEETINGS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
SATINETS, JEANS TWEEDS,
SHAWLS, SKIRTS,
HOSIERY,
FLANNELS AND
BLANKETS,
YANKEE NOTIONS
A FULL LINE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices before making their purchases.
FULLERTON'S
Freeport Barred Flannels.
We are the Agents for the sale of this well-known make.
Fullerton's Barred Flannels
Sold at MILL PRICE, Strictly on Commission. All genuine Fullerton Flannels have name on each piece.
"Greenville Woolen Mills," W. Craig & Co. We have accepted the Agency of this Mill, and are prepared to sell at MILL PRICE.
Greenville Barred Flannels,
AND
COUNTRY BLANKETS
These Flannels are 34 inches wide, the heaviest Scoured Flannels in the market and intrinsically good value.
Blankets, 10-4, weighing 6½ lbs.
Blankets, 11-4, weighing 7½ lbs.
These goods we deliver here at MILL PRICE, a saving to buyers of FREIGHT AND CHARGES.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 115 Wood street Pittsburgh.

STATE FAIR
STRANGERS VISITING THE FAIR WILL FIND AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
19 Fifth Street,
A SPLENDID STOCK OF FRESH GOODS, AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
New Dress and Cloak Trimmings.
Super Trimming and Bonnet Ribbons
New Styles of Gloves and Hosiery.
Embroideries of all kinds.
Bargains in Linen Handkerchiefs.
The New "Glove Fitting Corset."
Hair Plaits and Waterfalls—new styles
Evening Shawls and Circulars—new.
A NEW LOT OF
Fashionable Jet and Bogwood Jewelry
The celebrated "S. S." Kid Glove, $1 10
Every Pair Warranted.
The "Star Shirt," Suspenders, Ties, &c
A complete Line of Fall and Winter
Undershirts and Drawers
Another Lot of those Superior
PROMENADE SATCHELS
AND TRAVELING BAGS
We have just opened a choice line of FANCY ARTICLES and NOTIONS, which we offer to Cash Buyers at Eastern Prices.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.

FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS
WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF THE
DALBEY AND LYMAN SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS.
Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to these facts.
WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
Office 18 and 20 Wood Street, Pittsburgh
P. S.—Our Dalbey Jar, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpasses all others in the market.

he Daily Commercial

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

'he latest hymn of extraordinary popularity England is entitled "Paradise." It has alled in general acceptation the well-known erusalem the Golden," and will soon be in-duced in some of the leading churches in e country.

'he minister who gave "the charge to the ple" at a recent installation at Methuen, ss., threw out a good hint to the effect "re-member your pastor in your legacies if you e anything to give away."

'he *Pall Mall Gazette* describes the Pan-An-an Synod as "the absurdity of misplaced desty, decorum and timidity. The Church England was long since said to be dying of ency. It, or rather its bishops, are now out to call in all the world to witness a crisis the disease."

An Australian writer in regard to the state-nt made by the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, of Trini-l, as to the live stock in our great Southern onies: The honorable gentleman says there 180,000,000 cattle and 300,000,000 sheep in stralia. He may well point exultingly to h a world-supply, but it is altogether illu-y. The present numbers in Australasia hich includes Tasmania and New Zealand) about 5,000,000 cattle, and a little under 000,000 sheep.

General Sheridan says that the New Orleans gistration lists show more colored people who sign their names than whites.

A drop of human blood placed under a mi-oscope magnified twenty million times, would ow all kinds of animals that ever existed, or w exist, upon the earth. So says a German ofessor. In the blood of a healthy person e animals are quiet—in that of a sick person ey fight. The natural German conclusion om all this is that man has within him all the ements of the creation. Our Teutonic meta-ysician further says that if a cat is flung into pool of water, and left to decompose, a drop the water will show, when under a micro-ope, all the animals belonging to the cat spe-es.

PERSONAL.

—Says the New York *Gazette*: The effort of Miss auch last night to personate the leading char-cter in Gounod's "Faust," was so far success-l that the audience was willing to accept the oung lady as a promising successor to Miss ellogg, on whose rendering of the part Amer-an judgment seems to be chiefly founded.

—A. P. Macdonald, who built the Jamestown nd Franklin Railroad, and who has a heavy ontract on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, was ecently elected a member of the Canadian louse of Commons. The contest was close nd exciting,—Mr. Macdonald's majority being nly nineteen. He is a genial and worthy gen-leman, in whose success his American friends vill rejoice.

—Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, of New York, uthor of that exquisite hymn, "I would not ive always," is seventy-one years old, and on he 22d of September celebrated the anniver-sary of his ordination.

—The late Professor Faraday belonged to a small sect known as Sandimanians, who are very high Calvinists, and of late years was an lder and frequently preached in the chapel on Goswell road, London. A Nottingham cor-respondent of a London paper says: "I heard Faraday read the Holy Scriptures nearly forty years ago, in the little Sandimanian chapel in Hound's Gate in this town, and was then struck with the simplicity of his manners, and the clearness and impressiveness of his read-ing."

—Mrs. Avonia Jones Brooke, the actress whose death is announced, was a woman of domestic virtues and of real professional talent. In England, where she was well received by the theater-going public, she married Gustavus Brooke, the tragedian, who was lost at sea. Her father is the notorious Count Joannes, and her mother, Mrs. Melinda Jones, a well-known stock actress. Mrs. Brooke's last appearance here was at Winter Garden, New York, a few years ago, when she played in Mr. Daly's "Judith," and other pieces.

—Rev. Baron Stow, D. D., who recently re-signed the pastorate of the Rowe street (Bap-tist) church in Boston, has been invited unan-imously to Upper Alton, Ill., to be a pastor, and also an instructor in Shurtleff College. The Rowe street church has been sold for $80,000, and is to be taken down to make room for stores. Possession is to be given next July.

—Since the death of the Prince Consort, the Queen has played only sacred music, and that chiefly on the harmonium. The eminent musi-cian who taught her this instrument is now engaged in arranging for it, for her Majesty's use, all the modern oratorios by Costa, Schach-ner, etc. The arrangements are ultimately to be published.

—General Fremont is now pushing a railroad through the Mexican provinces of Chihuahua and Sonora, that will connect the Rio Grande and the James River via Little Rock and Mem-phis, with Guaymas, in California; hence, be-fore the expiration of another year, it is expect-ed that Richmond will be in direct railroad communication with San Francisco.

—The Emperor Napoleon is about to buy an estate for his son, and is said to have selected the historic ground lying between Bourg la Reine and Sceaux, now the property of the Duke of Treviso, for the future residence of his son. The house on the estate was built by Henry IV., for Gabrielle d'Estrees. The Em-peror is said to have offered the Duke of Treviso three millions for the estate, but the Duke de-mands four millions.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Flatulent or Windy Colic—These medicines are especially rec-ommended for relieving the oppression frequently experienced after a hearty meal—in fact, they are the dinner Pills—they assist nature in her digestive process, correct all acid, flatulent or bilious tenden-cies, and by equalizing the circulation prevent a flow of blood to the head. For upwards of fifty years, they have been the only remedies of millions of people for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver com-plaints, and all disorders of the stomach and bowels. Sold by all Druggists.

☞ CAUTION.—We call attention to the fact that *imitations* of our fine ELECTRO-PLATE, consisting of Dinner, Dessert Tea Services, etc., are extensively produced by American manufacturers; also, that there are English imitations in market, both of inferior quality. These goods are offered for sale by many dealers, and are well calculated to deceive. Purchasers can only detect and avoid coun-terfeits by noting our trade-mark thus:

Trade Mark for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO Stamped on base of every article.

Our goods, which can be obtained from all respon-sible dealers, bear this stamp. They are heavily plated on the finest Albata or Nickel Silver, and we guarantee them in every respect superior to the best Sheffield plate. GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO., Silversmiths and Manufacturers of Fine Elec-tro Plate, Providence, R. I. TUF

☞ TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL, UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL,

A SAFE, CERTAIN AND SPEEDY CURE FOR NEURALGIA AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

It is an unfailing remedy in all cases of Facial Neu-ralgia, often effecting a perfect cure in a single day. No form of Nervous Disease fails to yield to its magic influence. Even the severest cases of Chronic Neu-ralgia and general Nervous derangements of many years' standing, affecting the entire system, are com-pletely and permanently cured by it in a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost. It contains nothing injurious to the most delicate system, and can always be used with perfect safety. It is in constant use by the best physicians, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of $1 and two postage stamps. Sold everywhere.

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
eod 120 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.

☞ WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure the itch.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Salt Rheum.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures Old Sores.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures all Diseases of the Skin.
Price 50 cents—by mail 60 cents. All Druggists sell it. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, eod* Proprietors.

FURNITURE.

EVERY SET WARRANTED
Parlor, Bed-Room and Dining-Room
FURNITURE.
LEMON & WEISE,
118 FOURTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The best stock store in the city—the largest assort-ment of Furniture of every style and description, and the most reasonable price list. Call and examine.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,
Practical Furniture Manufacturers.
Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Con-stantly on hand a large assortment of elegant and fashionable FURNITURE. All our work is made by hand and warranted. Orders promptly attended to.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,
Jewelers and Opticians,
Have just opened a large and well selected stock of
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS, AND ALL KINDS OF OPTICAL GOODS.
56 FIFTH STREET.

CHAFING DISHES,
FOR OYSTERS, GAME, &C.
All styles on hand at the Housefurnishing Store of
T. H. RICHARDS,
30 Fifth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
WM. HENDERSON....................LESSEE.
M. W. CANNING....................MANAGER.
T. R. HANN....................STAGE MANAGER.
For six nights only, most positively, the great Tragedian,
MR. EDWIN BOOTH.
TUESDAY EVENING, October 8th, 1867, Shakespeare's grand work in four acts entitled
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.
Shylock....................Mr. Edwin Booth.
Portia....................Miss Mary McVicker.
Wednesday Evening—Mr. BOOTH as Romeo.
SATURDAY—Grand Booth Matinee.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.
TUESDAY EVENING, October 8, 1867, posi-tively the last night of
GRIFFIN & CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS
And benefit of the popular comedian Mr. GEO. CHRISTY. A startling programme brim full of wit and humor, an entirely original performance, concluding with the ever popular
BLACK CROOK.

PROF. CARPENTER'S DANCING ACADEMY, PHILO HALL, 75 Third street, is now open for the reception of Pupils. Tuition, Ladies' and Gent's Class, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 7 o'clock; Ladies', Misses' and Masters' Class, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., from October 1st. Soiree EVERY THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

PROF. COWPER'S DANCING ACADEMY is now open for the reception of pupils, at his New Assembly Rooms, No. 51 Fifth street, opposite the Old Theater. Days of Tuition: MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Ladies', Masters and Misses' Class 3 P. M.; Gentle-men's Class at 8 o'clock in the Evening. Circu-lars to be had at the Music Stores, or from
PROF. COWPER,
At St. Charles Hotel.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERAY,
63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Alle-gheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" Office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same.

CARPETS.

51 FIFTH STREET.
McCALLUM BROS.
HAVE ON HAND THE FALL STYLES OF
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CRUMB CLOTHS,
WIDE FELTINGS AND DRUGGETS,
TOILANES,
A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF TABLE COVERING.
An extra quality of
RAG CARPETS,
LIST AND YARN CARPETS.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET,
BETWEEN SMITHFIELD AND WOOD.

BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS.
AT RETAIL.
ALL WOOL INGRAINS
REDUCED 25 CTS. PER YARD.
BRUSSELS CARPETS
REDUCED 25 CTS. PER YARD.
Good White and Red Checked
CHINA MATTING,
REDUCED TO 35 CENTS PER YARD.
Heavy Reduction in
LACE CURTAINS,
AND MANY OTHER GOODS.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice, Second Floor, over Miner's Book Store. eod

NEW FALL STOCK
OF
CARPETS.
Just Arriving, a very Large Stock of English and American
BRUSSELS.
English Tapestry Brussels.
American Tapestry Brussels.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
DRUGGETS.
MEDALLION DRUGGETS,
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
WINDOW SHADES,
RUGS, MATS, &c.
We offer many of our Goods at a Large Reduction from last Spring's Prices. Special inducements to those who BUY TO SELL and to Cash Customers.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH STREET.

CARPETS.
Together with our new and complete assortment of WILTONS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS AND THREE-PLIES, we have opened the largest stock now offered in the city of
LOW-PRICED
ALL-WOOL INGRAINS.
HEMPS,
Fine Listing & Heavy Rag Carpets
Which we are enabled by our large contracts to offer to our retail customers at wholesale prices.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH STREET.

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Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Patent Med-cines, Dye Stuffs, Stationery, Books; also, Periodicals, Magazines, &c., &c.
Physicians' Prescriptions carefully Compounded.

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Wholesale and Retail
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No. 77 Federal Street, near Depot,
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JOHN M. TIERNAN....................MALCOLM HAY.
TIERNAN & HAY,
LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE,
NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Real Estate bought and sold, and Mortgages ne-gotiated.

Health and Economy.
PURE WATER
PATENT
LEAD ENCASED
Block Tin Pipe
Recommended by the Croton Water Board of New York, and the Boards of Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Boston, and by the most eminent medical men of the country. Costs less than Lead Pipe, and is much stronger. Recent improvements enable us to supply this Pipe at a less price per foot than common Lead Pipe. To give the cost per foot, please furnish the pressure or head of water, and bore of Pipe. Pamphlets sent free on application. Address THE COLWELL, SHAW & WILLARD MANUFAC-TURING CO., foot of West 27th street, New York. WELDON & KELLY, 147 Wood street, Agents.

FOR SALE—A SECOND HAND DOUBLE CYLINDER PRESS. Size of bed, 31x46. Address COMMERCIAL

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H. CHILDS & CO.,
NO. 133
WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
AND
JOBBERS
IN
BOOTS,
SHOES,
RUBBERS and
LEATHER,
INVITE THE INSPECTION OF
City and Country Merchants
To our large and well selected stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every variety and style, and particularly to full lines of
CUSTOM WORK,
MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED,
WHICH WE OFFER AT
EASTERN PRICES,
To Cash or prompt short time buyers.
☞ Agents for sale of HOPE MILLS COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAIN, SEAMLESS BAGS AND BATTING
H. CHILDS & CO.

JOHN GILL & SONS
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
NO. 113 WOOD ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The attention of the trade and merchants in gen-eral, are invited to examine our stock, particularly
OUR OWN MAKE AND BRAND
Of goods, which we warrant, and will be sold at the
Lowest Eastern Prices.

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS
JAMES P. TANNER
NO. 56 WOOD STREET,
Is in receipt of his LARGE STOCK of desirable
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
Which he will offer to CASH AND SHORT TIME BUYERS AT LOW PRICES
☞ An examination is requested.

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HATS,
MENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S,
ALL QUALITIES AND STYLES.
R. H. PALMER.
84 WOOD STREET.

EDUCATIONAL.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
MILITARY ACADEMY
AT
Evergreen Hamlet,
NEAR PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania
PRESIDENT—COL. T. F. LEHMANN, A. M.,
VICE PRES'T—J. M'DONALD CROSSAN, Esq.
SEC'Y AND TREAS—GEO. H. HOLTZMAN.
The Second Session of this Institution commences on Thursday, September 5th.
Circulars with full particulars, regulations, terms &c., will be sent on application to
T. F. LEHMANN, A. M., President,
Late Colonel 103d Penna. Vols.
Box 493, Allegheny city, Pa., J. McD. CROSSAN, Esq., Vice President, at the Monongahela House, or GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, Secretary, 76 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. d*

MOZART MUSICAL INSTITUTE,
OF PITTSBURGH,
OVER THE PIANO STORE OF MRS. C. BLUME, No. 43 FIFTH STREET,
MISS CARRIE A. MOODY, Principal.
Terms, per Quarter—For Instrumental, on Piano or Melodeon, $15; for Instrumental and Vocal, $25; Composition, $15. Special attention paid to those wishing to fit themselves for Teachers.
On and after SEPTEMBER 25th, MISS MOODY will receive a limited number of pupils on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, in connection with Miss M. E. LEFAVOR'S Select School, corner of Federal street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny city. eod

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.
A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES
No. 62 Grant Street.
The first Term of the next Session of this School will begin on MONDAY, September 9th. Registers can be obtained at Davis, Clarke & Co.'s, 93 Wood street, and at Weldin & Co.'s, 101 Wood street.
For information or admission address Rev. R. J. COSTER, Rector. TThS

KENWOOD
BOARDING SCHOOL,
FOR BOYS.
For Catalogues, address
TThStf REV. J. P. TAYLOR, New Brighton, Pa.

MISS CARRIE A. MOODY,
TEACHER OF
PIANO AND MELODEON,
Over Mrs. Blume's Music Store, 43 FIFTH ST., Pittsburgh.
TERMS—$15 PER QUARTER. eod

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE.
(ENGLISH AND FRENCH.)
FOR YOUNG LADIES. BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS.
1,527 and 1,529 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Will re-open on THURSDAY, September 19th. French is the language of the family, and is con-stantly spoken in the Institute.
TUF MADAME D'HERVILLY, Principal.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ISAAC TRESCOTT, 129 MAIN ST.
SALEM, OHIO,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, PAPER STOCK,
WALL AND WINDOW PAPER
Yankee Notions, Gold Pens,
General Stationery
Fancy Soaps and Fancy Goods.
Also, General Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL, containing the largest amount of reading matter of any paper in the State. oc18

JOHN LINNENBRINK,
(near Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Depot,)
ROCHESTER, PA.
Dealer in
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.
Penknives manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cutlery Co., Rochester, Pa.
Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMER-CIAL.

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JOHN F. CLULEY
HAS REMOVED TO 134 SMITHFIELD ST.
Directly opposite the old stand.

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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
NO. 13 SMITHFIELD STREET.
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COAL, COKE, LIME.
PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE
Gas, Coal and Coke Co
Office and Yard on Marion Avenue, nea P., F. W. & C. RR., Allegheny City.
LEWIS LAMM, Gen. Agent.
Particular attention given to shipment of COAL and COKE West. fe25

PAPER BAGS,
PAPER BAGS.
W. A. M'CLURG, 57 HAND STREET.
ALWAYS ON HAND, PRINTED TO ORDER, the BEST PAPER BAGS made for Flour, Buckwheat and Groceries. Also,
WRAPPING PAPER AND TWINES.

GROCERIES, &C.

FOREIGN FRUITS AND NUTS.
SUNDRIES:
160 bags African Pea Nuts, small;
160 bags Southern Pea Nuts, large;
50 bags Inca Almonds;
20 bags Sicily Almonds;
5 bags Lisbon Paper Shell Almonds;
40 boxes Shelled Almonds;
25 bags Filberts;
20 bags Brazil Nuts;
10 bags Naple Walnuts;
20 bags French Walnuts;
5 bbls Pecans;
3,000 Cocoa Nuts;
200 boxes Layer Raisins;
25 kegs French Prunes;
50 cases ½ and ¼ cans Sardines;
20 mats Dates;
300 boxes New No. 1 Herring;
200 dozen quart Tomato Catsup;
100 dozen pint Tomato Catsup;
100 dozen Pepper Sauce;
20 boxes Vermicelli;
25 boxes Maccaroni;
10 cases Drum Dairy Salt;
Now in store and for sale Low by
REYMER & BROS.,
Nos. 126 and 128 WOOD ST.

SAML. P. SHRIVER....................JASON M. HOFFSTOT,
JOS. NEWCOMER.
S. P. SHRIVER & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Nos. 27 and 29 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Corner of Second, Pittsburgh.

SUNDRIES.
218 bags strictly choice Rio Coffee;
120 bags strictly prime Rio Coffee;
110 bags fair to good Rio Coffee;
60 pockets choice Old Government Java Coffee;
160 bbls Lovering's Syrup;
200 bbls choice P. R. Sugar;
250 bbls Refined Sugars;
150 bbls Sugar House Sugar;
30 hhds prime P. R. Molasses;
40 hhds choice Cuba Sugar;
200 half chests Green and Black Teas;
50 half chests choice Japan Teas;
400 dozen Brooms, choice to common;
In Store, and arriving by Pennsylvania Railroad, and for sale by
JAMES CONNOR, Wholesale Grocer,
No. 355 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

GROCERIES.
Coffees, Sugars, Molasses,
SYRUPS, RICE, TEAS,
Soda, Tobacco, &c., &c.
A large and complete stock at low figures.
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
130 and 132 Second street.

RAW ROLL TOBACCO.
Baltimore Spun Roll;
Navy Pounds and Halves;
Cavendish Quarters;
Congress Tens;
Louisville Cut and Dry;
Gold Dust Fine Cut Chewing;
Mt. Vernon Fine Cut Chewing;
Soaps, Oils, Candles,
Spices, Cheese, &c.,
For sale to Country Merchants and others, by
RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO.,
345 LIBERTY STREET,
NEAR UNION DEPOT.

WILLIAM MILLER,
(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,)
200 bbls Lovering's Refined Sugar;
100 half chests Japan Tea;
150 half chests Imperial, Gunpowder and Y. H. Tea;
50 half chests Oolong Tea;
125 boxes M'Keone, Van Haagen & Co's Chem-ical Olive Soap;
50 bags choice Laguayra Coffee;
15 bags choice Old Government Java Coffee;
10 cases finest Olive Oil;
150 packages Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel; kitts, quarters, halves and bbls, Bay and Shore.
100 boxes choice Navy Tobacco;
15 half boxes Natural Leaf Tobacco;
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES BY
WM. MILLER,
LATE MILLER & RICKETSON.

MEANS & COFFIN,
Wholesale Grocers,
COR. OF WOOD AND WATER STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A WELL SELECTED
Stock of Groceries,
Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we in-vite the attention of Cash Buyers. ap18-eod

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WHOLESALE GROCER AND PRODUCE MERCHANT,
East Cor. Diamond Square, No. 18,
Dealer in FLOUR, SALT, FISH, LARD and RE-FINED OILS; GROCER'S DRUGS, BACON, and merchandise generally suitable to the trade. Orders filled promptly and delivered free of charge.

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MALIN & HAMMETT,
IRON COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
PIG METAL AND BLOOMS
Nos. 69 and 70 WATER STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

DAV. CRAWFORD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
In PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c.
Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments so-licited.

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IRON BROKER,
134 FIRST STREET,
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Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Duncannon, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glen-don, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.
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BREWERS.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY,
JOSEPH SPENCER....................JAMES M'KAY
SPENCER & M'KAY,
Malsters and Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au30-1y

ISAIAH WOODBURY,
DEALER IN
PAINTS AND VARNISHES
Neats Foot, Tanners, Lard,
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OILS.
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CASTOR OIL,
In Banker's Patent 5 and 10 Gallon Cans.
NEWFOUNDLAND OIL CO.'S CELEBRATED
Cod Liver Oil,
WARRANTED PERFECTLY PURE
ISAIAH WOODBURY,
SOLE AGENT,
26 DEY STREET,
NEW YORK.

HAZARD POWDER
I am now prepared to fill, at shortest notice, all or-ders for large or small lots of
Hazard's Celebrated Powder.
All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pitts-burgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.
ARTHUR KIRK.

DON'T
BE DECEIVED
By flourishing advertisements of LOW PRICED Machines, as by patronizing such you only throw your money away, but buy a GROVER & BAKER, at 105 FIFTH STREET.

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NEW
HATS, RIBBONS,
AND
FLOWERS,
A Choice Lot
OPENED TO-DAY,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.
RIBBON,
Trimming and Notion House,
The Largest Store and Stock.
ANOTHER LINE OF
New Goods,
JUST RECEIVED AT
Nos 77 and 79 Market St,
Including a splendid assortment of
BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES, BUTTONS, COLORED VELVET RIBBONS.
ZEPHYR KNIT AND WOOLEN GOODS.
CALL AND SEE US.
Prices Same as Eastern Jobbers. Terms Cash.
JOS. HORNE & CO.

OPENING.
MRS. S. A. STODDART,
Will open at her ROOMS, No. 46 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny, on SATURDAY, October 5th, a large and handsome assortment of
BONNETS, HATS, &c., OF THE LATEST STYLES

WHOLESALE
MILLINERY
AND
RIBBON HOUSE.
J. D. BERND,
Cor. Fifth and Market Sts.,
SECOND FLOOR.

J. BENSWANGER & CO.,
55 MARKET STREET,
Wholesale Dealers
IN
MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS,
Keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
Ribbons, Flowers, Hats,
BONNETS, &c.
We have the best facilities for supplying the trade, and earnestly invite a comparison of our styles and prices with those of other city houses. We feel con-fident that an examination of our stock will prove to the advantage of all WHOLESALE BUYERS.

STRAW GOODS, &c.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Bonnets, Hats,
RIBBONS, MILLINERY GOODS,
FLOWERS, &c.
OF THE LATEST FALL STYLES, NOW OPEN
PRICES LARGELY REDUCED.
R. H. PALMER.
84 WOOD STREET.

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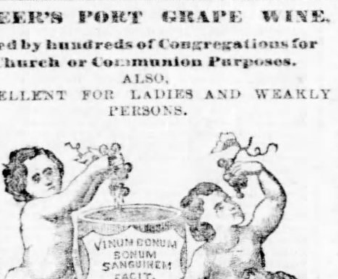
S. A. HATCH....................DAN. ABLE,
CHAS. E. MAURICE....................CHAS. M. ELLEAR
HATCH, MAURICE & CO.,
RECTIFIERS AND DEALERS IN
Foreign & Domestic Liquors
IN BOND AND FREE,
No. 218 Walnut St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
We have a United States Bonded Ware-house, and solicit shipments.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.
ALSO,
EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.



VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.
SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,
FOUR YEARS OLD.
This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable
Tonic and Strengthening Properties
Are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weak-est invalid may use it to advantage. It is particu-larly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect,
A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.
Invalids use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
Females use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
Weakly persons find a benefit by its use.
SPEER'S WINES in hospitals are preferred to other wines.
☞ Sold by Druggists and Grocers.
A. SPEER'S VINEYARD, New Jersey. Office, 243 BROADWAY, New York. TThS

R. P. GETTY,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 55, N. E. COR. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND,
Allegheny City, Pa.

SCALES.

FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD
SCALES.

Of all kinds, including
RAILROAD, HAY, COAL, GRAIN, STOCK PLATFORM and COUNTER SCALES.
Also, a full assortment of Druggist' and Prescrip-tion Scales. Fine Gold and Jeweller's Scales, Iron and Brass Beams, Market Scales, Standard Weights and Measures, &c., &c.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
Cor. Wood and Second sts., Pittsburgh.
Scales Examined and Repaired Promptly.

GET NONE BUT A
GROVER & BAKER,
It is the best for all purposes. Call at
105 FIFTH STREET.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS
AND
CINCINNATI RAILROAD
Pan Handle Route.
CHANGE OF TIME. On and after MONDAY, October 7th, 1867, Trains will leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail Express	2:05 a m	12:25 a m
Mixed Way	6:10 a m	6:10 p m
Fast Line	9:40 a m	7:10 p m
Walker's Accommod'n	11:10 a m	2:05 p m
Fast Express	2:50 p m	10:55 a m
Steubenville Accom'n	3:55 p m	9:35 a m
McDonald's Accom'n	5:10 p m	8:20 a m

SUNDAY TRAIN leaves at 7:00 p. m., arriving in Cincinnati at 10:00 next morning.
Church Train leaves Sunday at 12:55 p. m.
The 9:40 a. m. Train leaves daily. Sunday and Monday excepted, arriving in Cincinnati at 10:00 same evening, 7½ hours in advance of all other lines.
No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cin-cinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis, Cairo, and the principal points West and Southwest.
When purchasing Tickets be sure and find the Of-fice of the *PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD*, Union Depot, (south side).
M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH, Ticket Agent,
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent,
JOHN H. MILLER, G. E. Agent.

PITTSBURGH,
Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. W.,
AND
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.
From October 6th, 1867, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, North Side, Pitts-burgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Chicago Exp.	2:13 a m	Chicago Ex.	2:43 a m
Cleveland Ex.	4:13 a m	Cleveland Ex.	2:43 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	6:13 a m	Chicago Ex.	10:08 a m
Cl. & Whg M'l.	6:28 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:38 a m
Chicago Mail.	6:58 a m	Chicago Ex.	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex.	9:43 a m	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	4:03 p m
Cl. & Whg. Ex.	12:43 p m	Erie & Ygn. Ex	6:58 p m
Chicago Ex.	2:28 p m	Chicago Ex.	6:38 p m
Wheeling Ex.	4:43 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex.	7:08 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Br'tn Acc.	8:58 a m	N. Br't Acc.	7:03 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:13 a m	N. Brt'n Acc.	8:48 a m
Leetsdale Ac.	11:53 a m	Wellsville Ac.	9:23 a m
Rochester Ac.	1:33 p m	N. Castle Acc.	10:13 a m
Wells' & N C Ac	3:33 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	11:18 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:03 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	1:18 p m
N. Brt'n Acc.	5:33 p m	N. Brt'n Acc.	2:43 p m
N. Brt'n Acc.	6:28 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	4:23 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	7:28 p m

☞ 2:28 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ 10:58 A. M., Chicago Express arrives daily
F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAIL ROAD—On and after OCTOBER 6, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Day Express	3:00 a m
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1	6:20 a m	Mail Train	7:30 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:50 a m	Wall's No. 2	9:50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex.	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:10 a m	Wall's No. 3	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac	10:15 a m	Johnstown Ac.	2:50 p m
Phila. Express	1:50 p m	Wall's No. 4	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Phil. Express	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4	2:50 p m	Wall's No. 5	4:50 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:50 p m	Wall's No. 6	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 6	7:00 p m	Fast Line	7:40 p m
Altoona Ac. and Emig't train	10:30 p m	Wall's No. 7	10:50 p m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sun-day at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.
Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommo-dation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.
For further information, apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dol-lars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l. Supt., Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after June 9th, 1867, the Passenger Trains on the Western Penn-sylvania Railroad, will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny city, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Sharpsbg No 1.	6:25 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No 1.	8:15 a m	Freeport No 1.	9:05 a m
Express	10:10 a m	Sharpsbg No 1.	11:20 a m
Sharpsbg No 2.	1:25 p m	Express	2:00 p m
Freeport No 2.	4:25 p m	Harmersville	3:50 p m
Mail	6:05 p m	Freeport No 2.	6:05 p m
Harmersville	7:10 p m	Sharpsbg No 2.	7:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:45 p. m.
Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twen-ty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on ticket.
The Trains leaving Allegheny City at 6.50 a. m. and 2.00 p. m., make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler and Han-nahstown. Through Tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 2 St. Clair Street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.
For further information, apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.
The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to ONE HUNDRED DOL-LARS in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAIL ROAD.
Running Through to Brady's Bend.
On and after THURSDAY, July 18, 1867, Pas-senger trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows:

	Leave Pittsb'gh.	Arrive.
Mail (to & from Brady's B'd)	6:10 a m	6:20 p m
First Soda Works Accom.	8:40 a m	7:45 a m
Hulton Accommodation	10:00 a m	12:30 a m
Kittanning Accom'n	1:00 p m	9:30 p m
Express	3:20 p m	10:20 a m
Second Soda Works Ac.	5:20 p m	5:20 p m
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1:00 p m	8:30 a m

Express Train makes close connection at Brady's Bend, with Packets for Franklin and Oil City.
Mail, South, connects with Packets from Franklin and Oil City.
H. BLACKSTONE,
Superintendent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE
TO THE EAST.
SHORTEST & FASTEST LINE
Between Pittsburgh and New York,
VIA HARRISBURG, READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTS-BURGH AND NEW YORK.
☞ SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS. ☜
Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Rail-road in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3:10 and 11:00 A. M., 4:30 and 10:15 P. M. On Sun-days 11:00 A. M.
Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9:00 A. M., 5:00 and 8:00 P. M.
Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLS-VILLE RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives Pittsburgh
Mail to and from Uniontown.	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	1:00 p m
West Newton Accom	6:15 p m	8:30 a m
First McKeesport Accom	11:00 a m	6:50 a m
Second	11:00 p m	2:05 p m
Braddock's	4:10 p m	5:45 p m
Sunday Church train to and from West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For tickets apply to J. W. KING, Agent.
mh15 W. R. STOUT, Sup't.

PIANOS.

PIANOS,
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons
AT VERY LOW PRICES BY
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
NO. 160 SMITHFIELD STREET, two doors above Sixth.
First-class PIANOS from $325 upwards.
Superior MELODEONS from $50 upwards.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRIMMINGS and STRINGS,
TEN PER CENT. CHEAPER
THAN IN OTHER MUSIC STORES.

CHAS. B. BARR....HERMAN T. KNAKE....WM. L. BUETTLER
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
(Successors to Wamelink & Barr,)
No. 12 St. Clair Street,
DEALERS IN
PIANOS, ORGANS,
AND
Musical Goods Generally.
Sole Agents for the celebrated BRAD-BURY, New York, and SCHOMAKER & CO., Philadelphia,
PIANOS.
Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "Cottage," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "American"
ORGAN,
AND TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.
The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. no17

HOTELS.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
FOURTH STREET,
BET. WASHINGTON & FRANKLIN AVENUES,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
The undersigned, formerly a joint partner in the Everett House, takes pleasure in announcing to his old friends and the public generally, that he has taken the St. Nicholas for a term of years. The said Hotel has been renovated, refitted and refurnished with modern improvements and conveniences, and will be provided with the best the market affords and charges moder-ate, and every attention given to supply the wants of the guests. The patronage of the public is re-spectfully solicited. $2.50 PER DAY.
E. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

UNION DEPOT
HOTEL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
Is situated at the junction of all the Principal Rail-road Lines entering the city of Pittsburgh, and is conveniently located for access to the Banks, Post-office, City Passenger Cars, &c., and well adapted in every respect to meet the wants of the Traveling Public.
RESTAURANT ON FIRST FLOOR, where Meals can be had at ALL HOURS, DAY AND NIGHT. Sundays excepted.
B. D. MARKER, Supt.

PRODUCE.
15 bbls Rye Flour, fresh ground; 180 bush bolted Corn Meal; 50 bush bolted Corn, white; 5,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Oats; 3,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Rye; 500 lbs White Middlings; 15 bush Barley; 20 bush Shelled Corn. Now receiving and for sale: 100 boxes prime Old Cheese; 100 bxs new, to arrive; 1,000 lbs fresh May Butter. In store and for sale by
H. RIDDLE,
No 188 Liberty street.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE IN PACK AGES OF ONE HUNDRED EACH.

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STOVES,
GRATES AND RANGES.
BISSELL & CO.,
NO. 235 LIBERTY STREET
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE
FOR COAL,
AND
BLACK OAK
FOR WOOD.
Fine and Common Enameled GRATE FRONTS, SUMMER FRONTS and FENDERS, and
BISSELL & CO.'S CELEBRATED
DOUBLE OVEN COOKING RANGE
Made expressly for Bituminous Coal, which for Beauty, Economy, Cleanliness and Utility stands unsurpassed, being the best Range for its cost ever offered in this market.
ALSO, MANUFACTURERS OF
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
LAUNDRY STOVES,
WASH HOUSE FURNACES,
TEA KETTLES, JAMB GRATES,
HAM BOILERS,
WAFFLE IRONS, &c., &c.
Please give us a call or send for our Circular.
oc18-d

DAVIS & PHILLIPS,
BRASS AND IRON
FOUNDERS AND FINISHERS
Railway, Steamboat, Engineers, Roll-ing Mill, Refinery and Oil Well Supplies;
MANUFACTURERS OF
MALLEABLE AND GRAY IRON GAS & STEAM FITTINGS,
PLUMBERS' AND GAS FITTERS' GOODS.
ALL KINDS OF FINISHED BRASS WORK,
EASTMAN, ASHCROFT, ALLEN'S, AND ALL KINDS OF STEAM AND WATER GUAGES.
GIFFORD'S INJECTORS.
Agents for JUDSON'S GOVERNOR VALVES, (same price as at works).
We also manufacture the ECLIPSE STEAM PUMP of capacity from 20 to 1,500 gallons, per minute, and saves from 60 to 70 per cent. of fuel over all other Pumping Engines in Pittsburgh. The Eclipse Pump is sold cheaper than any steam Pump in the market. Oil men and others wanting Steam Pumps please call and examine before purchasing else-where.
Agents for the CAMDEN GAS PIPE CUTTING MACHINE, the best in the market for cutting screws on pipe.
STEAM ENGINE INDICATORS, an instrument to demonstrate the cut-off at each end of the stroke, and to regulate the same by it. Engineers are invi-ted to call and examine the instrument.
NEER'S PATENT ROTARY DYNOMOMETER AND OIL TESTER.
HIGH PRESSURE STEAM RADIATORS.
Steam Whistles, Oil Globes, Gong Bells, Baggage Checks, Pipe Hooks, Locomotive Spring Balances, Test Guage and Pump, Water and Oil Pumps of all kinds. Also, Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, Stocks, Dies, Taps, Screw Plates, Tongs, Gas Plyers and Pipe Vises.
We employ competent labor to fit up public and private houses, Oil Refineries, Rolling Mills, or to put up in place all goods we manufacture or sell.
DAVIS & PHILLIPS
Nos. 110 Water and 104 First Sts.,
TF PITTSBURGH.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.,
PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS
Corner of Grant and First Streets,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM and COUNTER SCALES.
JANUS FACED PATENT DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES.
PAINT AND COFFEE MILLS, MALEABLE IRON, &c.

ROBERT C. TOTTEN....................NATHANIEL S. HOGG
FULTON FOUNDRY.
NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouse, 121 Wood street.
TOTTEN & CO.,
Successors to Joseph Pennock and Pennock & Totten. Manufacturers of Chill Rolls, warranted; Nail Ma-chines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling, Heating and Tunneling Furnace Plates, of improved patterns. Plain and corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches, of latest improved patterns. Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery gener-ally.
Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Sugar Kettles, House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either boll or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of roll-ing mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. Sole manufacturers for Allegheny County of Helme's Patent Benzole Burner, adapted to all heating purposes. ja21-iy

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS,
[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
Manufacturers of every description of
STEEL,
BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.
Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut
SAW PLATES,
Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Locomotive and R. R. Car Springs; R. R. Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Springs, steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc. Oil Drill Steel.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Cor. Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
All Descriptions of Cast Steel,
Best Refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.
Office and Works, CORNER HARRISON and PIKE STREETS, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 FIFTH STREET.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Extra Quality Tool Cast Steel,
Cast and German Spring and Plow Steel,
Springs, Axles, Steel Tire,
Plow Molds, Shares, Shovel Wings, &c.
83 WATER and 100 FIRST STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, square, flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 FIRST, and 120 and 122 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE, MACHINISTS' TOOLS.
JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
Hardware,
CORNER OF WOOD AND SECOND STS.,
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P. H. LAUFMAN....................WM. LAUFMAN.
P. H. LAUFMAN & BRO.,
Importers and Dealers in
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
Hardware,
Fine Cutlery, Builders' Materials, Mechanics' Tools, Farming and Gardening Implements, Edge Tools, Steel, Cabinet Makers' Material, Household Conveniences in great variety, Heavy Hardware.
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
82 WOOD STREET,
d* PITTSBURGH, Pa.

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WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN
PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS.
Office, No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.
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OVER FIVE THOUSAND
Grover & Baker Machines
Are in use in Allegheny County, and the demand greatly exceeds the supply. Send your orders to
NO. 105 FIFTH STREET.

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W. T. JAQUITH....L. O. LIVINGSTON....W. H. BURT.
LIVINGSTON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Ornamental and Machine Castings, Steam and Gas Fittings,
Loose Butt and Shutter Hinges, all sizes.
Improved Sash Pulleys & Weights,
Badgley's Patent Carriage Jacks, &c.
We warrant our work equal in point of finish and smoothness to best Eastern manufacture. Orders may be left at our WORKS, corner of Washington avenue and Sedgwick street, Allegheny city, or sent through Pittsburgh Postoffice, and receive prompt attention.

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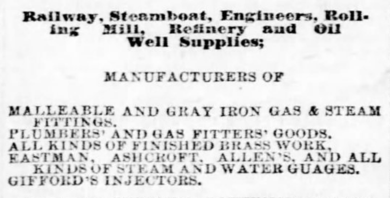
L. PETERSON, JR., & CO.,
HAVE REMOVED TO
Warehouse No. 189 Liberty St.
ROSEDALE STOVE WORKS.
L. PETERSON, JR., & CO., No. 189 Liberty st., Pittsburgh, manufacture their celebrated
Rosedale and La Belle Coal Cook Stoves,
AND THE
Perfection and Peerless Wood Cook Stoves, Parlor and Heating Stoves.
Of very Latest Styles and Patterns.

Mackintosh, Hemphill & Co.
Founders and Machinists,
IRON CITY WORKS,
COR. PIKE AND O'HARA AND PIKE AND WALNUT STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES,
ROLLING MILL ENGINES,
SAW, GRIST AND PLANING MILL ENGINES.
ROLLING MILL AND OTHER MA-CHINERY.
CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
☞ Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.



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Sheffield Cutlery Works,
SOHO BRIDGE, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF THEIR
PATENT PEN KNIFE AND SCISSORS COMBINED.
Also, Pen and Pocket Cutlery. Cutlery repaired at short notice; also, Tailors' Shears Ground and Set. All orders left at the store of G. W. DASH, No. 1 Merchant's Hotel Building, Smithfield street, Pitts-burgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention. tf

DAVIS CHAMBERS & CO. PURE WHITE LEAD PITTSBURGH
WHITE LEAD,
RED LEAD,
LITHARGE
AND
ZINC.
DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,
WHITE LEAD WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE AND ZINC.
Office, 9 SMITHFIELD ST., Monongahela House.

JOSEPH P. HAIGH. WILLIAM MILLER.
DUQUESNE AND WEST POINT
FORGES,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Office, COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND POINT ST.
JOSEPH P. HAIGH & CO.,
Have facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and are prepared to PROMPTLY AND SATISFACTORILY fill all orders for
STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS,
RAILROAD AXLES
LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES,
Together with every description of SHAPE WORK.
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SWORD'S
Self Tempering Steam Power
BRICK MACHINE,
MANUFACTURED BY THE
PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE
AND
BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.
This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking, necessary for "soft mud" machines), and tempers it thoroughly, pressing, in steel moulds, brick still enough to be packed up eight high in the yard as made. For cut-ting with the trowel, bearing hard usage, and making a strong, true wall, there are no better brick known. The cost of making them by this machine is from 95 cents to $1 10 per 1,000, according to the rates of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built entirely of iron and steel; and in the best style for strength and permanent use in working clay. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,
359 LIBERTY STREET, 2d Story,
Near the Union R. R. Depot,
d* Pittsburgh, Pa.

CONTRACTORS,
AND OTHERS INTERESTED.
PHŒNIX
HYDRAULIC CEMENT CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.
Warranted Equal to any in the United States.
CAPACITY OF OUR MILLS EQUAL TO ANY DEMAND.
ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.
Principal Office, 271 Liberty St.,
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CONSTANT SUPPLY ON HAND BY THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES:
J. S. DILWORTH & CO., 132 Second street.
D. R. ECKER, 167 First street.
W. M. GORMLEY, 271 Liberty street.
NEWCOMER, GOE & CO., 195 Liberty street.
W. H. KIRKPATRICK & CO., 253 Liberty st.
GAY & WELSH, 384 and 386 Penn street, and
W. W. AULD, Brownsville, Pa.

JUNIATA IRON WORKS.
SHOENBERGER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,
BOILER PLATE, SHEET IRON,
AND
PATENT HAMMERED
Horse and Mule Shoes,
Would call especial attention to our Shoes, which we claim to be of a
Very Superior Quality.
Offices: 93 WATER ST., and at 116 ETNA STREET, Pittsburgh.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.
WASHINGTON WORKS,
OFFICE:
No. 12 Smithfield, cor. First street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES,
BOAT AND STATIONERY ENGINES,
STEAM HAMMERS,
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of all de-scriptions,
MACHINERY AND CASTINGS, of every description.
BLAKE'S ROCK AND ORE CRUSHER.
BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORKS
Agents for the "GIFFARD" INJECTOR for feed-ing Boilers.

PITTSBURGH
Lamp and Glass Company,
NO. 23 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
John Ross & Co.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of
LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, &c.
Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade. TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

H. M. ROLFE, JOSEPH DILWORTH
J. H. SWETT, GEORGE PORTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKES.
Office, co Water street and Cherry alley. n15-1y

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IRON WORKS.
AMERICAN IRON WORKS.
JONES & LAUGHLINS.
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
American and Clair
BAR, HOOP,
Sheet and Plate Iron.
BRIDGE IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRON,
GUARD IRON,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
T RAILS, 16 and 30 inch to yard.
TRAM RAILS, punched and countersunk
BOILER, BRIDGE AND TANK RIVETS,
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,
SHIP AND BOAT SPIKES,
RAILROAD SPIKES,
RAILROAD FISH BARS AND BOLTS,
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS AND AXLES,
STREET CAR WHEELS AND AXLES,
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS AND AXLES,
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTINGS,
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS,
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE:
120 WATER AND 120 FRONT,
BRANCH OFFICE:
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 FRONT STREETS,
1y CHICAGO, ILL.

FORT PITT
BOILER, STILL AND TANK
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER
Steam Boilers,
CHIMNEYS, BRITCHES, FIRE BEDS, ASH PANS, STEAM PIPE, SALT PANS, IRON BRIDGES,
OIL STILLS, OIL TANKS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, CONDENSERS, PRISON DOORS, GASOMETERS,
STEAM BOILERS.
Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.
☞ Orders sent to the above address will be prompt-ly attended to.

NATIONAL
FOUNDRY.
AND
PIPE WORKS.
Cor. Carroll and Smallman Sts.,
NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.
WILLIAM SMITH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe.
FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My pipe are all cast vertically in Pits, in Dry Sand, and TWELVE FEET LENGTHS.
Also, a full assortment of
GENERAL CASTINGS FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE.
D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
CALCINED PLASTER.
TYRONE WHITE LIME.
CHESTER VALLEY WHITE LIME.
FIRE BRICK AND CLAY.
FIRE TILE, for Furnaces, Gas Houses, Oil Refineries, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Grates, Stoves, &c. All sizes and patterns.
CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN and WATER PIPES.
STONE HEARTHS, 1-2 to 4 inches thick.
ALSO,
ENCAUSTIC TILE, plain and inlaid, every pattern for Floors, Halls, Vesti-bules, Hearths, &c.
MARBLE AND SLATE TILE.
MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, fur-nished at lowest New York prices.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
167 FIRST STREET
Opposite Monongahela House.

JOHN M. COOPER......JOS. KAYE......HENRY BIER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PUMPS AND BRASS WORK,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; DEALERS IN
Gas Fixtures and Tubing
OF ALL KINDS.
Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Call and examine our Steam Pump before pur-chasing elsewhere. It is plain and substantial; equal if not superior to any Pump now in use.

MONONGAHELA
IRON WORKS,
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS,
THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,
WAGON AND SKEIN BOLTS,
COACH AND LAG SCREWS,
SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS,
CAST AND WRO'T IRON WASHERS,
MACHINE AND PLOW BOLTS,
WROUGHT IRON HINGES,
TUYERE IRONS,
BRIDGE BOLTS AND CASTINGS,
ROOF AND TRUSS BOLTS,
COAL CAR WHEELS AND AXLES,
BARGE AND COAL CAR BOLTS,
STOVE AND SAW RODS,
R. R. SPLICE BARS AND BOLTS, &c.
A full assortment of standard sizes kept in stock.
WORKS: SOUTH END OF BIRMINGHAM BRIDGE.
WAREHOUSE: WATER AND MARKET STS., PITTSBURGH. je15-ly

A. BRADLEY. W. VANKIRK. JNO. S. BRADLEY
BRADLEY STOVE WORKS.
STOVE WORKS.
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR and HEATING
STOVES,
Among which are the celebrated NATIONAL, TAL-ISMAN, TROPIC and EUREKA—Coal Cook Stoves. Also, VETERAN, POMONA and IRONSIDES—Wood Cook Stoves.
Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c.,
Agents for Lotze's celebrated HOTEL and FAM-ILY RANGES.
Office: Corner of SECOND AND WOOD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JAS. B. LYON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF FINE PRESSED
FLINT GLASS WARE,
WAREHOUSE, NO. 116 WATER ST.,
FIVE DOORS BELOW MONONGAHELA HOUSE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

EAGLE IRON WORKS.
JAMES WOOD & CO
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON AND NAILS,
WROUGHT IRON WELDING TUBES, for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.
Warehouse and Office, 112 WATER ST; Branch House, 132 and 134 WEST WATER STREET, Mil-waukee, Wisconsin. oc3-6m

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS,
WAREHOUSE, NO 121 WATER STREET
PITTSBURGH, PA

PITTSBURGH FLINT GLASS WORKS—Established 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,
Factory, BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham.
Warehouse, 31 and 33 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, JR.
B. B. CAMPBELL. J. W. PAUL.

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

COMMON PLEAS ARGUMENT LIST.—Judges Mellon, Stowe and Sterrett were engaged yesterday in hearing the argument list. No cases were decided.

VENIRE ORDERED.—Judge McCandless yesterday ordered a venire for forty petit jurors for the November term of the United States Circuit Court.

NATURALIZED.—Thirteen foreigners were naturalized in the United States Circuit and District Courts yesterday. Last year on the day before election about one hundred were naturalized.

TAKEN OVER.—John Debold, who was recently convicted in the Criminal Court, of aggravated assault and battery, and sentenced to an imprisonment of one year in the Western Penitentiary, was taken to that institution yesterday by Sheriff Cluley.

THE LATE STABBING AFFRAY.—Thomas Scanlon, the party charged with stabbing officer Thomas W. Noble, of the special police force, on Grant street, a few days ago, and who has been in jail since then, was released yesterday on five thousand dollars bail. Mr. Noble has so far recovered as to be able to walk about.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Captain H. B. Smithson, of the firm of Smithson, Palmer & Co., Auctioneers, sold the beautiful residence of Joshua Rhodes, Esq., on Western Avenue, Allegheny City, at public auction, yesterday afternoon, for the sum of forty-nine thousand five hundred dollars, one-half cash. Dr. D. Hostetter, of the firm of Hostetter & Smith, was the purchaser.

THE ELECTION RETURNS.—Wilkins Hall, on Fourth street, below Smithfield, has been secured by the Republican County Executive Committee as headquarters for receiving the returns of the election throughout the county and State, to-night. The hall will be thrown open shortly after the close of the polls, at seven o'clock, and all persons anxious to hear the returns as they are received, are invited.

FALL OF A FURNACE.—The glass furnace and stack of Messrs. Fry & Co., located in Birmingham, caved in on Friday afternoon last, involving the loss of about five thousand dollars. It was being changed from an eleven pot to a ten pot furnace, and two pillars had been removed and a third was being undermined. While the workmen were absent at dinner the whole structure fell. No one was injured.

REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—The Republican County Executive Committee met at the office of C. C. Taylor, Esq., on Grant street, yesterday afternoon, and concluded the arrangements for bringing out a full vote to-day and for receiving the returns at Wilkins' Hall to-night. No other business was transacted, and the Committee adjourned to meet at Mr. Taylor's office, to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon.

GOOD NEWS FOR SKATERS.—Skaters will be glad to learn that the stock for a skating rink in Allegheny City has all been subscribed, and that the certainty of such an institution this winter is established. A meeting of the subscribers to the stock of the Keystone Skating Rink Association will be held at the Monongahela House this evening, at 7½ o'clock, at which a full and punctual attendance is earnestly desired.

LEG BROKEN.—A man named Donald Stewart, an employe at the rolling mill of Messrs Lyon, Shorb & Co., in Monongahela Borough, met with a severe accident yesterday morning. He was engaged at work, when another workman struck him on the leg with a heavy iron plate, which was red hot. The leg was broken in two places below the knee, and the flesh lacerated considerably. Drs. McCook and Umbstaetter were summoned and dressed his injuries, after which he was removed to his home on Mount Washington.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—A man named John Christ, employed as a brakeman on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, met with quite a serious accident on Saturday afternoon, at the outer depot, in Allegheny. Christ, at the time of the accident, was engaged in coupling two freight cars. He failed to get out of the way in time, and was caught between the bumpers. His thigh bone was crushed and the flesh lacerated, besides which he sustained other severe bruises on other parts of the body. He was extricated from his position as soon as possible. Dr. E. S. Umbstaetter, Surgeon of the road, dressed his injuries, after which he was removed to his residence in Manchester. He is now doing as well as could be expected.

TRANSFER OF A MINISTER.—Rev. J. E. McGaw, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Temperanceville, has taken a transfer from the Pittsburgh Conference to the Upper Iowa Conference, and has been appointed pastor of a church at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. He will leave for his new field of Christian work in a few days. In referring to his removal, the *Christian Advocate* says: "Brother McGaw will carry with him the affections and prayers of his brethren in the Pittsburgh Conference, with whom he has stood and labored efficiently in the gospel during the last twenty one years. A strong thinker, an able speaker, a genial companion, he is a loss to our work here, and an acquisition to the 'Great West,' that has appropriated to itself so many of our earnest pulpit toilers."

SLIGHT FIRES ON PENN STREET.—The alarm of fire at twenty minutes to five o'clock yesterday morning, from Box No. 12, corner of St. Clair and Liberty streets, was occasioned by the fresh breaking out of the fire in Galway's malt house, which was destroyed several days ago. The fire was promptly extinguished.

About half-past eleven o'clock yesterday morning the roof of a house owned by Dennis Leonard, located on Penn street, near Pitt, took fire and for some time it was feared considerable damage would be done. An alarm was sounded from Box 6, corner of Penn street and Cecil alley, and the firemen arrived promptly on the ground and extinguished the flames before any material damage had been done. The fire is supposed to have caught from sparks from a chimney.

ARRESTED ON A REQUISITION.—Chief Scott and officers Cupples and Rivers, of the Mayor's police force, yesterday morning arrested a man named Leonard Gibson, on a requisition from Governor Boreman, of West Virginia. About a month ago a black enamelled band trunk containing an overcoat, a pair of pants, some shirts, socks and underclothing, and some books and papers, was stolen from John Loshly, agent of the Benwood Iron Works, at Wheeling, West Va. Suspicion attached to Gibson, who is a Pittsburgher, who had been working at the mill and had left about the time of the theft. It was ascertained that he came to this city, and a requisition for his arrest was issued by Governor Boreman. He was arrested yesterday, as stated, at Bailey & Brown's rolling mill, on Wayne street, where he was employed. An examination of his room at a boarding house on Penn street, in the Fifth ward, revealed some goods answering the description of those stolen. Officer Rivers left with Gibson for Wheeling yesterday afternoon.

The Nicolson Pavement—Contract Awarded.

The Street Committee of the City Councils held a meeting last evening, when the contract for the laying of the Nicolson pavement on Wood street, between Water and Fifth streets, was awarded to Mr. Edward Allen, who agreed to lay the pavement at three dollars and ten cents per square yard. Mr. Allen is the party who had the contract for the laying of the sewer on Wood street, and will therefore be better acquainted with the requirements necessary in constructing the pavement. The money to be derived from the sale of the cobble stones will considerably reduce the cost of constructing the pavement. The Street Committee will meet again to-day to determine the amount of bail for the fulfillment of the contract, when to commence operations and by what time the work will be completed. It is expected that the pavement will be laid and open for travel by the middle of December.

The Allegheny Valley Railroad—The Oil City Branch.

This important railway line is now in splendid working condition between this city and Brady's Bend, and is doing a very good business. We passed over the road yesterday, and could not fail to observe the marked improvement, as compared with what the road was a few years ago. Within a comparatively short period the roadway has been entirely "reconstructed," new ties, rails, etc., having been supplied all along the route. The roadway will now compare favorably with any other leading into the city, being firm, smooth and substantial; and the trains are run with great regularity under the direction of the efficient Superintendent, Mr. H. Blackstone. We are gratified to learn that the energetic President, Col. William Phillips, is pushing forward, with all possible speed, the track-laying between Oil City and Brady's Bend. The entire distance, sixty-two miles, is now graded, and the rails have been laid on thirty-two miles, or a little over half the distance, leaving but thirty miles yet unfinished. It is confidently expected that some time during the month of November the line will be formally opened through to Oil City. This will form a most important event in the history of the road, and will mark a new era in the business progress of Pittsburgh. It will open up new and important channels of travel and traffic, and will give our merchants a direct route to the very center of the oil producing district of the State. The consummation of this enterprise has long been desired, and is now awaited with impatience. A few short weeks will suffice to complete the work, and the opening will be celebrated in a manner befitting the importance and magnitude of the event.

Police Intelligence.

[Before Alderman McMasters.]

ALLEGED FALSE PRETENSES.

T. F. Scott appeared yesterday and made an information against one Wm. Gifrich, charging him with false pretenses. The prosecutor is employed as book-keeper at the shoe store of Joseph Becta, on Smithfield street, and alleges that on the 20th day of July the defendant obtained goods from the store to the amount of eighty dollars, by representing that he was the owner of a store in Lawrenceville, and that he would soon pay him, which representations were false. The accused was arrested, and in default of five hundred dollars bail was committed to jail for a hearing.

[Before Alderman Butler.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Mary McConnell yesterday instituted suit against one Mary Hosleen, charging her with having committed an assault and battery upon her. The defendant was arrested and committed to jail for a hearing, in default of three hundred dollars bail.

[Before Alderman Lindsey.]

SURETY CASE.

William Harris was arrested and taken before this magistrate yesterday, charged with surety of the peace, on oath of his wife, Mary Harris. A hearing was had which resulted in the committal to jail of the accused, in default of three hundred dollars bail for trial.

ARRESTED ON A CAPIAS.

Wm. O'Neill was arrested yesterday by officer Bell on a *capias* for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment, and was committed to jail.

ARRESTED ON A BAIL PIECE.

Andrew Scott, who was charged before Mayor McCarthy with felonious assault and battery, in stabbing a man named Morrison, at Elizabeth, was arrested yesterday on a bail piece and committed to the county jail.

Public Amusements

OPERA HOUSE.—As was expected would be the case, the Opera House last evening was filled with a fashionable and intelligent audience, to witness the great event of the dramatic season, Edwin Booth as "Hamlet." It is seldom a dramatic or operatic performer is greeted with such an appreciative audience in Pittsburgh as Edwin Booth was honored with last night. It was not an enthusiastic assemblage, yet sufficiently demonstrative, as was manifested in the hearty and judicious applause awarded Mr. Booth in particular scenes. The "Hamlet" of Mr. Booth has been so elaborately and favorably criticised that little remains to be said of it. It is remarkable principally for its being an innovation on the traditional Hamlet theater-goers have been accustomed to see. In some scenes Mr. Booth's reading is faulty, by being trippingly done, and will not contrast favorably with the masterly elocution of Murdoch. Many of his situations in the play are novel, and to a certain extent very agreeable. Of these may be mentioned the scene with "Ophelia," where "Hamlet" bids her go to a nunnery, and the closet scene between "Hamlet" and his mother. Mr. Booth's performance in this last scene was faultless, and so pleased his audience that he was honored with a call before the curtain at the end of the third act. Taken as a whole, the "Hamlet" of Mr. Booth is an admirable performance, although many differ with him in his conception of the character. Miss Mary McVicker performed the part of "Ophelia" in a very acceptable manner. She is quite young, of petite figure, and has a handsome and expressive face.

Mr. Booth was very fairly supported by the stock company, although there was room for improvement in some. Mr. Crossen as "Laertes," Mr. Bates as the "Ghost," Hotto as the grave digger, and Mr. Cook as "Horatio" were especially noticeable for a conscientious performance of their respective parts. Mr. Laurens, as the "King," either did not know the text or was unaccountably embarrassed, as it was impossible to bear what he said a short distance from the stage. His enunciation is very indistinct, and his sentences disjointed at that. Mr. Hang was not so "happy" as "Polonius" as was expected, although his was a fair performance. Miss Howard rendered the part of "Queen Gertrude" in an unexceptionable manner. The minor characters of the play were fairly represented.

To-night, Mr. Booth will appear as "Shylock" in the "Merchant of Venice," and Miss McVicker as "Portia." "Shylock" is one of Mr. Booth's favorite characters.

BENEFIT OF GEORGE CHRISTY.—The popular comedian, George Christy, will take a benefit at the theater this evening, when the minstrels will make their last appearance. George deserves to have a crowded house, as he has been the means of providing a great amount of pleasure to the patrons of the old theater the past two weeks. His friends will rally to his call to-night.

CLOSING OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Meetings in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Birmingham.

Speeches by Judge Shannon, B. F. Lucas, F. B. Penniman, Major Brown, Hon. Jno. P. Penney, Thomas M. Marshall, Gen. Pearson, Col. Bayne, and Others.

Meeting at the Custom House.

A mass meeting of the Republican voters of the city was held last night in front of the Custom House, on the corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets. The meeting came to order at seven o'clock, by electing the following officers to preside:

President—Hon. P. C. Shannon.

Vice Presidents—Wm. B. Hunter, Esq., Col. Wm. Phillips, George Glass, Joseph Hastings, Wm. A. Tomlinson, Col. Joseph Kaye, Col. John P. Glass, Charles Kehew, H. E. White, Joseph H. Nobbs and David Sims.

Secretaries—Reporters of the Press.

Judge Shannon being loudly called upon, in response made a powerful speech, occupying the attention of the meeting for about an hour. He urged upon every Republican the importance of being at the polls to-day and to use his every effort to secure the success of the Union ticket, and particularly of Judge Williams.

B. F. Lucas, Esq., was next introduced and spoke for about half an hour, paying a high tribute to the honesty, integrity and ability of Judge Williams, and said that it was the duty of every loyal man, of whatever party, to use his might to secure his election.

Mr. F. B. Penniman followed in a speech of about twenty minutes on the general issues of the day.

Major A. M. Brown was the next speaker. He said that from personal acquaintance with Judge Williams, he could say that there was not a more able jurist, a more honest man and devout Christian than he, and he was well worthy of the suffrages of every true Union man.

Judge Shannon was again loudly called upon, and in response made a few remarks, urging the Republicans to bring out every voter to-day and secure a triumphant victory for the Union.

At the conclusion of Judge Shannon's remarks, the meeting adjourned with three cheers for Judge Williams and the whole Union ticket.

The meeting was a very large and enthusiastic one, and the speakers were frequently applauded. A brass band was in attendance and discoursed patriotic airs. Several attempts were made during the evening to break up the meeting, by interrupting the speakers and making noisy demonstrations, but all signally failed.

Republican Meeting in Allegheny.

A large and enthusiastic Union Republican meeting was held in the Diamond in front of the City Building, Allegheny City, last evening. The speakers' stand was fitted up in an appropriate manner, and was ornamented with a banner, on one side of which was painted a portrait of President Lincoln. The speakers were frequently applauded, and the citizens of Allegheny City evidently appreciate their duty to their State and country, and will poll their usual majority for the straight Republican ticket.

The meeting was organized at half-past seven o'clock and the following officers elected:

President—James McBrier.

Vice Presidents—C. F. Ingham, Hiram P. Reymer, Arthur Hobson, Louis Moul, Alex. Patterson, Wm. F. Dill, Robert Henderson.

Secretaries—W. S. Purviance, W. P. Hunker, and the Reporters of the Press.

The President made a few remarks and introduced Major A. M. Brown, who made a brief speech concerning the parties in the field. The Republican party was the true workingmen's party of the country and deserved the report it had previously received. It was founded on the great principles of free labor, free homes and free men. In conclusion the speaker contrasted the political records of the two candidates, Judges Williams and Sharswood, and thought it clearly the duty of all present to support the former, who was a loyal, patriotic man, and would sustain the great principles of justice in all decisions he might make.

Hon. John P. Penney was called for, and spoke at some length, reviewing the Democratic party, and claiming that it no longer had any claims on the American people.

R. A. Cameron, Esq., next spoke, and denounced the President and the Democratic party, and urging on the loyal people of the State the duty of sustaining the principles of the party which had saved the nation.

Mr. Robb was introduced and spoke of the issues to be decided at the polls to-day. He spoke until the arrival of Hon. Thomas M. Marshall. Mr. Marshall was loudly called for and on being introduced delivered a speech addressing himself principally to the working men, and urging them to support the party to which they owed their prosperity and civilization.

He was loudly cheered. At the close of Mr. M.'s speech the meeting adjourned.

Meeting in Birmingham.

One of the largest and most orderly meeting ever held in the borough of Birmingham, convened last evening in the Market Square, and was organized by the election of the following officers:

President—Wm. C. Aughenbaugh, Esq.

Vice President—Messrs. J. P. Pears, Stephen Strunz, B. A. Wolf, M. D., Jacob Paul, Dr. Tandte, John Adams, Wm. Doyle, David Jenkins, Fred. Raxmier, Edward Moye and Martin Shaffer.

Speeches were delivered by General A. L. Pearson, Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., and Colonel Thomas M. Bayne. The speakers reviewed the questions of the hour, and called upon all loyal men to vote for the entire Republican ticket. Their remarks created great enthusiasm, and a strong Union vote is anticipated from the "South side" to-day.

A Democratic Pow-Wow—The Argument, "The Nigger."

The members of the Democratic party in Allegheny City, assisted by a large delegation from the Third ward, Pittsburgh, held a mass meeting on the east side of the Diamond last evening. A speaker's stand, with excellent accommodations for the officers of the meeting and the reporters, was built. The meeting was orderly, considering the characters of which the audience was composed. The third ward delegation had a transparency, on which were painted a variety of Democratic sentiments.

The meeting was called to order at half past seven o'clock, and J. R. Large elected President, with a lengthy list of Vice Presidents and Secretaries.

The Chairman made a speech of considerable length, in the course of which he said he thought the members of the Democratic party present looked very well for dead men, as they were called by their opponents. He wanted them in the election to-day "to speak with a lightning flash that would send their thunder rolling from Maine to California," and to vote in favor of the "time honored principles" of the Democratic party. The Democratic party had made the nation respected among the nations of the earth. If you took one from two only one would remain; and if you took the Democratic party from the Government nothing would remain. The Democratic party had more lives than a cat, and could never be killed. The age of reason had not existed in America within the past five or six years, and no matter what Democrats might say, the slime of malediction had been heaped upon their bodies; madness had ruled the country, and what were the people now to do? [voices, "vote for Sharswood."] The candidates for the Supreme Judgeship were men of unexceptionable character, and nobody could say anything against Judge Williams. The Democracy did not ask their candidate to force pledges to support any set of principles. Mr. L. concluded his speech and the band played "Hail Columbia," after which the chairman read letters from Messrs. Gibson, Cox and O'Gorman, expressing the regret of these gentleman at not being able to be present at the meeting.

An individual in the crowd, who had evidently been imbibing at the fountain of the "time honored principles of the Democratic party," sang out several times while supported by his friends, that he had a resolution to present to the Democracy. This enthusiastic member was soon suppressed, and Samuel Wilson, of Beaver county, made a speech, stating at the commencement of his remarks that he asked nothing from any party or from the thing called a Government, except to be allowed to pursue his business quietly, and not have the dirty paw of the tax collector thrust into his pocket.

John H. Bailey was the next speaker and made a lengthy speech, denouncing the course pursued by the Republican party, and claiming that the Democracy should again be restored to power.

Porter R. Sawyer made the last speech, and spoke at length on the subject of amalgamation and the proposed equality of the negro. It was a sin against our civilization that a white mulatto should be permitted to live in the country. American slavery was never oppressive to the black man. The speaker did not wish to see the negro remanded to slavery unless he became an incubus and it becomes necessary to put him where he could make his bread and butter. Eight millions of white people were of more value to the country than any fifty millions of negroes on the face of the earth.

At the conclusion of Mr. Sawyer's remarks the meeting adjourned.

Hawthorne Literary Society.

The inaugural meeting of this society for this season, was held in their hall, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny City, last evening, and was a decided success in every respect. The hall was crowded with a very intelligent and fashionable audience. The first performance was the inaugural address by the speaker elect, W. A. Leggate. He made a few remarks, in which he showed himself to be a man of no ordinary literary ability. He was followed by Mr. A. Y. Gallagher in a declamation on "Washington" which was delivered in a highly creditable manner. The prose reading by Miss H. Dawes, subject "Shakspear characteristics," was a good rendition of a difficult piece.

The essay of Miss L. Sayers, subject "The Bitten Apple," was indeed a fine literary production. The literary part of the entertainment concluded with Mr. W. A. Edie's oration, subject "Wavering Minds." This gentleman, as a writer, stands in the first class, but his delivery is a little defective, thus marring in a certain degree the beauty of his composition.

The reading of the "Hawthorn Quarterly," by the senior editor, Mr. W. A. Leggate, was a treat. It seems to be the aim of the editors to give almost every member a rub in one way or another, while, at the same time, the paper is interspersed with choice original reading matter, composed by the members.

But the "place where the laugh comes in" was reached in the production, as a concluding performance, of the comedietta entitled "Sudden Thought." The characters were all well supported. Mr. W. Charles as Impulse, Mr. Lee S. Smith as Jack Cabbage, Mr. J. D. Forrester as General Domton, Mr. J. H. McCreedy as Nabbs, Mr. J. Williams as Sims, Miss A. Schreiber as Miss Impulse, Miss L. Sayer as Sophia, and Miss H. Dawes as Clarissa, were all fine in their different roles. The ladies were well up in the text, and seemed to well understand their business. Mr. Forrester as Gen. Domton, seemed to have a proper conception of the character, but was a little faulty in text. Mr. Charles as the victim of "Sudden Thoughts," was admirable, but the representation of the irrepressible Jack Cabbage, by Mr. Smith, was the best amateur we have ever witnessed. He was well up in his text, seemed to perfectly understand the character, and kept the audience in a continual roar of laughter. The music which was interspersed throughout the entertainment was of a first-class order. The Hawthorne is in a most flourishing condition, and we wish the members success in all their literary endeavors.

Base Ball.

MATCH GAME AT MT. UNION, OHIO.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

MT. UNION, O., October 7, 1867.

A match game of base ball was played here on last Saturday, between the first nine of the Occidental Club, of this place, and the first nine of the Olympian Club, of Damascus, which resulted in the defeat of the latter. Below will be found the score:

OCCIDENTAL.	O.	R.	OLYMPIAN.	O.	R.
Lindley, c	2	10	Hole, c	3	2
Hollister, p	3	9	Luster, p	4	3
Lamping, s s	3	9	French, s s	3	2
Randybaugh, 1st b	3	8	Purviance, 1st b	3	3
Wilson, 2d b	5	7	Warrington, 2d b	1	3
Moffitt, 3d b	3	7	Bruff, 3d b	3	3
Park, l f	2	10	Jobes, l f	3	2
Scott, c f	2	8	Stanley, c f	3	3
Rimer, r f	0	11	Warren, r f	3	1
Total	27	75	Total	27	20

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total.
Occidental	3	16	16	10	13	4	8	8	1	75
Olympian	1	4	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	20

Fly Catches—Occidental 9; Olympian 12.
Missed Flies—Occidental 4; Olympian 8.
Passed Balls—Occidental 4; Olympian 4.
Home Runs—Occidental 3; Olympian 0.
Time of Game—Two hours and twenty minutes.
Umpire—R. Baird, of Athletic Base Ball Club, of Salem, Ohio.
Scorers—For Occidental, J. L. Laughlin; for Olympian, W. B. Little. R. L.

Allegheny Temperance League.

A meeting of the Allegheny Temperance League was held last evening in the Sandusky Street Baptist Church, and was opened with prayer by the President, Rev. John B. Clark, D. D.

After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and approved, Dr. T. F. Dale, formerly of Allegheny city, but at present a resident of Tarentum, addressed the meeting. He said that the nomination of a temperance candidate for County Commissioner did not and could not affect party relations in regard to the State elections. It was no sport the nominee, and thereby do their duty to God, to themselves, and to their fellow men. The Doctor concluded with an urgent appeal for all to battle for the right.

Rev. Mr. Snyder, of the North avenue M. E. Church, urged the people to stand by the right, and vote for the nominee of the League. Rev. Dr. Bell followed in the same strain.

Mr. M. McGonnigle, the Temperance candidate for County Commissioner, was next called upon. He defined his position as a Temperance man, and said he stood by the pledge which he had signed in 1841—a pledge which had saved him.

The Temperance choir was present, and enlivened the proceedings with excellent vocal music.

The next meeting of the League will be held on Tuesday evening, 22d inst., in the Second U. P. Church, (Rev. Dr. Clark's.)

LICENSE REVOKED.

First Revocation in Allegheny County Under the New Law—A Warning to offenders.

A house on the corner of Webster and Townsend streets was licensed as an eating house, but it appears that the machine was run under that innocent garb for the purpose of selling liquor exclusively, and consequently the place became so notorious for disgraceful disturbances, to the annoyance of the neighborhood, and against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth, that the citizens residing in the immediate locality of this corner, appealed to the Court of Quarter Sessions for redress, in the shape of a petition, setting forth the matter complained of.

The Court heard the petition, and ordered a rule to show cause why the license should not be revoked. No attention, however, was paid to the rule by the defendant; and after the Court heard several witnesses for the petitioners, an order revoking the license aforesaid was issued. A few days after the revocation, the defendant asked the Court to take up the case again for certain reasons given for former negligence (or more properly contempt), which the Court granted on the condition that the petitioners or their attorney should have notice of the day and hour of hearing. This was satisfactory to the petitioners, but just here a little sharp practice was indulged in by attempting to have witnesses prove the untarnished character of the premises complained of, and take up the case on Thursday, at two o'clock, on short notice, or probably without any notice at all if possible. But this little arrangement was overthrown, and the witness retired. Saturday was finally settled on for a hearing of both sides which was had, and quite a number of witnesses were examined on both sides. The evidence against the license was so overwhelming that the court could not reverse its former action.

Section four of the act regulating licenses in Allegheny county provides that "the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions are authorized to revoke any license granted when satisfied that the party licensed is permitting the licensed premises to become the resort of idle and disorderly persons, to the annoyance of the neighborhood, and to impose, as a part of the penalty, that said party shall not be entitled to license for twelve months thereafter."

Section five provides that the party licensed, whenever a disturbance of the peace in or about his premises occurred, shall notify the nearest police officer, whose duty it is to repress it.

It would be well if tavern keepers would keep the above provisions in mind.

THE MOST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED AND SPLENDIDLY FITTING SUITS for Gents are made by H. Oppenheimer & Co., Merchant Tailors and dealers in Gents Furnishing Goods, No. 83 Wood street.

PERSONAL.—The young lady with the green-trimmed hat who called yesterday at a Fifth street dry goods store and purchased between thirty and forty dollars' worth of dry goods, paying for the same with a worthless fifty dollar United States note, is requested to call immediately and redeem the said note and save herself further trouble.

Valuable City Property at Auction.

On Thursday, October 10th, at two o'clock, P. M., on the premises, will be sold one double and one single business building, in a good location, being Nos. 81, 83 and 85 Fourth street, near Wood. The double building, Nos. 83 and 85, is a brick one, of two stories and contains two store rooms on first floor. The second floor is a large, well lighted hall, and was formerly occupied by Messrs. McCallum Bros., carpet dealers. The building No. 81 is three and one-half stories high, also of brick, and was formerly known as the Pittsburgh Club House. The terms are easy, and for further particulars parties are referred to the People's National Bank, corner First and Wood streets, or Smithson, Palmer & Co., auctioneers, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Inhalation and Atomization the Most Rational and Successful Method for treating Catarrh and Diseases of the Air Passages,

AS PRACTICED BY DR. ABORN, AT NO. 134 SMITHFIELD ST.

NOTE.—Dr. Aborn devotes especial attention to the treatment of all diseases incident to the Eye, Ear, Head, Throat and organs of the chest. Will be professionally at his rooms, No. 134 Smithfield street, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. tf

THE BEST LIVERY AND SALE STABLE in the city is at Nos. 139 and 141 Pennsylvania avenue. Call and examine. William Ward, Manager.

GODFREY & CLARK manufacture the best paper sacks in the United States for putting up flour, corn meal, &c. Call and see them. Warehouse, No. 357 Liberty street.

Eye, Ear, Throat, Lung, Chest Diseases, Catarrh,

Successfully treated by Dr. Aborn, 134 Smithfield street. A book by mail 50 cents.

Invisible Poisons.

The Medicis and the Borgias fortified their system with powerful antidotes against the subtle poisons with which they used to destroy their enemies, and which they feared might one day be employed against themselves. There are *invisible poisons*, almost as deadly, against which few of us think of taking any precautions. These banes are in the air. When the atmosphere is surcharged with them, as it sometimes is at this season, epidemic fevers ensue. The summer which has just closed has been a most remarkable one. The amount of rain that has fallen has been enormous, and the exhalations from the soil have been, and are, dense and copious almost beyond example. These exhalations exercise a pernicious influence on the vital powers, and predisposes the system to disease. Everywhere people are complaining of *unusual debility*, lassitude and depression. The symptoms are generally forerunners of an epidemic. Combat them early—before they lapse into something worse—with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the most effective antidote to malaria that the vegetable kingdom has ever yielded. Its operation is three-fold—invigorating, depurative and antibilious. Free from any ingredient that is in the slightest degree deleterious to health, and containing the juices and extracts of the rarest medicinal herbs, it is immeasurably superior, as a *defensive preparation*, to any other tonic, herbal or mineral, at present used in medical practice. A course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is, humanly speaking, a perfect safeguard against intermittent and remittent fevers.

DIED:

ANDERSON—At Hazlewood, of pneumonia, SARAH H., youngest daughter of George A. and Nancy H. Anderson, aged eight months and ten days.

Funeral TUESDAY, at 2 P. M. Carriages will leave corner Seventh and Smithfield streets, at 1 o'clock precisely. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

WHEELER & WILSON

AWARDED THE

ONLY GOLD MEDAL

At Paris Exposition, for perfection in Sewing Machines. Over 82 competitors.

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET

MARVIN'S CRACKERS

ARE

THE BEST

IN MARKET.

Wholesale and Retail

91 Liberty Street,

FOOT OF FOURTH.

SNOWDON WORKS,

Brownsville, Pa.

J. N. SNOWDON,

MACHINIST,

ENGINE BUILDER

AND

STEAMBOAT CONTRACTOR

Having leased the well-known Works formerly carried on by John Snowdon & Sons, and possessing ample facilities for completing contracts in the above line, I am now prepared to engage for work to be done on the best terms and in the shortest time possible. I propose to BUILD STEAMBOATS ENTIRE or furnish any part of the Machinery.

I would especially ask attention to my facilities for, and experience in, the construction of

IRON VESSELS,

For which I am prepared to contract.

Refer to the manufacturers and business men of Pittsburgh generally.

J. N. SNOWDON,

4p BROWNSVILLE, PA.

BAR, TANK AND SHEET IRON.

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BAR, TANK AND SHEET IRON,

HAMMERED RAILROAD AXLES,

GAS PIPE,

For Conveying Steam, Water and Gas;

ALSO,

OIL WELL TUBING.

HAMMERED IRON FOR

OIL WELL TOOLS.

WAREHOUSE:

98 WATER AND 122 FIRST ST.,

3ob214p PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK-HOUSE—Proposals will be received until the 25TH DAY OF OCTOBER, for the STONE WORK AND EXCAVATIONS required in the erection of portions of the County Work House. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of BARR & MOSER, Architects. Bids to be left with GEORGE ALBREE, Secretary of Board, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh. By order of

eod THE BOARD.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the Second and Third Series of

SEVEN-THIRTIES,

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN

Government Securities,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange

5-20 Bonds of 1867,

Interest in Gold at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, October 7, 1867.

There was a little more ease experienced in the discount market to-day, which was felt more particularly by parties who were waiting until after the quarterly statement was published. Whether this relief will be permanent it is difficult to determine. The general opinion appears against it. Since the heavy decline in Government bonds there is a disposition on the part of brokers and private capitalists to be in readiness to purchase largely of these securities on a further decline, and hence it is difficult to place good paper only at very high rates.

—The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House, for the week ending Saturday, October 5th:

	EXCHANGES.	BALANCES.
Sep. 30	$234,371 04	$62,933 30
Oct. 1	256,824 72	42,703 77
Oct. 2	280,590 92	74,456 36
Oct. 3	314,538 63	81,306 58
Oct. 4	363,248 82	76,615 07
Oct. 5	401,321 65	63,050 78
Totals	$1,850,895 78	$400,465 86

—Our dispatches report a buoyant market for governments to-day in New York. A brisk demand has sprung up which has improved prices, and the old 5-20's have advanced nearly one-half per cent., and the other bonds are firmer. The stock market was excited to-day, and the leading speculative shares have advanced materially. The following were the quotations at noon:

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad	80⅝
Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad	101⅛
Erie Railroad	67⅛
Chicago & Northwestern Railroad	44⅝
Chicago & Northwestern preferred	67
New York Central Railroad	114⅛
Reading Railroad	102⅞
Michigan Southern	83⅛
Rock Island Railroad	103⅝

—The New York money market continues stringent. Fifty millions of dollars have gone West since August, which is the cause of the tightness in the money market. The bank statement to-day shows a decrease of $4,000,000 in loans as compared with the statement of last Monday; a decrease of $130,000 in specie, about the same decrease in circulation; a decrease of $3,000,000 in deposits, and an increase of nearly $1,000,000 in legal tenders. Only $500,000 in gold went to Europe last week, making a total of $42,000,000 since the first of January, against $54,000,000 for the same time last year.

—Sunday's *Herald* remarks as follows: The most conspicuous feature of affairs in Wall street to-day was the continued firmness of the stock market in the face of the extreme monetary activity which has prevailed during the last three days, but particularly yesterday and this morning. The leading railway stocks have evidently been upheld by artificial means, a strong combination having been formed for this purpose. Whether money will be sufficiently easy next week and afterwards to sustain the market at the advanced quotations remains to be seen; but the probability is that the resistance which is being made to the natural course of monetary affairs will not last much longer, for stocks, like water, will sooner or later find their level, and the street is too shrewd to play into the hands of the bull clique by taking the load off their shoulders.

The stringency of yesterday continued until after the banks had made their clearances, and money was with difficulty borrowed at seven per cent., with a commission of ⅛@¼ per cent. in addition. After one o'clock, however, loans were made more freely at seven per cent. by the banks, and the effects of this change for the better was soon felt on the Stock Exchange. The returns of the associated banks for the week show no very important changes. The loans have been contracted to the extent of four millions and the deposits have been drawn down $3,600,000, while the legal tender notes have increased $860,000, and the specie has been reduced $130,000.

—S. S. Bryan, Broker in Bonds, Stocks and Real Estate, Apollo Building, Fourth street. Mortgages bought and sold. Orders for the purchase and sale of stocks and bonds executed in New York and Philadelphia, at the rates of commission current in those cities.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, TUESDAY, October 8, 1867.

The following is a complete and reliable account of the exports of oil from this port for the past nine months by the Allegheny Valley and Pennsylvania Central Railroads. It will be valuable for reference to those engaged in the business:

Oil Exports East for Past Nine Months.

	P. C. R. R. Refined. bbls.	P. C. R. R. Crude. bbls.	A. V. R. R. Refined. bbls.	A. V. R. R. Crude. bbls.
January	6,842	2,300	25,130	282
February	2,467	1,616	43,281	533
March	5,072	2,824	23,884	251
	14,381	6,740	92,595	1,066
April	15,172	2,220	47,513	450
May	20,215	1,324	45,798	385
June	11,424	420	33,521	100
	46,811	4,964	126,432	934
July	20,300	290	63,283	340
August	10,269	606	37,584	350
September	19,885	535	43,480	240
	50,454	1,431	144,347	930

RECAPITULATION.

First 3 months	14,381	6,740	92,595	1,066
Second 3 months	46,811	4,964	126,432	934
Third 3 months	50,454	1,431	144,347	930
Totals	111,646	13,135	363,374	2,932

Nine months exports refined, A. V. R. R.	363,374
Nine months exports refined, Pa. R. R.	111,646
Total	474,020
Nine months exports crude, A. V. R. R.	2,932
Nine months exports crude, Pa. R. R.	13,135
	16,067
Total export of crude and refined	490,087

BUSINESS—The market since our last has undergone no particular change as relates to prices or demand. In regard to crude we have not a single operation to record. Prices were irregular and uncertain. The asking rates were as follows: For crude, spot, 13¾@14c from tank; for first water, 12@12½c was demanded; for all year, B. O., none offering; for S. O., asking 12c per gallon. At Oil City the nominal rates were $4 10 per barrel.

Our Eastern dispatches quote the market as follows: Philadelphia firm; prime light straw to white, 34½c; standard white, 35½c; crude, 19c per gallon.

NEW YORK—Firm and active; prime light straw to white 33½c; standard white 34c; crude 19c ℔ gal.

REFINED OIL—The market was firm with an active demand. The rates that were current on Saturday would answer on the present occasion. The sales reported reach 6,500 barrels, as follows: 500 bbls S. W., B. O., October, Philadelphia, 36c. Sales 1,500 bbls, deliverable, 500 bbls October, 35c; 500 bbls November, 35c; 500 bbls December, 35c; 500 bbls October, B. O., 36c. 1,500 bbls, deliverable as follows: 500 bbls October, 500 do November, 500 do December, all at 35c; 1,000 bbls, B. O., October, 36c; 500 bbls do, October, B. O., 36c, and 1,000 bbls do, October, B. O., 36c.

BOSTON.

From the *Bulletin*, of Saturday last, we learn that the market for Petroleum is very firm, with an active demand for export and consumption, and prices have advanced about 2c for refined oil. The stocks in bond have been reduced to a small compass, and the extraordinary demand for shipment in Philadelphia, has necessitated a rise in all the markets of the country.

Free oil is in steady demand from the trade, and the late advance, which is regarded as a matter of course at this stage of the season, had the effect to increase and stimulate buyers. Our local refiners are running their works to the full extent of their capacity; and though the present margin on the manufacture is small, they are likely to have a good trade, at steadily improving rates, during the balance of the season.

We quote crude Petroleum firm at 17@18c per gal., in bulk, and nominally 21@22c in barrels. Refined oil is excited and higher, with sales at 33@37c ℔ gal. for bonded lots, and 45@48c in cans and cases for shipment to Southern latitudes. Free oil is in good demand at 52—55c ℔ gal for Western and Boston, up to 57c for Downer's Kerosene. Naptha is selling at a range of 16@30c ℔ gal., according to gravity. Residuum is nominal at $2 75@4 25 ℔ bbl.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

J. T. Glass	263	P. Weisenberger	50
Wm. McCutcheon	112		
Total			385

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner, 300 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Clark & Sumner, 276 bbls ref. to P Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.
P Weisenberger & Co, 206 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co, Phila.
J Myers & Co, 200 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Lockhart & Frew, 551 bbls ref., Phila.

Oil Shipped East from Duquesne Depot.

Buffum, Kehew & Co, 3 bbls ref. to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Duncan & Williams, 34 bbls ref. to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
P Weisenberger & Co, 227 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co, 180 bbls ref. to L Wilcox, Philadelphia.
T K Petty, 108 bbls ref. to W G Warden, Phila.

Oil City Oil Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

OIL CITY, October 7, 1867.

The market for crude opened dull at $4 10@4 15 asked, but no buyers, closing with an advance of 5@10c per barrel. Demand limited. L.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY EVENING, October 7, 1867.

Since our last there has been very little improvement in general trade. We note a continued good demand for flour, with a still advancing tendency in prices. The grocery market is steady with a moderate demand from the trade in small lots. Grains are in light receipt and firm. In regard to other articles we have no special remarks to make.

The receipts of some of the leading articles of produce per river and rail, since our last, were as follows: Flour 1,026 bbls; apples 164 bbls; cheese 75 bxs; corn 1,070 sacks; wheat 1,072 sacks; barley 526 sacks; rye 247 sacks, and oats 2,090 sacks.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

BACON—The following sales are reported: 9,000 lbs shoulders 14½@14¾c; 4,000 lbs sides 16¾@17c; 5,000 lbs S C hams 24½c ℔ lb. and mess pork at $25 50 ℔ bbl.

LARD OIL—Sales reported of 65 bbls extra No. 1 lard oil at $1 15, and 15 bbls No. 2 at 95c ℔ gallon.

LARD—We note sales of 15 tierces lard at 15½c ℔ gallon.

APPLES—The general sales were made at $3 50@4 00 ℔ bbl.

GRAPES—Quotations are 8c ℔ lb.

CRANBERRIES—We note sales of very choice at $15 ℔ bbl; cultivated at $14 ℔ bbl, and common at $10@12 ℔ bbl.

CHEESE—We quote Western Reserve at 15c ℔ lb; Sweitzer at 20c, and Goshen at 18c ℔ lb.

BUTTER—Sales of very choice butter were made at 35@40c ℔ lb. Sales of several tubs of packed butter at 30@35c ℔ lb. reported.

EGGS—We quote eggs at 21@22c ℔ lb.

ONIONS—We note sales of 50 bush onions at $1 50 ℔ bush.

POTATOES—Choice Irish potatoes are quoted at 90c ℔ bush, and sales reported of 43 bbls Jersey sweets at $5 and 24 bbls Baltimore at $4 50 ℔ bbl.

HAY—Sales reported at the city scales at $15@20 ℔ ton from country wagons.

ASHES—Sales noted of pearls at 13c; refined at 5½c and soda ash at 5c ℔ lb.

WHEAT—Receipts small and prices advancing. We quote red winter at $2 35@2 40 ℔ bush. Sales reported of small lots of red at $2 40 ℔ bush, and 2 cars at $2 35 ℔ bush.

RYE—Sales reported of No. 1 in round lots, at $1 40, and in car loads at $1 35 ℔ bushel.

OATS—We quote oats dull at 65c from first hands, and on the platform at 66@67c, and at 70@73c from store.

BARLEY—We quote at $1 25@1 30 ℔ bushel. Sales noted of 3 cars at $1 30 ℔ bushel, and small lots from wagons at $1 25 ℔ bushel.

CORN—We quote corn at $1 25@1 28 ℔ bushel for prime shelled in elevator. Sales reported of 5 cars at $1 25 ℔ bushel.

FLOUR—The market continues active and advancing, and it is difficult to give correct quotations. Standard brands of spring wheat flour may be quoted at $10 75@11 00, and winter at $12 00 ℔ bbl. Low grades of spring may be quoted at $10 50 ℔ bbl.

WHISKY—We quote city rectified at $2 10@2 20, and old Monongahela at $2 75@6 00 ℔ gal, as to quality and age.

WOOL.

On Thursday last there was a large auction sale of wool in New York by Messrs. Bauendahl & Co., which was well attended both by dealers and manufacturers. There were offered in all 58 lots of wool, and 5 of extract flocks and bags. Of the former, 33 were Cape; some of these were very good, some inferior, and brought prices above domestic fleece. The *Economist* says that lot 38 was a lot of XX Pennsylvania, which was sold before the sale for 61c. Lot 39, 5,000 lbs of X Pennsylvania, 51½c, Hilsen & Co., Philadelphia; this struck terror into the bears; this was to have been sold at 47½c, and they were thunder-struck when, even at that price, 45,000 lbs were withdrawn. Lot 40, 5,000 lbs No. 1 at 48½c, to Duncan & Son, was another cause for growls, and another when 5,000 lbs more were withdrawn, rather than sell for less, and a lot of coarse sold for 43c, to Whitehead & Legg, which subjected them to a rather sharp lecture from a friend or guardian. Lot 41, 10,000 Ohio and Penn., 51½c, to George Green; 90,000 lbs more withdrawn. Lot 42 was 10,000 lbs Virginia at 50½c; lot 43 6,000 lbs N. Y. fleece at 41½c, and lot 44 8,000 lbs western fine at 41c ℔ lb. The market was very quiet previous to the sale; parties were waiting its result. The amount of wool upon this market is small for this season of the year, and there is more firmness than has been manifested for some time. There is a general feeling that all necessary concessions have been made to manufacturers, and that they cannot reasonably look for more. While western holders manifest no disposition at present to trust their wool into the hands of Eastern houses, they are disposed to hold their wool until parties go out there to purchase. Perhaps there never was a time when there was such a universal dissatisfaction among Western wool dealers as at present; the general feeling is that they have not been dealt with in good faith; that they have paid the commission houses to attend to their interests, and instead of that they have looked to the interests of the manufacturers. Of the merits of this case we are unable to judge; we can only say whether their remarks are clothed in proper language or not—this we know, that it is a subject of very tall swearing, we think rather more than the wool is worth at present prices.

BOSTON.

There is no improvement to note in the wool market, which, according to the *Bulletin's* report, continues depressed, and prices for all grades, excepting very choice, full-blood staple, rule in favor of buyers. The stocks are large, and holders anxious to sell, while the exigencies of consumption are by no means pressing.

Most of the large manufacturing corporations are temporarily supplied, and not disposed to pile up stocks of raw material, with accumulations of goods on their hands, which they find it very difficult to clear off at the bare cost of production. Most of the small consumers are similarly encumbered; and, in view of the present stringency of the money market, no one is disposed to lock up funds in any commodity not wanted for immediate use.

In this condition of things with buyers scarce and indifferent, some wool holders are rather disposed to press sales at a little further reduction—though we are not prepared to say that this is generally the case. On the contrary, there are some owners of lots of very desirable staple who are holding above the market, and will doubtless continue to hold till a much later period of the season, unless wool prices shall in the meantime improve. This may possibly occur when the consumptive demand shall begin to run almost exclusively upon fine staple; but until the article is actually wanted for consumption, no such improvement can be expected to take place.

In regard to the value of choice domestic wools, buyers and sellers are just now apart in their views. The former are not willing to give prices relatively higher than for the low and medium grades which are wanted for present use. But the latter, in view of the scarcity and relative high cost of fine foreign staple, are confident that the corresponding grades of domestic will command higher rates before the close of the season, and intend to govern themselves accordingly.

There is no lack of ordinary fine, three-quarter blood extra wool, which, in fact, constitutes a very large portion of the whole crop, and is now more plenty than the medium and coarse grades. The former is not held back, but offered freely at rates which are relatively low as compared with other qualities. But wool strictly graded as double extra and above, suited to the production of the better class of light spring fabrics, is in very moderate stock and will doubtless be scarce before the first of January.

Pulled and combing wools continue relatively depressed, though their manufactured products begin to exhibit a little improvement. California and Texas wools are dull, and only clean, good-conditioned lots can be made to realize former prices.

The stocks of foreign wools, held in bond, have been considerably reduced, of late, by re-shipments to the European markets. Importers, despairing of being able to realize prime cost under the new tariff, have naturally taken advantage of the late advance in gold and a slight advance in wool prices on the other side, to get rid of the bulk of their stocks of Cape, Australian and Mestiza staple, by exportation. The balance of duty paid, now on the market, is very insignificant, and mostly held above the views of buyers.

IRON.

BOSTON.

The market for pig iron, says the *Commercial*, of Saturday, is firmer, with an improved demand for consumption, but prices are without quotable change. The stocks of foreign are somewhat reduced, and cost of importation increased, with a little advance in sterling rates and freight charges. The stock of domestic pig, available for the wants of consumers, is quite small, the product being sold ahead to large manufacturers and speculators. Choice brands of No. 1 are particularly scarce, and wanted at full rates.

Manufactured iron is mostly quiet and unchanged; and only a few articles, in the line of castings and hardware, are selling up to the seasonable standard.

Scotch pig is firm, with sales of No. 1, in small lots from store, at $45@47 ℔ ton, for the various brands. American is firm and in good demand, with sales of retail lots at $45@48 ℔ ton, for the different numbers. Charcoal pig is selling at $50@60 ℔ ton, as to brand. Bar iron is quiet and steady, with sales of English and American, from store, at $90@100 ℔ ton for common, and $105@110 for refined. Railroad iron is firm at $53@54 ℔ ton, gold, for English, and $80@85, currency, for American. Cast steel is selling at 18@23c ℔ lb for English, and 20@25c for American. Anchors are selling at 8½@9½c ℔ lb; chain cables (⅝@2 inches thick) 8¾@9c ℔ lb; coil chains (¼@1¼ inches thick) 13½@8½c ℔ lb. Boiler plates are selling at 7½c for flanges; 5½c for C No. 1, and 5½c ℔ lb for common and tank. Russia sheet is firm, with sales at 13@13½c, gold, and 20@21c, currency. English and American do are selling at 6½@11c ℔ lb. Nails are in small stock and wanted at 5½@6c ℔ lb for assorted sizes. Old iron is selling at $1 25@1 50 ℔ 100 lbs for cast, and $2 00@2 12 for scrap.

IRONTON, O.

The *Register* says that there has been considerable inquiry after metal, but the transactions have been unimportant. Sales of mill iron have occurred at $45, and of foundry iron, hot blast, at $48, time three and four months. We quote: No. 2, H. B. at $45@46 00; No. 1, H. B., $48@48 00. The receipts for the week have been 450 tons.

Mill irons are yet quiet at 4½@4¾c. Hoop in good demand. The Ironton Rolling Mill will go into operation next week. The Lawrence Mill is turning out heavily.

Nails active at $6 for 10d. Demand still ahead of supply. Prices very firm. Center Furnace will be sold at Sheriff's sale, October 29th. A new furnace will soon be erected at Ashland by the Ashland Coal Company. Business at the Ironton foundry is active. The southwestern Hoe Company, Tyler Bros. & Co., have commenced putting their manufactures into the market.

Boston Shoe and Leather Market.

From the Boston *Bulletin*, we learn that the boot and shoe market is dull, so far as the wholesale trade is concerned, and very few Western or Southern buyers are now there. There is a moderate jobbing demand, confined principally to the interior and New England trade. The volume of business, at present, falls short of the expectations of sellers. Manufacturers are curtailing production within narrow limits, and turning out very little work that is not ordered. The stocks of seasonable goods, though presenting a fair assortment, are reduced to a small compass. Staple articles for Fall and Winter wear are neither scarce nor very abundant, and prices for all descriptions are well sustained.

The leather market is steady, with a moderate demand. Prices are close down to the cost of production, and not likely to go much lower in any event. Manufacturers have no stocks, and are obliged to come into market to supply their current wants for consumption. The stocks of all descriptions are moderate, and the current sales about balance receipts from the tanneries. We have no change to make in figures.

Hemlock Sole is quiet but firm, with sales at 27@31c, the outside rate for Buenos Ayres; Oak do is selling at a range of 40@50c, including crop. Rough upper is steady, with further small sales at a range of 37@42c; oak do is quiet, and selling at a range of 37@42c. Rough calfskins are in better demand at 80@90c; finished do are selling at $1 25@1 45, as to quality and weight. Finished leather is quiet and unchanged. We quote wax at a range of 22@26c, as to grade; kip is selling at 20@23c; grain, 23@26c for heavy, and 17@21c for light; pebbled, 16@20c; buff, 22@27c; enamelled, 23@26c; patent, 22@26c ℔ foot; splits 35@48c ℔ lb. Harness leather is selling at 38@45c for country, and 43@50c for Boston tannages, including both hemlock and oak.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, October 7, 1867.

Weather cloudy and cool.

FLOUR—Steady and firm at $8 25@10 75 for spring extras.

WHEAT—Dull and 2@3c lower; sales of No. 1 at $2 00; No. 2 $1 91@1 94, closing quiet at $1 98 for No. 1; $1 92@1 92½ for No. 2.

CORN—Quiet at $1 06@1 07 for No. 1; $1 05¼ for No. 2.

OATS—Moderately active at 54@54½c in store, and 54½c afloat, closing quiet at 54½c in store.

RYE—Quiet and 2c lower, at $1 28@1 30 for No. 1; $1 26@1 27 for No. 2, closing at the inside.

BARLEY—Unchanged at $1 17@1 19 for No. 2.

MESS PORK—$23 75@24 00. Lard dull at 13¾@13⅞c.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at $4 50@5 12½ for packing and good Texas steers.

HOGS—Firm but quiet at $6 15@6 65 for fair to choice.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 7.—Flour in good demand and market firm, but prices are not higher; extra $10 75@11 00, and family $12 00@12 25. Wheat buoyant and offering light: sales of No. 1 at $2 70, but the feeling was less buoyant at the close. Corn advanced to $1 and the supply light, but the demand was not large. Oats advanced to 67c and in good demand. Rye in demand at $1 50. Barley scarce and prices tending upward; sales of No. 1 at $1 65; choice is held at $1 75. Cotton dull and prices are nominal at 18c for middling. Tobacco firm and demand good at full rates. Whisky unchanged; there is a good demand for free at irregular rates; in bond it is held at 34c with occasional sales. Mess pork quiet at $24. Bacon active and prices higher; sales of 150 hhds at 14@14½c for shoulders, the latter rate to come out of smoke, and 18½@18¾c for clear sides, the latter rate to come out of smoke; clear rib sides are held at 18c; no bulk meats offered, and none in market excepting shoulders at 12½@13c. Lard is held firmly at 13½c, the demand is light. Butter firm and in light supply at 32@38c for fresh. Cheese firm at 15c. Linseed oil dull at $1 18. Coffee and sugar firm at full prices. Gold 144½.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, October 7.—Flour firm; XX red winter $11 25@11 75; XX amber $12 50@12 75; XXX white $13 25@13 75; country brands irregular but firm and in good request. Wheat—market unchanged but very firm; No. 1 red winter $2 60; No. 2 do $2 50@2 52; No. 1 Milwaukee spring held at $2 22@2 25. Corn firm and 2c better; No. 1 mixed held at $1 13. Oats firm and unchanged at 65c for No. 1 State from store. Rye—receipts moderate and market firm at $1 40@1 50 for No. 1 State and western. Barley quiet and nominal. Petroleum steady and firm; standard white in bond held at 29@30c; prime light straw to white 49@50c; light straw 47@48c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, October 7.—Flour quiet: City double extra $10@10 50; country do $9 37@9 75; extra $9 00@9 25. Wheat unsettled and 3@5c lower, at $1 94 for No. 1; $1 90 for No. 2. Oats irregular at 55c for No. 2. Corn very scarce at $1 10 for No. 2.

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED WITHOUT CHARGE INTO

5-20 BONDS,

Or Bought at Highest Market Rates

ALSO,

Gold and Coupons,

Sterling and Continental Exchange,

For sale in sums to suit purchasers.

PH. R. MERTZ,

118 WOOD ST., NEAR FIFTH.

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 145½.

NEW YORK, October 7—P. M.

MONEY

Easier at 7 per cent. for call loans.

STERLING

Steady at 109@109½, gold, for first-class bills.

GOLD

Firmer, opening at 145, declining to 144⅞, and closing at 145½.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

A shade firmer. Coupons '81, 111; do '62, 112⅝; do '64, 109⅛; do '65, 109⅜; do new, 107⅜; do '67, 107⅜; 10-40s, 101⅛; 7-30s, 106⅛.

STOCKS

Buoyant and excited, especially Central and Erie. Canton, 44⅝; Cumberland, 31⅞@34; Wells Express, 55⅛; American, 59@60; Adams, 60@62; Merchants Union, 23@25; Quicksilver, 25@26; Mariposa, 10⅛; Pacific Mail, 143¾; Atlantic, 113; Western Union Telegraph, 37½@38; New York Central, 114⅛@115; Erie, 69⅛@70; Hudson, 131@132; Reading, 102⅝@102⅞; Ohio Certificates, 27⅛; Wabash, 43⅛; St. Paul preferred, 66⅛; Michigan Central, 109; Michigan Southern, 81¾@81⅞; Illinois Central, 122@122⅛; Pittsburgh, 81⅝@81⅞; Toledo, 130⅛@131; Rock Island, 103⅝@104; Northwestern, 44⅞@44⅞; do preferred, 68⅛@68⅞; Fort Wayne, 101; Missouri 6s, 104⅛; new Tennessee, 62⅛.

MINING SHARES

Gould; Quartz Hill, $1 50; Eldorado, $3 60; Smith & Parmelee, $4 45@4 50; Corydon, 80c.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $3,957,690; payments, $3,314,317; balance, $105,496,983.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Loans	$247,934,369	Decrease	$3,984,382
Specie	9,368,603	Decrease	127,560
Circulation	34,025,581	Decrease	121,688
Legal tenders	56,852,585	Increase	682,059
Deposits	178,477,422	Decrease	2,951,988

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 7.—Cotton rather more steady: sales 1,700 bales at 20c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 24,217 bbls; flour heavy without decided change; sales 13,000 bbls at $8 90@9 75 for superfine State and western; $10 40@13 90 for extra western; $10 90@13 70 for round hoop Ohio; $11@16 75 for St. Louis. California quiet; sales 659 sacks and barrels at $11 25@13 50. Sales 350 bbls rye flour at $6 75@9 00. Whisky active: sales 1,300 bbls at 35@33c for western bonded. Receipts of wheat 178,610 bushels; wheat 3@4c lower; sales 103,000 bush at $2 30@2 35 for No. 3 spring on spot; $2 37½@2 38 for No. 1 do on spot; $2 24 for No. 3 do on spot; $3 for white Michigan. Rye firmer; sales 16,000 bushels at $1 65@1 68 for western, the latter an extreme; $1 70 for State. Barley 3@5c better: sales 37,000 bush at $1 50 for 2-rowed State; $1 40 for California; Canada West $1 65. Malt quiet. Receipts of Corn 149,384 bush; Corn one cent better; sales 139,800 bushels at $1 35@1 36½ for mixed western; $1 37 for No. 1 Illinois River; $1 37 for white western. Receipts of Oats 155,666 bush; without decided change; sales 92,000 bush at 76½@77½c for Ohio and Chicago. Rice nominal. Coffee—Rio more active but not very firm; sales 6,000 bags on private terms. Sugar firm and in fair demand; sales 375 hhds at 11¼@12¼c for Cuba, and 12½@13¼c for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet and firm. Hops quiet at 40@55c. Petroleum—Crude firm at 14@14½c; refined bonded firmer at 35c. Pork heavy; sales 2,500 bbls at $23 70@23 90 for mess, closing at $23 75, cash; and $20 50@21 00 for prime. Beef unchanged: sales 146 bbls. Beef hams in moderate demand; sales 50 bbls western at $30. Bacon quiet and steady; sales 90 boxes short clear at 14c; 2,000 lbs short ribbed at 14c. Cut meats steady; sales 320 packages at 13c for shoulders and 17@18½c for hams. Lard quiet; sales 840 bbls at 14¼@14¾c; small lots at 15c. Butter firm at 15@28c for Ohio. Cheese heavy at 10@16c. Freights to Liverpool are more active; 9,000 bush wheat and corn at 7½@8d per steamer.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and a shade easier for common and medium grades. Wheat quiet; No. 2 spring, $2 30@2 31; No. 1 spring, $2 37@2 38. Rye very firm at $1 65@1 66 for Western. Oats quiet and steady at 76½@77c for Chicago and Ohio. Corn firmer at $1 35½@1 36½ for good to prime mixed Western. Pork dull; sales 750 bbls. mess at $23 85 regular, closing dull and heavy at $23 70@23 85 cash and regular. Beef, nominal. Cut meats quiet and steady. Bacon dull and unchanged. Lard quiet at 14½@14¾c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 7.—There has been a decided decline in the price of a few styles of best makes of bleached muslins, which were held at somewhat higher rates than other grades, but in other descriptions there is no material alteration. Some styles of new prints are held half a cent higher for Merrimac D and Amoskeag. The following are the most important changes to-day: New York mill bleached sheeting dropped from 35 to 27½c; Waumsutta reduced to 25c; Utica 4-4 Nonpareil are down to 25c; Lonsdale to 21c; Booth B 18c; Washington 18c. Bleached muslins are reduced to 10½c; Victory prints 11½c; Lowell do are selling at 11½c, and Amoskeag do at 12½c; Oakland Canton Flannels weighing 275 yards to the pound are selling at 16c; Sprague's delaines are down to 20c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 7.—Tobacco firmer and prices full but not quotably higher. Flour held firmly; extra $8 50; double do $10 25@10 50; treble do $11@11 50; choice and fancy $12@13 50. Wheat very firm; choice grades higher; $2 40@2 65 for common to choice white; $2 22@2 55 for common to fancy red; $1 86@1 97 for fair to choice spring. Corn inactive at $1 01 for yellow; $1 07@1 08 for prime white. Oats lower at 56@60c. Barley heavy at $1 12½@1 28. Rye slow at $1 18@1 20. Provisions very dull. Pork nominal at $24 50. Bacon shoulders 14½c; clear sides 18½c; sugar-cured hams 25@26c. Lard and whisky nothing doing.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, October 7.—Beeves—Receipts in excess of demand; quality poor. Market less active and half to three-quarters of a cent lower; prime to extra 15@17c; good 13@14c; medium to fair 11@12½c; poor to medium 8@10c; average price 12½c; most of the sales were at 12½@15c. Receipts 8,256. Sheep—good in fair request and firm, common dull and depressed; closed dull at 4½@5½c. Lambs 6½@8½c; receipts 22,334. Hogs in fair inquiry for good at full prices, common are difficult of sale; prime heavy corn fed 7¾@7⅞c; medium 7@7¾c; common 6@7c, live weight; dressed 8¾@9½c; receipts 14,802.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, October 7.—Tobacco advanced; sales 55 hhds at $5 60@21 75. Flour firm at $8 for superfine, and $12 75 for No. 1. Wheat $2 60. Corn dull and unchanged. Oats 68@70c in bulk. Groceries firm. Cotton 18½c. Mess pork $24 50. Bacon shoulders 14½c; clear sides 18½c. Lard 13½c. Whisky nominal at 35c.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 7.—Live stock offerings consist of inferior and medium grades, which sell at 2½@5c ℔ lb gross. Prime and choice are worth 5½@5¾c, with more coming in. Sheep range at $2@3 50 ℔ head. Hogs are in demand at 4½@6¼c ℔ lb, gross, for inferior to choice.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, October 7.—Produce market dull and unchanged. Beef cattle in demand; extra steers 14@15c; fair to good 11@13c; common 9@10c. Sheep firm at 5½@6c, gross weight. Hogs dull at $9 50@11 00.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, October 7.—Flour firm; standard city mill extra $11; good shipping extra $12 50. Wheat firm; prime to choice red $2 75@2 85. Corn higher; white $1 30@1 32; yellow $1 40. Oats firm; 70@75c for prime. Provisions firm and unchanged.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 7.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 300 bales low middling at 17½@18c. In sugar there is only a retail business. Molasses—No sales; Cuba is held at 55c; Louisiana, 74c and firm with light stock.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pitts. Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 26 cars pig iron; J Wood, Son & Co, 100 do do; Bryan & Caughey, 2 do do; Shoenberger & Blair, 1 keg horse shoes; B A Fahnestock's Son & Co, 500 pigs lead; Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls flour; Seghmyer & Voskamp, 100 do do; T C Jenkins, 558 do do, 6 do apples; Gilbert, B & Co, 53 tcs lard; McKee & Bro, 250 pigs lead; Dilbridge & Son, 300 do do; E H Myers & Co, 160 tcs lard, 100 bbls flour; W H Kirkpatrick & Co, 100 do do; Keil & Ritchart, 1 car bran, 1 keg butter, 2 bbls eggs; P Schoot, 1 car middlings; Watt & Wilson, 100 bbls flour; Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co, 100 bbls flour; S Lindsey Jr & Co, 100 do do; Dick & Slater, 3 cask pearlash; J T Glass & Co, 12 bbls lard oil; Shipton & Wallace, 25 bbls spirits; Carson, Darlington & Co, 22 bales hops, 300 sacks barley; J White Jr, 15 bales hops; Spencer & McKay, 8 do do; J Adler & Co, 5 bbls spirits; Schomaker & Lang, 100 bbls flour; J Gardiner & Co, 100 do do; Schnelback & Stokall, 1 car middlings; L H Voigt & Co, 4 bbls cranberries; J S Finch, 35 sacks rye; B L Fahnestock & Co, 50 white lead kegs, 7 gr do, 1 carboy; J Shepard, 5 bbls flour; H S Myers, 5 do apples, 1 keg apple butter; R Arnold, 5 bbls vinegar; J Gangwish, 2 boxes soap, 1 do candles; M P Adams & Co, 1 car oil bbls, 1 do staves; Renolds & B, 50,000 shingles; W Mullins, 1 car coal; E M Jenkins, 3 bbls potatoes; Mrs C Ammon, 2 boxes mdse; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 1 box bolts, 3 kegs nuts, 3 do washers; Godfrey & Clark, 25 sacks rags; Markle, Dickson & Co, 4 do do; J S Liggett & Co, 1 car wheat; McNish & Butler, 1 box machinery; J S Dilworth & Co, 50 boxes soap; H Rea Jr, 1 car shelled corn; S M Cummings, 12 bbls tallow; F Sellers & Co, 70 boxes candles; Campbell & Brown, 60 sacks barley.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—G Moul & Bro, 2 cars limestone; S M Cummings, 1 do wheels; Owens & Kennedy, 100 bbls flour; Stewart & Langenbelm, 200 do do; A Martin & Co, 100 do do; May & Hechen otf, 1 car shingles; H Herdt, 96 sacks barley; S C McMaster, 265 do oats; M B Suydam, 60 do flaxseed; M P Adams & Bro, 1 car staves; J M Hemphill, 1 do do, 1 do headings; S Bradley & Son, 9 bales wool; Ralya & Robertson, 2 cars staves; C Lutz, 1 do do.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 13 cars pig iron; Miller, Barr & Parkins, 346 blooms iron; Bryan & Caughey, 1 car Washington ore, 1 do L C do; Lloyd & Black, 4 do do; J Painter & Son, 1 do do; F W C Fields, 4 sacks tails; C C Mellor, 1 box books; Wm Mardorf & Co, 1 bbl wine; Adams, McKee & Co, 5 boxes hardware; D Haworth, 6 bbls herring; H R McClellan, 30 bdls b handles; T M Howe, 27 bbls copper ore; W W Rigdon & Co, 8,000 feet lumber; Jones & Laughlins, 1 car clay; John L L Knox, 2 cars stone; Bissell & Co, 1 do brick; Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co, 1 do do; H H Collins, 30 w pipes; W A Clemens, 4 bbls cider; J J Bender, 1 car kegs; Gardiner & Stewart, 1 bale dry goods; P Fisher, 100 bbls oil; Campbell & Brown, 1 car corn, 23 sacks barley; M J Hoover, 10 bdles b corn; Herdman, Keefer & Co, 6 bdls poles; J & J Harris, 20 bdls spokes; Arbuckle & Co, 25 boxes starch; J Knox, 23 sacks timothy seed; H Reisenberger, 7 boxes cheese; Fetzer & Armstrong, 19 bbls apples, 4 do eggs; J S Dilworth & Co, 1 car oats; Jas Grahame, 40 sacks do; L H Voigt & Co, 12 bbls apples; J Glenn, 7 sacks rye, 4 do oats; Meanor & Harper, 23 do corn, 17 do oats, 7 do wheat; Van Gorder & Shepard, 11 do onions; T C Jenkins, 13 do oats, 24 do corn, 2 do barley; H Riddle, 3 bbls apples; Markle, Dickson & Co, 6 sacks rags; J T Glass, 50 bbls s f oil; P Weisenberger & Co, 50 do do.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—M Steel & Son, 2 cars shelled corn; R T Kennedy & Bro, 2 do bulk wheat; J Taggart & Son, 100 green hides; J Herbert, 33 bbls apples.

Pitts. Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

Spencer & McKay, 1 car barley; Eagle Cotton Mills, 13 bales cotton; J Boles, 1 bdl clothing; E Hyde & Sons, 2 bales rags; W Morse & Co, 8 trunks; Mair & Davidson, 1 box leather; E Heazelton, 10 do soap, 15 do candles, 10 bbls lard oil; C Koethen, 1 case and 1 pkge tobacco; T J Blackmore, 1 case and 2 pkgs do; Campbell & Brown, 4 sacks rye, 2 do barley, 1 car corn; W France & Son, 10 half bbls herring; A Goodman, 59 bbls apples; M W Rankin, 31 do do; Graff & Retter, 21 do do; Head & Metzgar, 4 do eggs; Bricker & Co, 5 bdls sacks; Miller & Frazey, 3 bbls apples; W J Meek, 16 sacks rye; Russell & Sweeney, 1 car rye and oats; G D Whitcomb, 2 do scrap iron; Rinehart & Stevens, 15 sacks corn; McHenry & Hood, 33 do rye, 17 do wheat; J S Finch, 20 bbls whisky; Meanor & Harper, 25 sks barley; C H Love & Co, 35 do oats; J Dorington, 73 do do; J Porterfield & Co, 6 bbls cider; Gilmore & Straub, 104 sks barley; Reiter & Co, 1 iron and 1 wood frame, 1 box hardware; S Fahnestock, 1 box tools; L H Voigt & Co, 22 bbls apples; Baldinger & Bro, 2 bedsteads; F M Gerder, 2 bbls japan; J Dalzell & Son, 30 tcs grease; Haworth, McDonald & Co, 10 bbls lard oil; Olnhausen & Crawford, 1 car pig iron; S Foersheim, 11 hhds tobacco; A Hoeveler & Co, 1 car fertilizer; H Hamyer, 1 car staves; T Mear, 4 cars corn; C C Smith, 1 do staves; Davis & Chambers, 1 crate lead kegs; Gedekott & Woods, 2 bbls tobacco; T H Nevin & Co, 1 crate lead kegs; Wm Cooper & Co, 11 sacks feathers; Arbuckle & Co, 50 bxs candles; Nathl Linton, 5 pkgs liquor.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

P & C R R, 2 cars railroad iron; P, Ft W & C R R, 4 do do; Martin, Brickell & Co, 290 kegs nails; Star Fire Brick Co, 1 car fire clay; W Bingham, 11 sacks oats; Keil & Ritchart, 26 do rye; S C Murdock, 1 box butter; McHenry & Hood, 16 sacks oats; Reymer & Bro, 32 empty boxes; McElroy, Dickson & Co, 1 bale mdse; P McAfee, 11 sacks potatoes; J & W Fairley, 43 sacks rye; Robinson & Co, 20 do flaxseed, 1 bbl eggs; Frazer & Bro, 1 horse; J Horn & Co, 1 box mdse; Harrison & Bro, 1 car stone; N Bracken, 1 do do; Gay & Welsh, 26 sacks oats; W A Stewart, 82 oil bbls; Various Owners, 1 car marketing.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Moorhead & Co, 4 bdls sheet iron; Loppy & Weise, 2 cars tan bark; Walters, Watt & Co, 1 do sand; Wolf, Howard & Co, 1 do do; Knox, Kimm & Co, 1 do do; P H Laulman & Bro, 1 stove casting; A S Burk, 1 fire back; P H Muller, 6 bbls apples; A Aoeveler & Co, 1 sack tails; Fahnestock, Albree & Co, 1 car fire stone; Cunningham & Ihmsen, 2 bbls fire clay; W Miller, 46 boxes window glass; Markle, Dickson & Co, 50 bdls printing paper; Gay & Welsh, 1 bbl eggs; A F Stevenson, 46 sacks oats.

HOUSEKEEPERS

SAVE YOUR MONEY

By taking your Spoons, Forks, Castors, &c., &c., to No. 3 St. Clair street, second door from the bridge, third floor, and have them replated with silver, and made as good as new, at very trifling cost. Silversmiths and Plumbers will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we pay particular attention to Electro-plating, Electro-typing, Gold and silver Fire Gilding, &c. Give us a call. J. J. ALISCS eod

RIVER TELECRAMS.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, October 7.—The river is falling, with twenty-nine inches in the canal by the marks.

RIVER NEWS.

THE RIVER AND MATTERS ALONG THE WHARF.—Business on the landing was not very active below the Suspension bridge. Nothing was done above. The light water steamers have the trade altogether to themselves. The steamers Monitor No. 2, Active and Emma Logan are doing the carrying trade between Pittsburgh and Brownsville.

THE channel at Shawneetown bar has changed to the Kentucky side. The Bertha was still there at last accounts.

New cotton in limited quantities is being received at Memphis from White River, and along the lower Mississippi.

EVANSVILLE.—The *Journal* has the following: "There is an unusual amount of Cumberland freight awaiting shipment here. Crowds of rangers are daily here looking after delayed freight, shipped from Cincinnati and Louisville. The Michigan went up to Three Mile *en route* to Newburg. The object of her mission was to pull off the new hull of Captain Foster, which had got fast on some logs and was in danger of breaking in two. The barges of the starlight, the Charleston and barges, and the Bermuda are still aground on Brenen Island. The Louisiana is aground at Walker's bar, and the Ada Lyon is hopelessly at the head of Hurricane."

THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI.—The navigation of the lower Mississippi is just now in the same condition as the lower Ohio last month. This is to be imputed to the very natural causes produced by all floods or freshets. Immense deposits of sand and earth, debris and drift, lodge in the innumerable bends and sinuosities of the great river, in the eddies and counter currents, both above and below the mouth of other streams, and where a sudden fall of water occurs, these sand bars and other obstructions loom up in formidable proportions. The same agency that caused the deposit is at work to remove it, and as the river recedes, and its waters are gradually more circumscribed and confined, the current wears or cuts away a channel, and, as will be seen by the following, from the Memphis *Avalanche*, despite a steady fall in the river, the channel is getting deeper. The said bars are washing away, and we here make the statement that it would be better for the commerce and navigation of the river hereafter if the low water should prevail a month longer. It would cut away the bars, carry off the sands, and define the channel, and of course vastly improve navigation.

THE Louisville *Courier* has the following: Owing to the extreme low stage of water, and the unnavigable condition of the river, the underwriters, to facilitate commerce, have specified that steamers can transfer their freights temporarily into barges or lighters to help them over a bar or obstruction, but in all cases the cargo must be again transferred to the steamers, or the insurance is vitiated. The extra risks of cargoes in barges, together with the almost daily losses incurred, have caused this action of underwriters.

This move on the part of the insurance agencies in this city merits the hearty concurrence of almost the whole community and it is to be hoped they will adhere to their resolution until all the barge line towing concerns, excepting, of course, coal, hay or grain in bulk, shall have ceased to exist. All such relics of barbarism should give place to the more modern improvements, the swift sailing, capacious and comfortable floating palaces of the present day—the Richmond, the Great Republic, the Robert E. Lee, and the unrivaled new boats now on the stocks—boats that are expected to outvie all that have ever yet been wafted along the teeming shores of our great inland seas.

THE PILOTS' ASSOCIATION.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* has the following: We have several times recently taken occasion to mention the doings of the various Pilots' Association of this city. The Cincinnati and New Orleans Association have given up their charter. There are now but two such societies in the city—the Cincinnati and St Louis, and the Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and Louisville. The latter was organized on the 11th of October, 1860, and its charter of incorporation was recorded on the 23d of the same month. Most of the members of the Association being non-residents of the city, and there being very little river business, it has not held a meeting for several weeks, but yet it is in a flourishing condition. The object of the Association is to unite all the competent, careful, prudent pilots, engaged in the business of piloting steamboats, in one union or brotherhood, to insure to the owners of steamboats reasonable security that the pilots on board such boats are competent, and that they are sober, moral, upright men; also, to provide a fund for the purpose of relieving such of its members as may need its aid because of accident, sickness or inability to continue his business as a pilot; also, to provide for the family of any deceased member, so far as it can be done consistently with the rules and regulations of the Association. The following are the amounts of benefits and donations paid from the organization of the Association, seven years ago, up to the present time:

Amount of benefits paid to sick members	$3,163
Amount of benefits paid to widows of deceased members	2,989
Amount of donations to widows of deceased members	633
Amount paid for funeral expenses of deceased members	577
Total charitable expenditures	$7,362

There are five widows that are now drawing from the Association $20 each per month, under the law covering such cases.

WE copy the following history of the improvements attempted to be made in the navigation of the Tennessee river from the Chattanooga *American Union*:

In view of the commencement of the present survey of the Tennessee river, we have thought that a history of the previous attempts at the improvement of navigation on that river, made by the State and National authority, would be of interest to our readers.

The importance of the Tennessee as a means of communication and transportation was early appreciated, and in the days before the invention of railroads, was estimated higher than it now is. When this section of country was first settled the Tennessee was the only means of communication with the South, but nothing was ever done about improving the channel until after the invention and introduction of steamboats, although the perils of navigation on the Upper Tennessee were fully appreciated by flatboatmen.

The attention of the United States Government had been previously called to the great obstructions in the Tennessee, known as the Muscle and Colbert Shoals, and in 1827 a survey was made of that section of the river by a Board of United States Engineers. They recommended the construction of a canal around the shoals.

In 1828 a survey was made of the upper portion of the river by a Board of Engineers, who recommended the construction of wing dams, etc., in various parts of the river.

There was at that time a prejudice against the appropriation of public money for internal improvements, the party in power being strict constructionists of the Constitution, but between 1828 and 1831, this difficulty was got around by donating to the State of Alabama the school lands within her territory, the proceeds of which were to be used in improving the Muscle Shoals. In 1831 these shoals were surveyed and a canal constructed around them by Tom. Williams, of Florence, Alabama, under the authority of that State. The canal was made twelve miles long, fifty feet wide and five feet deep, and is still in existence, though much dilapidated, and, for a long time unused. It can, however, be rebuilt at a cost trifling in comparison with the great benefits which would result therefrom.

In 1835 Colonel Long, of the United States Corps of Engineers, who was afterwards the Engineer of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, made a thorough survey of the Tennessee river, from its head waters to its mouth, noting every obstruction and recommending plans for removing or obviating them. He reported in favor of a canal around Muscle Shoals, and of a system of wing dams for the obstructions near Chattanooga. In 1838 Colonel Kearney, also of the Engineers, made a survey of the entire river, his suggestions corresponding with those made by Colonel Long.

In 1853 Colonel McClellan, of the Topographical Engineers, surveyed the river about Chattanooga. Some wing dams were erected at various points under his survey. He recommended deepening the channel for a mile and a half above the Suck, to a depth of four feet and six inches additional, being the amount of fall at the Suck. In 1854 this report was revised by a Board of Engineers, who rejected his plan for improving the Suck, believing that the same difficulty would exist as before, and that the only result of deepening the channel, as he proposed, would be to remove the Suck a mile and a half up the stream. All of these surveys except Tom Williams's were conducted by the War Department of the United States, under acts of Congress.

In 1833 and '34, the State of Tennessee expended $75,000 upon improving the river, which was used in building a canal at the suck, with stone sides, through which boats could be towed by ropes affixed to the shore; and in building stone embankments at the Pot, Skillet, &c., to assist in towing boats up the river. At about the same time $2,000 were expended under the direction of Capt. Sam Williams, upon a wing dam at Ross's Tow Head, a breakwater at the Tumbling Shoals, and some minor improvements at other points. These appropriations were made under the survey of Col. Long, which is the most thorough that has ever yet been made.

Captain Williams informs us that the obstruction known as Ross's Tow Head, opposite the Southwestern Iron Works, is caused by the deposit of sand upon a flint rock, which lies very near the surface at low water. The small island has been built entirely since 1833, when there was only a very small sand bar at that point.

The survey which is now being carried on will have no reference to previous surveys, but will be made in the most thorough manner, and will obtain the fullest information from original sources, as if no other survey had ever been made. It is to be completed by January 1st, and with the report will be furnished estimates of the amount necessary to be appropriated for the removal of all obstructions, and we have not the slightest doubt that, with proper effort on the part of the people, whose interests are so vitally concerned in the improvement of this great river, Congress will make the necessary appropriations.

RIVER PACKETS.

Monongahela River.

1867 MONONGAHELA RIVER 1867

PITTSBURGH,

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA

MAIL LINE.,

PACKET COMPANY,

Will run four elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets

ELISHA BENNETT..........M. A. COX,
FAYETTE..........CAPT. P. DONALDSON,
GALLATIN..........CAPT. A. S. CARLISLE,
FRANKLIN..........CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK,
TELEGRAPH..........CAPT. D. BOUGHER,

To all Points on the Monongahela River, Leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.

No Commission on Eastern Freights.

J. L. MOORHOUSE,

AGENT, PITTSBURGH.

LEVI COLVIN, Brownsville.

TO ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

PEOPLE'S LINE.

1867. 1867.

The new and elegant side wheel Passenger Packets

CHIEFTAIN.....CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON,
ELECTOR.......CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS,

LEAVE PITTSBURGH DAILY AT 8 P. M.

Wharfboat foot of Grant street.

No Commission on Eastern Freight.

WM. G. BANE, AGENT.

St. Louis Advertisement.

1867. 1867.

NORTHERN LINE

FROM

ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL.

One of these elegant Steamers leaves St. Louis daily for St. Paul and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi River. Through receipts for freight and Passengers given by Pittsburgh Line Boats, connecting with Northern Line at St. Louis, thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates.

J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY.

TO OWNERS OF

TOWBOATS AND BARGES.

The undersigned are desirous to contract with some responsible party for towing and transportation of 500,000 bushels or more of Coal, from their Wharf at Raymond City, Great Kanawha, to Cincinnati. Address or apply to THOS. VERNER,

Sup't The Averill Coal and Oil Co.,
Raymond City, Putnam co., W. V.

FOR SALE.

THE STEAMBOAT PETROLIA.

Length, 135 feet; Beam, 25 feet; depth of Hold, 3 feet; 2 Boilers, 24 feet long, 36 inches Diameter; 2 Engines, 12 inch Cylinders, 4 feet stroke.

STEAMBOAT NATRONA.

Length 120 feet; Beam, 24 feet; depth of Hold, 4½; 2 Boilers, 24 feet long, 38 inches diameter; 2 Engines, 12 inch Cylinders, 4 feet stroke.

Both of the above boats have full length cabins, and are in good running order. For further information, inquire of

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
Pres't. of Allegheny V. R. R., Pittsburgh, Pa., or
JAMES GORDON,

At the People's Insurance Co., corner Wood and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

[St. Louis Democrat and Cincinnati Commercial copy 12 times and send bill to this office.]

R. HUTCHINSON'S COAL WORKS.—TO STEAMBOATMEN. These works are situated one and a half miles below Bellaire. Messrs. ROBERT HUTCHINSON & CO. are prepared to FURNISH STEAMBOATS WITH LUMP COAL of the best quality at 5 cents per bushel, and nut at the lowest price. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited.

TO STEAMBOATMEN.

WE ARE FURNISHING LUMP COAL,

Of the best quality to Steamboats, at 5 cents per bushel, at the BELMONT COAL WORKS, ¾ mile below Bellair, Ohio.

HEATHERINGTON & BROS.

Belmont Coal Works, Ohio, May 27, 1867.

AUCTION SALES.

ELEGANT MANSION & GROUNDS

AND

FINE SUBURBAN SITES,

IN LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 8th.

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK,

Will be sold on Second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, that magnificent suburban seat in Liberty township, on Pennsylvania avenue, occupied by Edward Rahm, Esq., comprising 13 Acres and 20 Perches, under best ornamental cultivation, with fine avenue leading from the public road; the grounds improved with beautifully laid out walks, a delightful grove of forest trees, and well supplied with never failing springs of pure water. The Mansion is very commodious, and of elegant modern style, wide halls and grand stairway, rooms and halls finished in most superb manner, with heavy stucco cornices, marble mantels, &c., warmed also by heating furnace, gas and hot and cold water throughout. This model mansion is finished all through in the most superior manner, comprising every elegance, comfort and convenience, and all in the best order. Its tower commands an extensive and magnificent view of the East Liberty valley. The supply of water comes from an enclosed, stone-built reservoir for the springs, conveying it to the upper story. The outbuildings are of a tasteful and complete character, all substantially built of brick and stone, embracing a very commodious and well finished barn, stable and tenant house in one; wash house, drying house, and coal house in one; green house, grapery, fruit house, ice and cooling house, chicken and lumber house, &c. The completeness and elegance of all these improvements are equal to any in the country.

Also, 6 acres 39 perches, sub-divided from rear of the homestead, and fronting on Squirrel Hill Road, a short distance from Pennsylvania avenue, with the orchard of every variety of the choicest fruits, a large and excellent vineyard, kitchen garden, &c.

Also, 8 acres 118 perches in rear of above, and fronting on Squirrel Hill Road, with excellent spring of water.

Those wishing are invited to view the premises. The plan can be seen at the auction rooms.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash; balance in three equal annual payments, with interest,

A. McILWAINE, Auct.

LOTS, LOTS, LOTS, LOTS.

FOR SALE.

A number of VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS, beautifully situated on the rising ground west of Uniondale Cemetery, varying in size from 24 x 108, 24 x 132 to one Acre; one large Frame Dwelling, of 14 rooms, and out-buildings; nearly all the grounds planted with bearing Fruit Trees, of choice kinds; large Grape arbor, hot house, plants, shrubbery, &c. Good well of water for the use of the present dwelling, stable and small tenant house on one of the sections. These Lots are rarely offered for sale in the suburbs of our city, being only five minutes' walk from the Outer Depot, Allegheny, commanding a view of our two cities, the Ohio and Allegheny rivers, and the soil cannot be surpassed. Terms easy. Apply at

JOHN STERRITT'S Real Estate Agency Office, No. 70, in the Diamond, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

The elegant and substantial THREE-STORY DWELLING AND LOT, 40 by 80 feet, corner of Second street and Cherry alley; House has twelve rooms and private office. Also, Stable, with room for carriage and horses. Will be sold low.

ALSO—A well improved and highly cultivated FARM of 342 Acres, situated in the beautiful valley of the Loyalhannah, within twenty minutes' drive of Latrobe, Westmoreland county, Pa. For sale cheap. Apply to

JOHN TORRENCE,

Stock Broker and Real Estate Agent,

eod No. 103 Fourth street.

MISSOURI LANDS.

15,000 ACRES CHOICE FARMING AND TIMBER LANDS,

For sale cheap for cash, or will exchange for unencumbered Real Estate or saleable merchandise. WM. HICKOK, JR., 30 Broad street, Room 66, New York city. 2w

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN LIBERTY TOWNSHIP, consisting of four eligible Lots, viz: One of eleven acres and ninety-four perches; one of three acres and twenty-three perches; one of five acres, and one of seven acres, and twenty-eight perches and ninety-eight hundredths; twenty minutes walk to P. R. R. Stations at Shady sides or East Liberty. Fine land for cultivation and improvement. Fruit and Shade Trees. Terms liberal. Apply to NORRIS McCOMB, No. 100 Second street.

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A Good Oil Refinery,

CAPACITY, 125 BARRELS REFINED OIL PER WEEK.

GOOD TANKAGE, STEAM PUMP, &c.,

All in complete running order, ready to start. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of

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tf Office of "Superior Lubric Oil Works."

STOCK SALES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS—TUESDAY EVENING, October 8th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by order of Wm. Phillips, Administrator of C. W. Ricketson, deceased:

$2,800 New Castle and Beaver Valley Railroad Co. Bonds.
5 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
91 shares Allegheny National Bank;
150 shares Pittsburgh Fruit House Association;
2 shares Monongahela Turnpike Co;
2 shares Allegheny Mountain Health Institute;
2,950 shares Tar, Story and Cherry Run Oil Co;
800 shares Cherry Run & Blood Farm Oil Co;
1 original $500 share Stella Oil Co;
15,700 shares Ritchie Oil Co., of Pittsburgh;
6,000 shares Cherry Run & Pithole Petroleum Co;
1,250 shares Banner Petroleum Co;
1,000 shares Shirk Island Oil Co;
250 shares Eldorado Oil Co;
450 shares Phillips Oil Co;
500 shares National Oil Co;
200 shares Fayette Oil Co.

A. McILWAINE, Auct.

PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH, BANK, RAILROAD AND INSURANCE STOCKS.—Will be added to former list of Stocks and Bonds to be sold TUESDAY EVENING, October 8th, at 7½ o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Salesrooms, No. 106 Smithfield street:

40 shares Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Co;
10 shares Allegheny National Bank;
50 shares Connellsville Railroad;
10 shares Boatmen's Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

A. McILWAINE, Auct.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me in business FRANCIS G. BAILEY, JR. JOHN D. BAILEY.

July 1st, 1867.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

Stock and Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers,

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms. Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale. Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office 102 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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d* (Board of Trade Rooms) Pittsburgh, Pa.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the MARSHAL'S OFFICE, in WILLIAMSPORT, Lycoming county, Pa., on TUESDAY, the 24th day of September, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to-wit:

One portable Steam Engine, one Alcohol Still, sixteen Rectifying Barrels, two Stationary Tubs, five Empty Barrels, three Barrels of Whisky, in Rectifying Tubs, and all and singular the Apparatus, Vessels, Tools, Implements and Machinery, appertaining to said Rectifying Establishment, which are used in operating the same. Seized and condemned as the property of BARBER & HENDERSON, at the suit of the United States. Terms cash.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

U. S. Marshal Western District Penna.

Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Sept. 11, 1867. eod

ROCK SAND

FOR

Glass and Brick.

ANALYSIS BY OTTO WUTH, CHEMIST:

Silicic Acid	99.72
Alumina	.04
Lime	.11
Magnesia	.06
Peroxyde of Iron	trace.
Loss	.03
	100.00

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Opposite rear of Monongahela House,

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COX'S GELATINE.

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Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada, on the most favorable terms. United States Securities bought and sold. Correspondence solicited.

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